

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 144, 113)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 144, 113) contains.

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Color

RGB(170, 144, 113)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA9071
RGB	170, 144, 113
RGB Percent	67%, 56%, 44%
CMY	0.3333, 0.4353, 0.5569
CMYK	0.00, 0.15, 0.34, 0.33
HSL	33°, 25%, 55%
HSV	33°, 34%, 67%
XYZ	29.5315, 29.6848, 19.7961
YIQ	148.2400, 25.4470, -4.1290

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

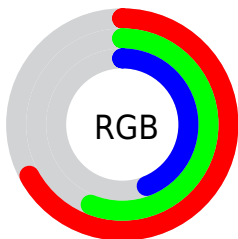
Format	Color
R_{YB}	161, 170, 113
Decimal	11178097
CIE Lab	61.38, 5.11, 20.11
CIE LCh	61, 20.754, 75.744
Yxy	29.6848, 0.3738, 0.3757
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289368177 (0xFFAA9071)
YUV	148.2400, -17.3733, 19.0835
Hunter-Lab	54.4838, 1.4045, 16.5963

Details

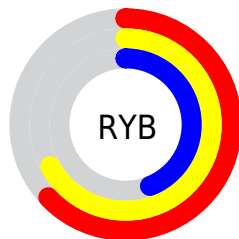
The RGB color **170, 144, 113** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **113, 139, 170**, and the grayscale version is **148, 148, 148**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 198, 165**, and **117, 94, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 136, 96**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 152, 130**.

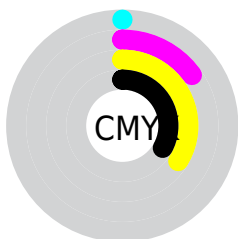
Distribution



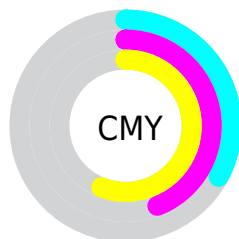
- Red (67%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (63%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (15%)
- Yellow (34%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 144, 113 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 144, 113 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 170, 144, 113


255, 255, 255

 226, 198, 165

 255, 226, 192


 255, 254, 220

 255, 255, 249

 170, 144, 113

 143, 118, 88

 117, 94, 65

 91, 70, 42


 67, 48, 21


 45, 27, 0


 19, 1, 0

 0, 0, 0

 170, 144, 113

 170, 136, 96

 170, 144, 113

 170, 152, 130

■ 170, 128, 79

■ 170, 160, 147

■ 170, 121, 62

■ 170, 167, 164

■ 170, 113, 45

■ 170, 175, 181

■ 170, 105, 28

■ 170, 183, 198

■ 170, 97, 11

■ 170, 191, 215

■ 170, 92, 0

■ 170, 198, 232

■ 170, 206, 249

■ 170, 214, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



182, 138, 123



170, 144, 113



152, 150, 113

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 144, 113



98, 159, 157



163, 140, 174

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 144, 113



113, 139, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139, 147, 183



170, 144, 113



98, 157, 174

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 144, 113



111, 158, 139



115, 153, 183



179, 136, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 144, 113



138, 154, 118



115, 153, 183



156, 142, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 144, 113



222, 212, 200



170, 113, 140



112, 106, 99



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 144, 113



222, 181, 133



168, 170, 113



84, 80, 76



148, 80, 0



20, 11, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



113, 139, 170



133, 174, 222



115, 113, 170



76, 80, 84



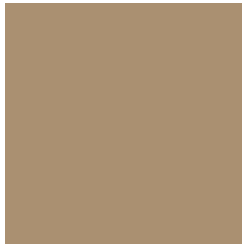
0, 67, 148



0, 9, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 144, 113 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

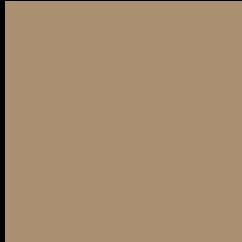
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 144, 113 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

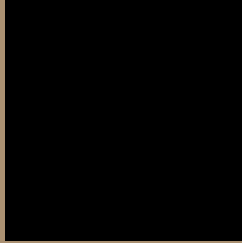
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 144, 113 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 144, 113.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 144, 113.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


170, 144, 113

Protanopia

158, 148, 115

Deuteranopia

174, 142, 113



Tritanopia
174, 139, 150

Trichromacy



Original Color

170, 144, 113

Protanomaly

162, 147, 114

Deuteranomaly

173, 143, 113

Tritanomaly

173, 141, 137

Monochromacy



Original Color

170, 144, 113

Achromatopsia

148, 148, 148

Achromatomaly

156, 147, 135

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 144, 113 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 144, 113)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 144, 113)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 144, 113) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 144, 113) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 144, 113 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

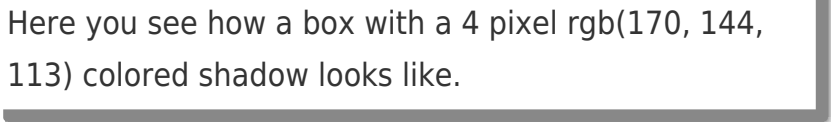
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 144, 113) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 144, 113) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 144, 113)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 144, 113); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 144, 113); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 144, 113) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 144, 113 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 144, 113) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
144, 113) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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