

# Converting Colors

RGB(169, 243, 201)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(169, 243, 201) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(169, 243, 201)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	A9F3C9
RGB	169, 243, 201
RGB Percent	66%, 95%, 79%
CMY	0.3373, 0.0471, 0.2118
CMYK	0.30, 0.00, 0.17, 0.05
HSL	146°, 76%, 81%
HSV	146°, 30%, 95%
XYZ	58.9554, 76.7532, 66.9659
YIQ	216.0860, -30.6220, -28.7500

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

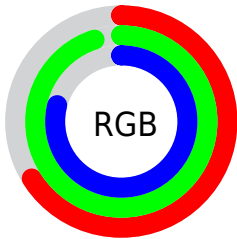
Format	Color
<b>RYB</b>	169, 221, 243
Decimal	11137993
CIELab	90.21, -31.38, 13.03
CIELCh	90, 33.978, 157.443
Yxy	76.7532, 0.2909, 0.3787
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289328073 (0xFFA9F3C9)
YUV	216.0860, -7.4374, -41.2944
Hunter-Lab	87.6089, -33.1962, 16.0066

# Details

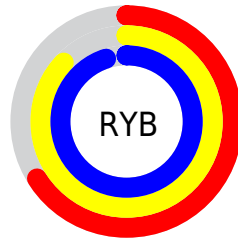
The RGB color **169, 243, 201** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFCC**. A complement of this color would be **243, 169, 211**, and the grayscale version is **216, 216, 216**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 255, 255**, and **115, 186, 147** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **145, 243, 187**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 243, 215**.

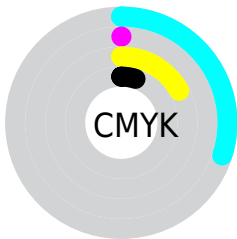
# Distribution



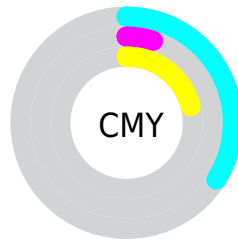
- Red (66%)
- Green (95%)
- Blue (79%)



- Red (66%)
- Yellow (87%)
- Blue (95%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (17%)
- Black (5%)



- Cyan (34%)
- Magenta (5%)
- Yellow (21%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 169, 243, 201 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 169, 243, 201 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 169, 243, 201

255, 255, 255


 226, 255, 255


255, 255, 255


 169, 243, 201

 142, 214, 174

 115, 186, 147

 88, 159, 121

 62, 133, 96

 34, 107, 72

 0, 82, 50

 0, 59, 29

 0, 37, 4

 0, 1, 0

 169, 243, 201

 169, 243, 201

 145, 243, 187

 193, 243, 215

 120, 243, 173

 218, 243, 229

 96, 243, 160

 242, 243, 242

 72, 243, 146

 255, 243, 255

 48, 243, 132

 23, 243, 118

 0, 243, 105

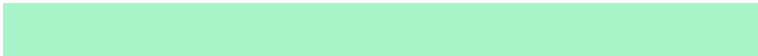
# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206, 237, 175



169, 243, 201



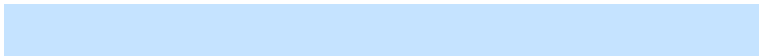
138, 245, 234

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



169, 243, 201



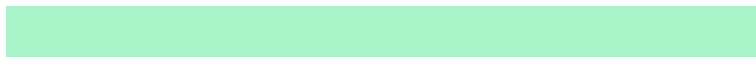
197, 227, 255



255, 207, 189

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



169, 243, 201



243, 169, 211

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 203, 220



169, 243, 201



242, 216, 255

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



169, 243, 201



153, 237, 255



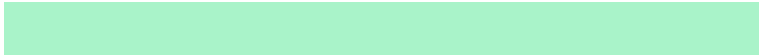
255, 206, 253



255, 217, 168

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



169, 243, 201



128, 244, 255



255, 206, 253



255, 205, 199



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



169, 243, 201



232, 255, 242



212, 243, 169



113, 128, 120



0, 0, 0

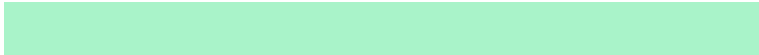


128, 128, 128

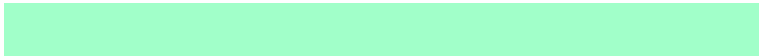


# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



169, 243, 201



161, 255, 201



169, 243, 237



110, 122, 115



0, 186, 80



0, 59, 25



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



243, 169, 211



255, 161, 214



243, 169, 175



122, 110, 117



186, 0, 106

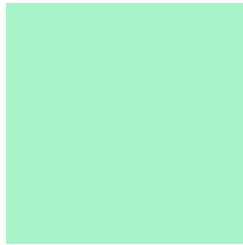


59, 0, 33



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 243, 201 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

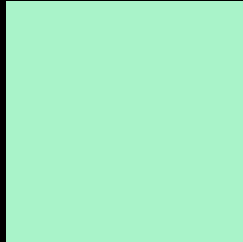
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 169, 243, 201 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

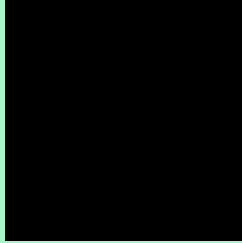
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

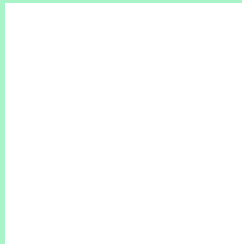
If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 169, 243, 201 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 243, 201.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 169, 243, 201.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





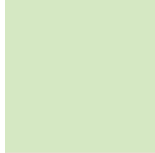
**Tritanopia**  
180, 236, 254

# Trichromacy



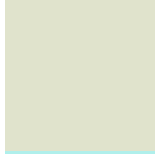
**Original Color**

169, 243, 201



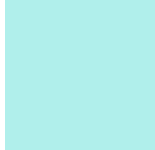
**Protanomaly**

213, 232, 195



**Deuteranomaly**

224, 227, 204



**Tritanomaly**

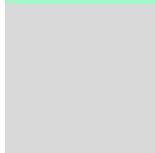
176, 239, 235

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

169, 243, 201



**Achromatopsia**

216, 216, 216



**Achromatomaly**

199, 226, 211

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 169, 243, 201 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(169, 243, 201)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(169, 243, 201)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(169, 243, 201) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(169, 243, 201) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 169, 243, 201 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(169, 243, 201) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(169, 243, 201) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(169, 243, 201)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 243, 201); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 243, 201); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(169, 243, 201) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 169, 243, 201 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(169, 243, 201) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(169,  
243, 201) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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