

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 162, 156)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 162, 156) contains.

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Color

RGB(170, 162, 156)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAA29C
RGB	170, 162, 156
RGB Percent	67%, 64%, 61%
CMY	0.3333, 0.3647, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.05, 0.08, 0.33
HSL	26°, 8%, 64%
HSV	26°, 8%, 67%
XYZ	35.4986, 36.7870, 36.6821
YIQ	163.7080, 6.6940, -0.1700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

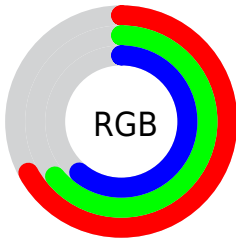
Format	Color
RYB	170, 167, 156
Decimal	11182748
CIELab	67.12, 1.81, 4.14
CIELCh	67, 4.520, 66.347
Yxy	36.7870, 0.3258, 0.3376
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289372828 (0xFFAAA29C)
YUV	163.7080, -3.8000, 5.5181
Hunter-Lab	60.6523, -1.6688, 6.5984

Details

The RGB color **170, 162, 156** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **156, 164, 170**, and the grayscale version is **164, 164, 164**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **225, 217, 210**, and **118, 110, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 152, 139**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 172, 173**.

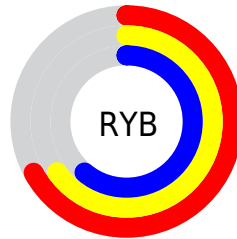
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (64%)

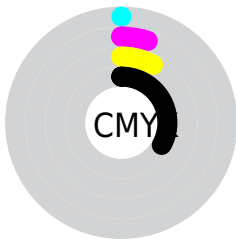
Blue (61%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (61%)

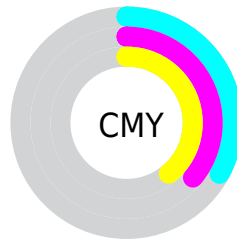


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (5%)

Yellow (8%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (39%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 162, 156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 162, 156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 170, 162, 156

255, 255, 255

 225, 217, 210

 254, 245, 239

 170, 162, 156

 144, 136, 130

 118, 110, 105

 93, 86, 81

 70, 63, 58


 47, 41, 36

 27, 21, 15

 0, 0, 0


 170, 162, 156


 170, 152, 139


 170, 162, 156


 170, 172, 173

 170, 143, 122


 170, 181, 190

 170, 133, 105


 170, 191, 207

 170, 123, 88

 170, 201, 224

 170, 113, 71

 170, 211, 241


 170, 104, 54

 170, 220, 255

 170, 94, 37

 170, 230, 255

 170, 84, 20

 170, 240, 255

 170, 75, 3

 170, 249, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 161, 159



170, 162, 156



166, 163, 155

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 162, 156



154, 166, 164



165, 162, 170

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 162, 156



156, 164, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160, 163, 171



170, 162, 156



154, 166, 168

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 162, 156



157, 166, 160



156, 165, 171



170, 161, 167

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 162, 156



163, 164, 156



156, 165, 171



164, 162, 171

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 162, 156



222, 219, 217



170, 156, 164



112, 111, 110



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 162, 156



222, 209, 200



170, 169, 156



84, 79, 76



148, 63, 0



20, 9, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



156, 164, 170



200, 212, 222



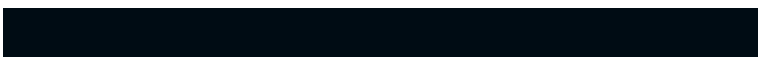
156, 157, 170



76, 81, 84



0, 85, 148



0, 12, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 162, 156 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

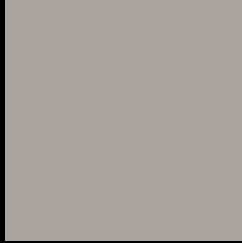
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 162, 156 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

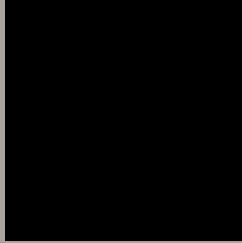
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

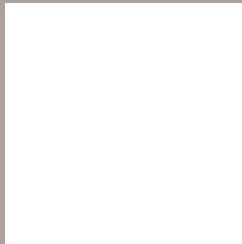
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 162, 156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 162, 156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 162, 156.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


Dichromacy



Original Color
170, 162, 156

Protanopia
168, 163, 156

Deuteranopia
182, 158, 157



Tritanopia
172, 160, 172

Trichromacy



Original Color

170, 162, 156

Protanomaly

169, 163, 156

Deuteranomaly

178, 159, 157

Tritanomaly

171, 161, 166

Monochromacy



Original Color

170, 162, 156

Achromatopsia

164, 164, 164

Achromatomaly

166, 163, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 162, 156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(170, 162, 156) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 162, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 162, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 162, 156) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 162, 156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 162, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 162, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 162, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 162, 156); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 162, 156);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 162,  
156) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 162, 156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 162, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
162, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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