

Converting Colors

RGB(169, 175, 131)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(169, 175, 131) contains.

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Color

RGB(169, 175, 131)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9AF83
RGB	169, 175, 131
RGB Percent	66%, 69%, 51%
CMY	0.3373, 0.3137, 0.4863
CMYK	0.03, 0.00, 0.25, 0.31
HSL	68°, 22%, 60%
HSV	68°, 25%, 69%
XYZ	35.7889, 40.7337, 27.4488
YIQ	168.1900, 10.5480, -14.9560

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

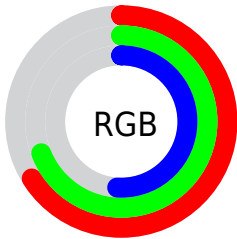
Format	Color
RYB	131, 175, 137
Decimal	11120515
CIELab	69.99, -9.59, 21.91
CIELCh	70, 23.919, 113.629
Yxy	40.7337, 0.3442, 0.3918
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289310595 (0xFFA9AF83)
YUV	168.1900, -18.3347, 0.7104
Hunter-Lab	63.8229, -11.5957, 19.1767

Details

The RGB color **169, 175, 131** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **137, 131, 175**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225, 230, 184**, and **116, 123, 81** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **167, 175, 113**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 175, 148**.

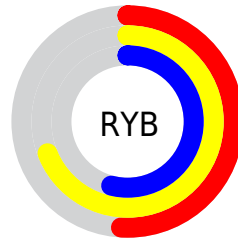
Distribution



Red (66%)

Green (69%)

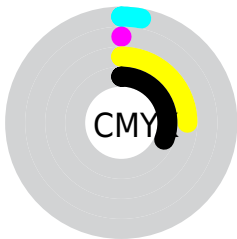
Blue (51%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (54%)

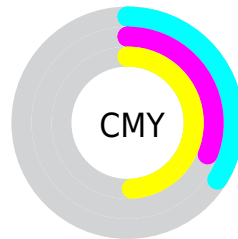


Cyan (3%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (25%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (34%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 169, 175, 131 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 169, 175, 131 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 169, 175, 131


255, 255, 255

 225, 230, 184


 253, 255, 212

 255, 255, 240

 169, 175, 131

 142, 148, 106

 116, 123, 81

 91, 98, 58

 67, 74, 36

 44, 51, 14


 24, 30, 0

 0, 0, 0

 169, 175, 131

 167, 175, 113


 169, 175, 131

 171, 175, 148

 164, 175, 96

 174, 175, 166


 162, 175, 78


 176, 175, 184


 159, 175, 61

 179, 175, 201


 157, 175, 43

 181, 175, 219

 155, 175, 26


 183, 175, 236

 152, 175, 8

 186, 175, 253

 151, 175, 0

 188, 175, 255

 190, 175, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



192, 168, 128



169, 175, 131



144, 180, 145

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 175, 131



115, 180, 205



211, 156, 177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 175, 131



137, 131, 175

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



195, 160, 197



169, 175, 131



139, 174, 214

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 175, 131



109, 183, 188



168, 167, 211



216, 156, 155

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 175, 131



128, 182, 158



168, 167, 211



207, 157, 184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 175, 131



224, 227, 209



175, 137, 131



113, 115, 103



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 175, 131



218, 227, 159



147, 175, 131



86, 87, 78



130, 150, 0



20, 23, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137, 131, 175



168, 159, 227



159, 131, 175



79, 78, 87



21, 0, 150



3, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 175, 131 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

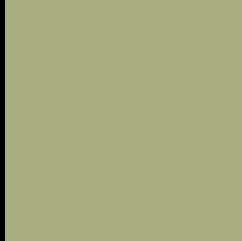
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 175, 131 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

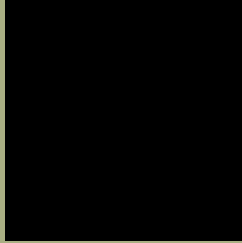
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

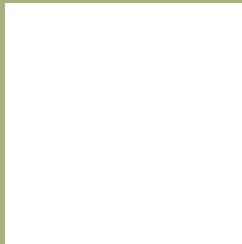
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 169, 175, 131 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 175, 131.




This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 175, 131.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

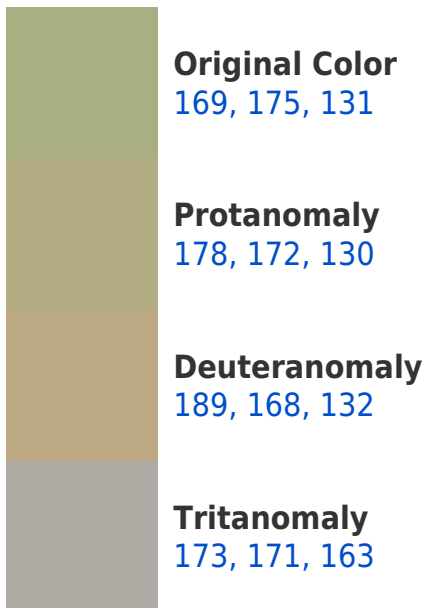
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
176, 168, 182

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 169, 175, 131 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 175, 131)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 175, 131)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 175, 131) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 175, 131) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 169, 175, 131 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 175, 131) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 175, 131) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 175, 131)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(169, 175, 131); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 175, 131);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 175,  
131) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 169, 175, 131 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 175, 131) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
175, 131) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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