

# Converting Colors

RGB(169, 133, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(169, 133, 154) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(169, 133, 154)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	A9859A
RGB	169, 133, 154
RGB Percent	66%, 52%, 60%
CMY	0.3373, 0.4784, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.21, 0.09, 0.34
HSL	325°, 17%, 59%
HSV	325°, 21%, 66%
XYZ	30.5824, 27.5432, 34.2763
YIQ	146.1580, 14.7150, 14.1630

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

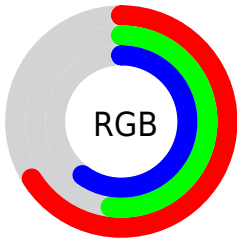
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	169, 133, 154
Decimal	11109786
CIELab	59.47, 17.30, -5.93
CIELCh	59, 18.290, 341.096
Yxy	27.5432, 0.3310, 0.2981
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289299866 (0xFFA9859A)
YUV	146.1580, 3.8661, 20.0324
Hunter-Lab	52.4816, 12.1740, -1.9859

# Details

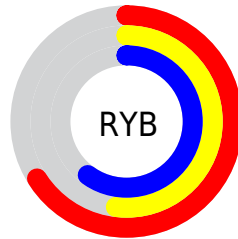
The RGB color **169, 133, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **133, 169, 148**, and the grayscale version is **146, 146, 146**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225, 186, 208**, and **116, 83, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169, 116, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 150, 161**.

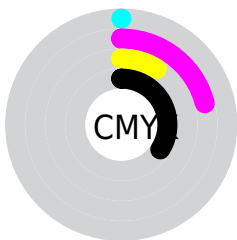
# Distribution



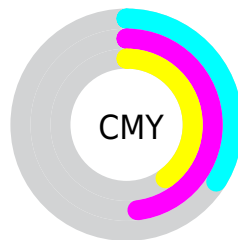
- Red (66%)
- Green (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (52%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (21%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (34%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (40%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 169, 133, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 169, 133, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 169, 133, 154

255, 255, 255

 225, 186, 208

 253, 214, 237


 255, 243, 255


 169, 133, 154

 142, 108, 128

 116, 83, 103

 92, 60, 79

 68, 38, 56

 45, 17, 35

 26, 0, 13

 0, 0, 0

 169, 133, 154

 169, 116, 147

 169, 133, 154

 169, 150, 161

169, 99, 140

169, 167, 168

169, 82, 133

169, 184, 175

169, 65, 126

169, 201, 182

169, 48, 119

169, 217, 189

169, 32, 112

169, 234, 196

169, 15, 105

169, 251, 203

169, 0, 99

169, 255, 210

169, 255, 217

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 137, 167



169, 133, 154



176, 132, 138

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 133, 154



149, 144, 112



100, 151, 164

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 133, 154



133, 169, 148

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



101, 152, 149



169, 133, 154



131, 149, 119

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 133, 154



165, 139, 113



113, 152, 132



112, 148, 173

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 133, 154



176, 133, 127



113, 152, 132



99, 152, 159



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 133, 154



219, 206, 214



148, 133, 169



110, 102, 106



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 133, 154



219, 162, 196



169, 133, 136



84, 76, 81



148, 0, 86



20, 0, 12



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



169, 133, 154



219, 162, 196



133, 169, 166



84, 76, 81



148, 0, 86



20, 0, 12



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 133, 154 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

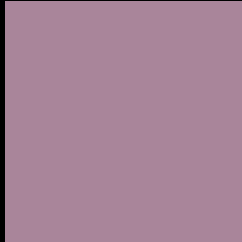
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 133, 154 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

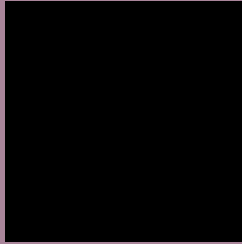
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 169, 133, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 133, 154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 133, 154.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
169, 133, 154

**Protanopia**  
141, 142, 160

**Deuteranopia**  
153, 139, 153



**Tritanopia**  
168, 135, 145

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
169, 133, 154

**Protanomaly**  
151, 139, 158

**Deuteranomaly**  
159, 137, 153

**Tritanomaly**  
168, 134, 148

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
169, 133, 154

**Achromatopsia**  
146, 146, 146

**Achromatomaly**  
154, 141, 149

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 169, 133, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(169, 133, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 133, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 133, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 133, 154) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 169, 133, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 133, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 133, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 133, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 133, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 133, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 133,  
154) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 169, 133, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 133, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
133, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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