

Converting Colors

RGB(169, 10, 107)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(169, 10, 107) contains.

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Color

RGB(169, 10, 107)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A90A6B
RGB	169, 10, 107
RGB Percent	66%, 4%, 42%
CMY	0.3373, 0.9608, 0.5804
CMYK	0.00, 0.94, 0.37, 0.34
HSL	323°, 89%, 35%
HSV	323°, 94%, 66%
XYZ	19.1246, 9.7136, 14.7769
YIQ	68.5990, 63.6270, 63.8750

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

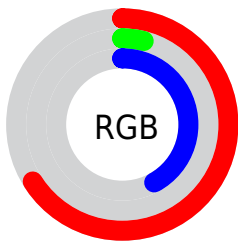
Format	Color
R_{YB}	169, 10, 107
Decimal	11078251
CIE _{Lab}	37.32, 63.15, -10.84
CIE _{LCh}	37, 64.072, 350.258
Yxy	9.7136, 0.4385, 0.2227
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289268331 (0xFFA90A6B)
YUV	68.5990, 18.9317, 88.0517
Hunter-Lab	31.1667, 54.9897, -6.2941

Details

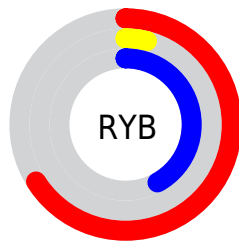
The RGB color **169, 10, 107** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **10, 169, 72**, and the grayscale version is **68, 68, 68**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 83, 158**, and **111, 0, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169, 0, 103**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 27, 114**.

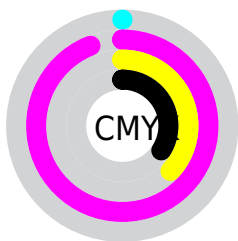
Distribution



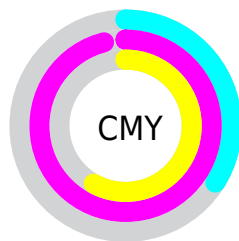
- Red (66%)
- Green (4%)
- Blue (42%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Blue (42%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (94%)
- Yellow (37%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (96%)
- Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 169, 10, 107 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 169, 10, 107 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 169, 10, 107

 169, 10, 107

255, 255, 255

 140, 0, 83

 229, 83, 158

 111, 0, 60

 255, 112, 185

 83, 0, 38

 255, 140, 213

 57, 0, 16


 255, 169, 241

 19, 0, 0

 255, 198, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 227, 255


 169, 10, 107


 169, 10, 107

 169, 0, 103

 169, 27, 114


 169, 44, 120

 169, 61, 127

 169, 78, 133

 169, 94, 140

 169, 111, 147

 169, 128, 153

 169, 145, 160

 169, 162, 166

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



131, 53, 155



169, 10, 107



175, 14, 56

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 10, 107



75, 96, 0



0, 107, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 10, 107



10, 169, 72

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 110, 122



169, 10, 107



0, 104, 6

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 10, 107



122, 80, 0



0, 108, 69



0, 99, 191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 10, 107



165, 42, 22



0, 108, 69



0, 109, 154

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 10, 107



219, 158, 195



71, 10, 169



110, 72, 95



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 10, 107



219, 0, 134



169, 10, 29



84, 76, 81



148, 0, 90



20, 0, 12

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 10, 107



219, 0, 134



10, 169, 150



84, 76, 81



148, 0, 90



20, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 10, 107 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

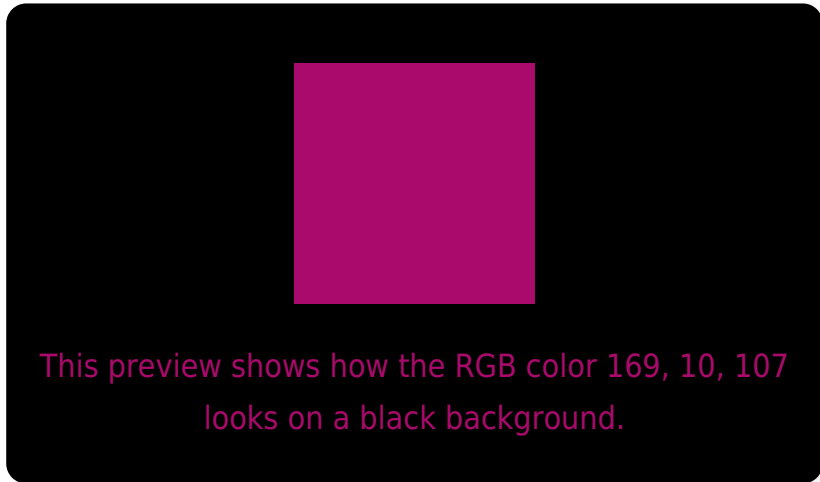
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 169, 10, 107 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 10, 107.

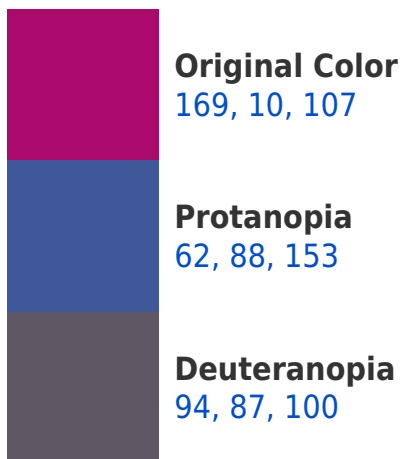


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 10, 107.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

165, 43, 45

Trichromacy



Original Color
169, 10, 107

Protanomaly
101, 60, 136

Deuteranomaly
121, 59, 103

Tritanomaly
166, 31, 68

Monochromacy



Original Color
169, 10, 107

Achromatopsia
69, 69, 69

Achromatomaly
105, 48, 83

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 169, 10, 107 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 10, 107)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 10, 107)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 10, 107) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 10, 107) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 169, 10, 107 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 10, 107) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 10, 107) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 10, 107)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 10, 107); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 10, 107);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 10,  
107) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 169, 10, 107 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 10, 107) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169, 10,  
107) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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