

Converting Colors

RGB(169, 164, 154)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(169, 164, 154) contains.

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Color

RGB(169, 164, 154)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9A49A
RGB	169, 164, 154
RGB Percent	66%, 64%, 60%
CMY	0.3373, 0.3569, 0.3961
CMYK	0.00, 0.03, 0.09, 0.34
HSL	40°, 8%, 63%
HSV	40°, 9%, 66%
XYZ	35.4704, 37.3190, 35.9057
YIQ	164.3550, 6.1900, -2.0500

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

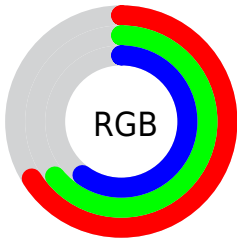
Format	Color
RYB	162, 169, 154
Decimal	11117722
CIELab	67.52, -0.00, 5.82
CIELCh	68, 5.817, 90.008
Yxy	37.3190, 0.3263, 0.3433
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289307802 (0xFFA9A49A)
YUV	164.3550, -5.1050, 4.0737
Hunter-Lab	61.0893, -3.2635, 7.9144

Details

The RGB color **169, 164, 154** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **154, 159, 169**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **224, 219, 208**, and **117, 112, 103** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **169, 158, 137**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **169, 170, 171**.

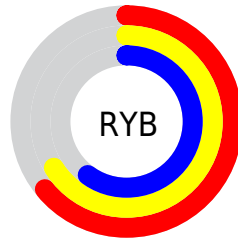
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (64%)

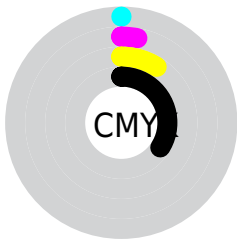
Blue (60%)



Red (64%)

Yellow (66%)

Blue (60%)

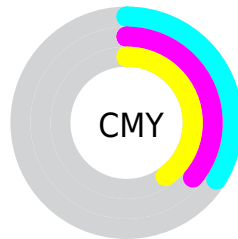


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (9%)

Black (34%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 169, 164, 154 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 169, 164, 154 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 169, 164, 154

255, 255, 255

 224, 219, 208

 253, 247, 237

 169, 164, 154

 143, 138, 128

 117, 112, 103

 92, 88, 79

 69, 65, 56

 46, 43, 35

 26, 22, 13

 0, 0, 0

 169, 164, 154

 169, 158, 137

 169, 164, 154


 169, 170, 171

 169, 153, 120

 169, 175, 188


 169, 147, 103


 169, 181, 205

 169, 141, 86


 169, 187, 222

 169, 136, 69


 169, 192, 238

 169, 130, 53

 169, 198, 255

 169, 125, 36

 169, 203, 255

 169, 119, 19

 169, 209, 255

 169, 113, 2

 169, 215, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



174, 162, 155



169, 164, 154



163, 166, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 164, 154



152, 167, 169



171, 162, 170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 164, 154



154, 159, 169

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166, 163, 173



169, 164, 154



154, 166, 173

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 164, 154



153, 168, 164



159, 165, 175



175, 161, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 164, 154



159, 167, 158



159, 165, 175



170, 162, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 164, 154



219, 217, 213



169, 154, 159



110, 108, 105



237, 237, 237



110, 110, 110

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 164, 154



219, 211, 195



166, 169, 154



84, 81, 76



148, 99, 0



20, 14, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



154, 159, 169



195, 203, 219



156, 154, 169



76, 79, 84



0, 49, 148



0, 7, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 164, 154 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

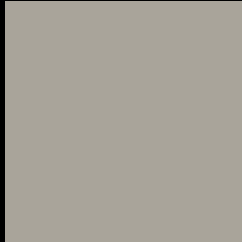
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 164, 154 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

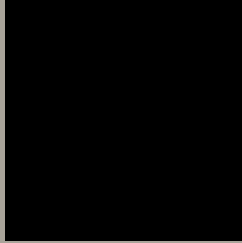
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

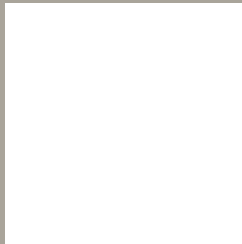
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 169, 164, 154 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 164, 154.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 164, 154.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
169, 164, 154

Protanopia
170, 164, 154

Deuteranopia
184, 159, 155



Tritanopia
172, 161, 174

Trichromacy



Original Color

169, 164, 154

Protanomaly

170, 164, 154

Deuteranomaly

179, 161, 155

Tritanomaly

171, 162, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color

169, 164, 154

Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164

Achromatomaly

166, 164, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 169, 164, 154 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(169, 164, 154) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 164, 154)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 164, 154) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 164, 154) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 169, 164, 154 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 164, 154) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 164, 154) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 164, 154)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 164, 154); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 164, 154);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 164,  
154) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 169, 164, 154 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 164, 154) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
164, 154) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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