

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 143, 119)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 143, 119) contains.

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Color

RGB(170, 143, 119)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA8F77
RGB	170, 143, 119
RGB Percent	67%, 56%, 47%
CMY	0.3333, 0.4392, 0.5333
CMYK	0.00, 0.16, 0.30, 0.33
HSL	28°, 23%, 57%
HSV	28°, 30%, 67%
XYZ	29.7298, 29.5229, 21.5843
YIQ	148.3370, 23.7960, -1.7400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

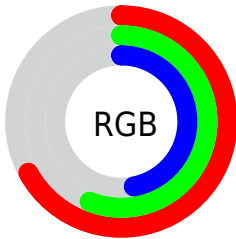
Format	Color
RYB	170, 164, 119
Decimal	11177847
CIELab	61.24, 6.47, 16.56
CIELCh	61, 17.779, 68.642
Yxy	29.5229, 0.3678, 0.3652
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289367927 (0xFFAA8F77)
YUV	148.3370, -14.4631, 18.9985
Hunter-Lab	54.3350, 2.5815, 14.4818

Details

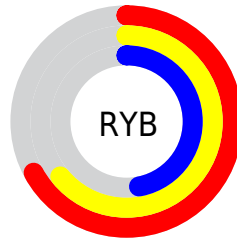
The RGB color **170, 143, 119** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **119, 146, 170**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 197, 171**, and **117, 93, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 134, 102**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 152, 136**.

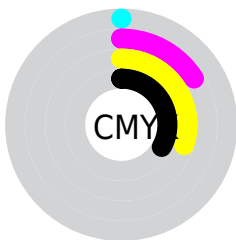
Distribution



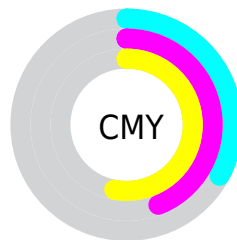
- Red (67%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (47%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (64%)
- Blue (47%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 143, 119 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 143, 119 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 170, 143, 119

255, 255, 255

 226, 197, 171

 255, 225, 199

 255, 253, 227

 170, 143, 119

 143, 117, 94

 117, 93, 70

 92, 69, 48

 67, 47, 27


 45, 26, 1


 20, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 170, 143, 119


 170, 134, 102


 170, 143, 119


 170, 152, 136


 170, 125, 85

 170, 161, 153


 170, 116, 68

 170, 170, 170


 170, 107, 51

 170, 179, 187

 170, 98, 34

 170, 188, 204

 170, 89, 17

 170, 197, 221

 170, 80, 0

 170, 206, 238

 170, 215, 255

 170, 224, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179, 139, 129



170, 143, 119



155, 148, 117

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 143, 119



108, 157, 152



156, 142, 172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 143, 119



119, 146, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136, 148, 179



170, 143, 119



105, 156, 167

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 143, 119



120, 156, 136



116, 153, 177



172, 138, 160

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 143, 119



144, 151, 120



116, 153, 177



150, 144, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 143, 119



222, 211, 202



170, 119, 146



112, 106, 100



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 143, 119



222, 180, 142



170, 168, 119



84, 80, 76



148, 70, 0



20, 10, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



119, 146, 170



142, 184, 222



119, 121, 170



76, 80, 84



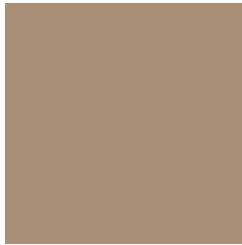
0, 78, 148



0, 11, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 143, 119 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 143, 119 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

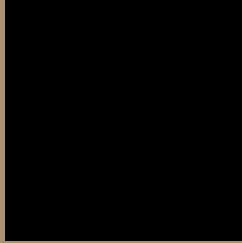
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 143, 119 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 143, 119.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 143, 119.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
170, 143, 119

Protanopia
157, 148, 121

Deuteranopia
172, 142, 119



Tritanopia
173, 139, 149

Trichromacy



Original Color

170, 143, 119

Protanomaly

162, 146, 120

Deuteranomaly

171, 142, 119

Tritanomaly

172, 140, 138

Monochromacy



Original Color

170, 143, 119

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

156, 146, 137

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 143, 119 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 143, 119)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 143, 119)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 143, 119) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 143, 119) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 143, 119 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 143, 119) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 143, 119) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 143, 119)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 143, 119); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 143, 119);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 143,  
119) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 143, 119 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 143, 119) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
143, 119) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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