

Converting Colors

RGB(168, 207, 195)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(168, 207, 195) contains.

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Color

RGB(168, 207, 195)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8CFC3
RGB	168, 207, 195
RGB Percent	66%, 81%, 76%
CMY	0.3412, 0.1882, 0.2353
CMYK	0.19, 0.00, 0.06, 0.19
HSL	162°, 29%, 74%
HSV	162°, 19%, 81%
XYZ	48.3116, 56.8906, 60.0645
YIQ	193.9710, -19.3920, -12.0000

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

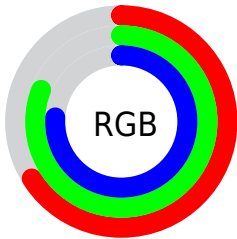
Format	Color
RYB	168, 191, 207
Decimal	11063235
CIELab	80.12, -15.27, 1.69
CIElCh	80, 15.364, 173.671
Yxy	56.8906, 0.2923, 0.3442
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289253315 (0xFFA8CFC3)
YUV	193.9710, 0.5073, -22.7766
Hunter-Lab	75.4259, -17.6629, 5.5832

Details

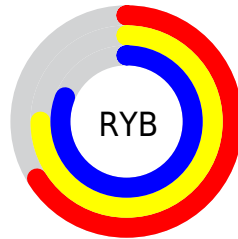
The RGB color **168, 207, 195** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **207, 168, 180**, and the grayscale version is **194, 194, 194**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **224, 255, 252**, and **115, 153, 141** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147, 207, 189**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189, 207, 201**.

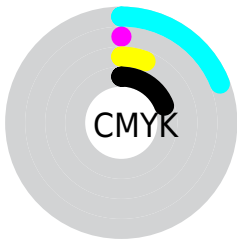
Distribution



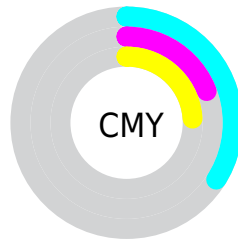
- Red (66%)
- Green (81%)
- Blue (76%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (75%)
- Blue (81%)



- Cyan (19%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (6%)
- Black (19%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (19%)
- Yellow (24%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 168, 207, 195 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 168, 207, 195 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 168, 207, 195

255, 255, 255


 224, 255, 252

 252, 255, 255


 168, 207, 195

 141, 179, 168

 115, 153, 141

 90, 127, 116

 66, 101, 91

 43, 77, 68

 19, 54, 46

 0, 33, 25

 0, 1, 0

 0, 0, 0

 168, 207, 195

 168, 207, 195

 147, 207, 189

 189, 207, 201

 127, 207, 182

 209, 207, 208

 106, 207, 176

 230, 207, 214

 85, 207, 170

 251, 207, 220

 64, 207, 163

 255, 207, 227

 44, 207, 157

 255, 207, 233

 23, 207, 150

 255, 207, 240

 2, 207, 144

 255, 207, 246

 0, 207, 143

 255, 207, 252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



181, 205, 181



168, 207, 195



162, 207, 210

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168, 207, 195



198, 196, 225



225, 192, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168, 207, 195



207, 168, 180

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



229, 189, 188



168, 207, 195



215, 192, 216

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168, 207, 195



180, 201, 227



226, 189, 202



213, 197, 170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168, 207, 195



163, 206, 218



226, 189, 202



227, 191, 179

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



168, 207, 195



240, 255, 250



180, 207, 168



119, 128, 125



0, 0, 0



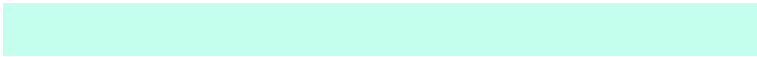
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168, 207, 195



196, 255, 237



168, 200, 207



94, 105, 101



0, 168, 117



0, 41, 28

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



207, 168, 180



255, 196, 214



207, 175, 168



105, 94, 97



168, 0, 52



41, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 168, 207, 195 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

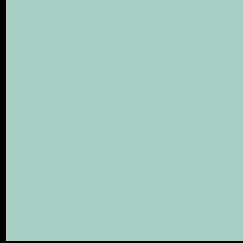
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 168, 207, 195 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

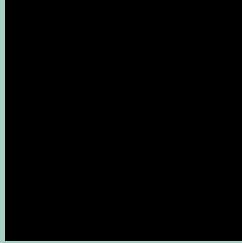
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

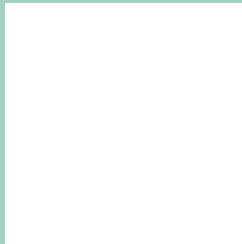
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 168, 207, 195 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 168, 207, 195.

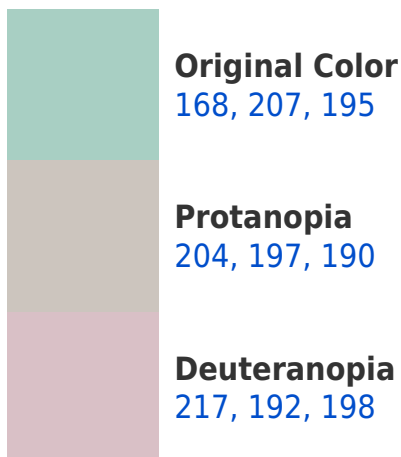


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 168, 207, 195.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

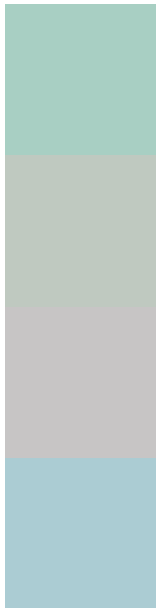
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
173, 203, 220

Trichromacy



Original Color
168, 207, 195

Protanomaly
191, 201, 192

Deuteranomaly
199, 197, 197

Tritanomaly
171, 204, 211

Monochromacy



Original Color
168, 207, 195

Achromatopsia
194, 194, 194

Achromatomaly
185, 199, 194

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 168, 207, 195 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 207, 195)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 207, 195)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 207, 195) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 207, 195) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 168, 207, 195 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 207, 195) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 207, 195) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(168, 207, 195)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 207, 195); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 207, 195);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 207,  
195) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 168, 207, 195 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 207, 195) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
207, 195) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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