

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 152, 143)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 152, 143) contains.

RGB(170, 152, 143)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(170, 152, 143)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA988F
RGB	170, 152, 143
RGB Percent	67%, 60%, 56%
CMY	0.3333, 0.4039, 0.4392
CMYK	0.00, 0.11, 0.16, 0.33
HSL	20°, 14%, 61%
HSV	20°, 16%, 67%
XYZ	32.7637, 32.9857, 30.6266
YIQ	156.3560, 13.6170, 1.0170

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

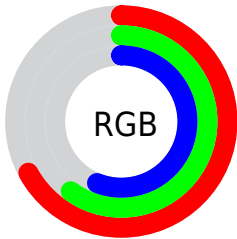
Format	Color
RYB	170, 157, 143
Decimal	11180175
CIELab	64.15, 5.11, 7.15
CIELCh	64, 8.785, 54.436
Yxy	32.9857, 0.3400, 0.3423
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289370255 (0xFFAA988F)
YUV	156.3560, -6.5845, 11.9658
Hunter-Lab	57.4332, 1.3203, 8.5864

Details

The RGB color **170, 152, 143** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **143, 161, 170**, and the grayscale version is **156, 156, 156**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225, 206, 197**, and **118, 101, 93** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 141, 126**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 163, 160**.

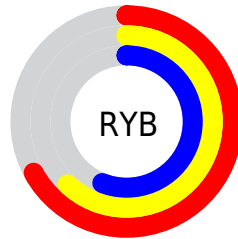
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (60%)

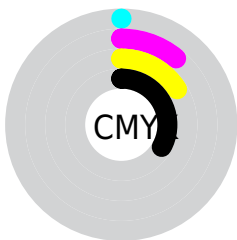
Blue (56%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (62%)

Blue (56%)

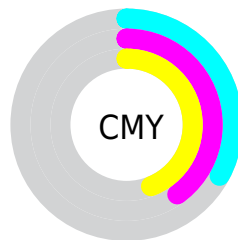


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (11%)

Yellow (16%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)


Magenta (40%)

Yellow (44%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 152, 143 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 152, 143 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 170, 152, 143


255, 255, 255

 225, 206, 197


 254, 234, 225

255, 255, 253

 170, 152, 143

 143, 126, 117

 118, 101, 93

 93, 77, 69

 69, 54, 47


 46, 33, 26


 27, 10, 0

 0, 0, 0

 170, 152, 143

 170, 141, 126

 170, 152, 143

 170, 163, 160

■ 170, 129, 109

■ 170, 175, 177

■ 170, 118, 92

■ 170, 186, 194

■ 170, 107, 75

■ 170, 197, 211

■ 170, 95, 58

■ 170, 209, 228

■ 170, 84, 41

■ 170, 220, 245

■ 170, 73, 24

■ 170, 231, 255

■ 170, 61, 7

■ 170, 243, 255

■ 170, 57, 0

■ 170, 254, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



173, 150, 149



170, 152, 143



164, 154, 140

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 152, 143



139, 160, 154



155, 154, 170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 152, 143



143, 161, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



146, 157, 171



170, 152, 143



136, 160, 162

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 152, 143



146, 159, 146



139, 159, 168



164, 152, 165

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 152, 143



158, 156, 140



139, 159, 168



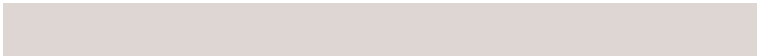
152, 155, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 152, 143



222, 214, 211



170, 143, 161



112, 108, 105



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 152, 143



222, 194, 180



170, 165, 143



84, 79, 76



148, 49, 0



20, 7, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143, 161, 170



180, 208, 222



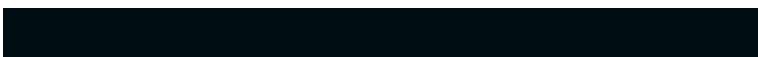
143, 147, 170



76, 81, 84



0, 99, 148



0, 14, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 152, 143 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

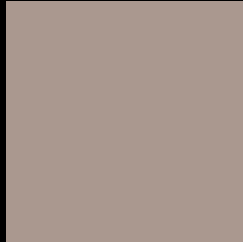
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 152, 143 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

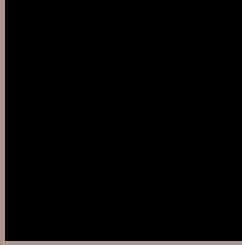
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 152, 143 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 152, 143.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 152, 143.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
170, 152, 143

Protanopia
161, 155, 145

Deuteranopia
175, 150, 143



Tritanopia
172, 149, 161

Trichromacy



Original Color

170, 152, 143

Protanomaly

164, 154, 144

Deuteranomaly

173, 151, 143

Tritanomaly

171, 150, 154

Monochromacy



Original Color

170, 152, 143

Achromatopsia

156, 156, 156

Achromatomaly

161, 155, 151

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 152, 143 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(170, 152, 143) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 152, 143)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 152, 143) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 152, 143) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 152, 143 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

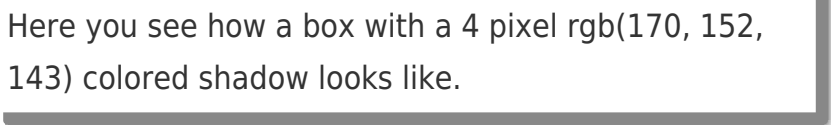
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 152, 143) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 152, 143) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 152, 143)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 152, 143); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 152, 143); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 152, 143) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 152, 143 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 152, 143) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
152, 143) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor