

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 153, 170)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 153, 170) contains.

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Color

RGB(170, 153, 170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA99AA
RGB	170, 153, 170
RGB Percent	67%, 60%, 67%
CMY	0.3333, 0.4000, 0.3333
CMYK	0.00, 0.10, 0.00, 0.33
HSL	300°, 9%, 63%
HSV	300°, 10%, 67%
XYZ	35.2245, 34.2308, 42.7809
YIQ	160.0210, 4.6750, 8.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

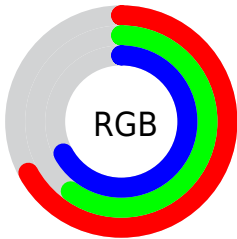
Format	Color
RYB	170, 153, 170
Decimal	11180458
CIELab	65.15, 9.38, -6.58
CIELCh	65, 11.459, 324.961
Yxy	34.2308, 0.3138, 0.3050
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289370538 (0xFFAA99AA)
YUV	160.0210, 4.9196, 8.7516
Hunter-Lab	58.5071, 5.0794, -2.3984

Details

The RGB color **170, 153, 170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **153, 170, 153**, and the grayscale version is **160, 160, 160**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225, 207, 225**, and **118, 102, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 136, 170**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 170, 170**.

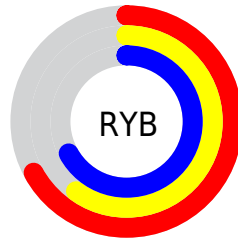
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (60%)

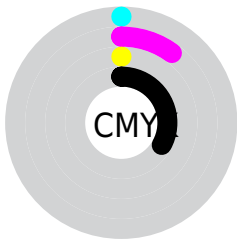
Blue (67%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (60%)

Blue (67%)

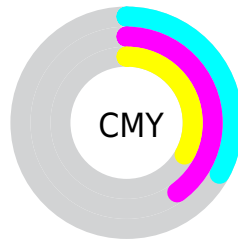


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (10%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (40%)

Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 153, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 153, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 170, 153, 170

255, 255, 255


 225, 207, 225

 254, 236, 254

 170, 153, 170

 143, 127, 144

 118, 102, 118


 93, 78, 93


 69, 55, 70


 47, 34, 47

 27, 12, 27

 0, 0, 0

 170, 153, 170

 170, 136, 170

 170, 153, 170

 170, 170, 170

■ 170, 119, 170

■ 170, 187, 170

■ 170, 102, 170

■ 170, 204, 170

■ 170, 85, 170

■ 170, 221, 170

■ 170, 68, 170

■ 170, 238, 170

■ 170, 51, 170

■ 170, 255, 170

■ 170, 34, 170

■ 170, 255, 170

■ 170, 17, 170

■ 170, 0, 170

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



158, 156, 177



170, 153, 170



178, 151, 160

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 153, 170



168, 157, 138



132, 164, 166

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 153, 170



153, 170, 153

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



136, 164, 156



170, 153, 170



157, 160, 139

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 153, 170



177, 154, 142



145, 163, 146



135, 162, 174

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 153, 170



180, 151, 153



145, 163, 146



133, 164, 163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 153, 170



222, 215, 222



153, 153, 170



112, 108, 112



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 153, 170



222, 195, 222



170, 153, 161



84, 76, 84



148, 0, 148



20, 0, 20

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



170, 153, 170



222, 195, 222



153, 170, 161



84, 76, 84



148, 0, 148



20, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 153, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

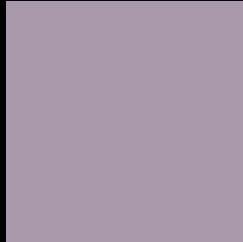
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 153, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

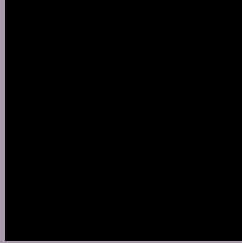
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 153, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 153, 170.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 153, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
170, 153, 170

Protanopia
157, 157, 173

Deuteranopia
168, 154, 170



Tritanopia
169, 154, 166

Trichromacy



Original Color

170, 153, 170

Protanomaly

162, 156, 172

Deuteranomaly

169, 154, 170

Tritanomaly

169, 154, 167

Monochromacy



Original Color

170, 153, 170

Achromatopsia

160, 160, 160

Achromatomaly

164, 157, 164

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 153, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 153, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 153, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 153, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 153, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 153, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 153, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 153, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 153, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 153, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 153, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 153,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 153, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 153, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
153, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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