

Converting Colors

RGB(168, 247, 135)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(168, 247, 135) contains.

RGB(168, 247, 135)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(168, 247, 135)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A8F787
RGB	168, 247, 135
RGB Percent	66%, 97%, 53%
CMY	0.3412, 0.0314, 0.4706
CMYK	0.32, 0.00, 0.45, 0.03
HSL	102°, 88%, 75%
HSV	102°, 45%, 97%
XYZ	53.7824, 76.5956, 34.8715
YIQ	210.6110, -11.1320, -51.5800

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

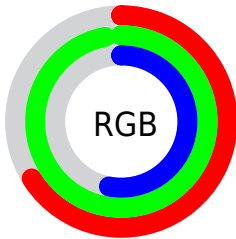
Format	Color
RYB	135, 247, 214
Decimal	11073415
CIELab	90.14, -43.92, 46.16
CIElCh	90, 63.713, 133.578
Yxy	76.5956, 0.3255, 0.4635
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289263495 (0xFFA8F787)
YUV	210.6110, -37.2762, -37.3698
Hunter-Lab	87.5189, -43.4658, 37.6394

Details

The RGB color **168, 247, 135** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FF99**. A complement of this color would be **214, 135, 247**, and the grayscale version is **211, 211, 211**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 255, 190**, and **112, 190, 83** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151, 247, 110**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **185, 247, 160**.

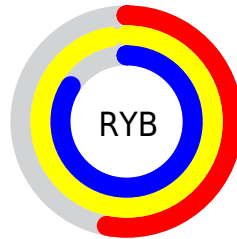
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (97%)

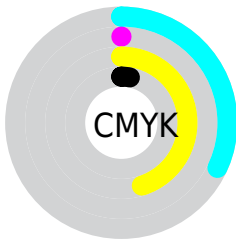
Blue (53%)



Red (53%)

Yellow (97%)

Blue (84%)

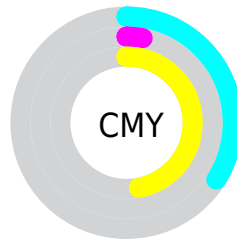


Cyan (32%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (45%)

Black (3%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (47%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 168, 247, 135 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 168, 247, 135 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 168, 247, 135

255, 255, 255

 226, 255, 190


 255, 255, 218

 255, 255, 247

 168, 247, 135

 140, 218, 109

 112, 190, 83

 84, 163, 57

 56, 136, 30

 23, 110, 0

 0, 85, 0


 0, 61, 0

 0, 40, 0


 0, 1, 0

 168, 247, 135

 168, 247, 135

 151, 247, 110

 185, 247, 160

 133, 247, 86


 203, 247, 184

 116, 247, 61

 220, 247, 209

 98, 247, 36

 238, 247, 234

 81, 247, 12

 255, 247, 255

 73, 247, 0

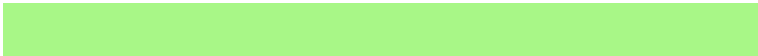
Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



236, 232, 103



168, 247, 135



65, 255, 190

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



168, 247, 135



0, 243, 255



255, 175, 201

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



168, 247, 135



214, 135, 247

Split Complementary

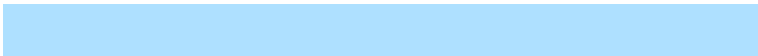
Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 180, 255



168, 247, 135



174, 224, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



168, 247, 135



0, 254, 255



255, 200, 255



255, 189, 145

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



168, 247, 135



0, 255, 232



255, 200, 255



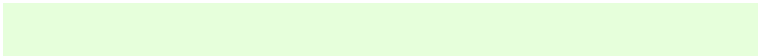
255, 175, 222

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



168, 247, 135



230, 255, 219



247, 213, 135



112, 128, 106



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



168, 247, 135



158, 255, 117



135, 247, 157



114, 122, 110



55, 186, 0



17, 59, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



214, 135, 247



214, 117, 255



247, 135, 225



119, 110, 122



131, 0, 186



41, 0, 59

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 168, 247, 135 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

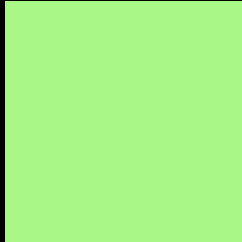
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 168, 247, 135 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

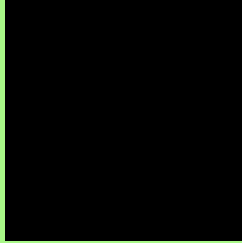
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 168, 247, 135 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 168, 247, 135.

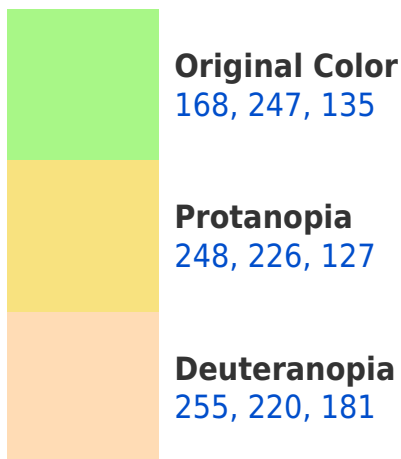


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 168, 247, 135.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

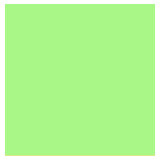
Dichromacy





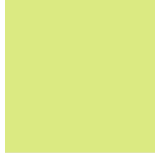
Tritanopia
187, 234, 252

Trichromacy



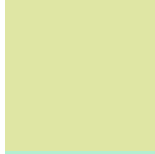
Original Color

168, 247, 135



Protanomaly

219, 234, 130



Deuteranomaly

223, 230, 164



Tritanomaly

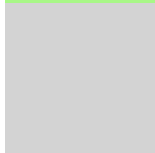
180, 239, 209

Monochromacy



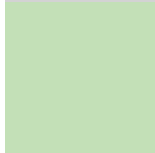
Original Color

168, 247, 135



Achromatopsia

211, 211, 211



Achromatomaly

195, 224, 183

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 168, 247, 135 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(168, 247, 135)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(168, 247, 135)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 247, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(168, 247, 135) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 168, 247, 135 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(168, 247, 135) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(168, 247, 135) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(168, 247, 135) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(168, 247, 135); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 247, 135);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(168, 247,  
135) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 168, 247, 135 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(168, 247, 135) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(168,  
247, 135) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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