

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 195, 127)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 195, 127) contains.

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Color

RGB(170, 195, 127)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAC37F
RGB	170, 195, 127
RGB Percent	67%, 76%, 50%
CMY	0.3333, 0.2353, 0.5020
CMYK	0.13, 0.00, 0.35, 0.24
HSL	82°, 36%, 63%
HSV	82°, 35%, 76%
XYZ	39.9234, 49.1086, 27.4534
YIQ	179.7730, 6.9280, -26.4480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

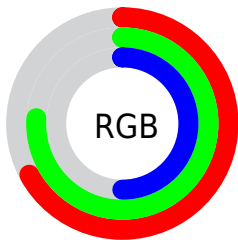
Format	Color
RYB	127, 195, 152
Decimal	11191167
CIELab	75.52, -20.02, 31.44
CIElCh	76, 37.275, 122.490
Yxy	49.1086, 0.3427, 0.4216
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289381247 (0xFFAAC37F)
YUV	179.7730, -26.0171, -8.5709
Hunter-Lab	70.0775, -20.9435, 25.8270

Details

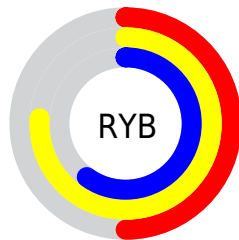
The RGB color **170, 195, 127** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **152, 127, 195**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 252, 180**, and **117, 141, 77** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 195, 108**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 195, 147**.

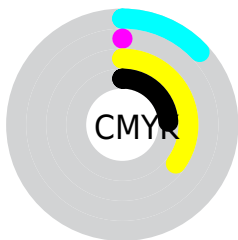
Distribution



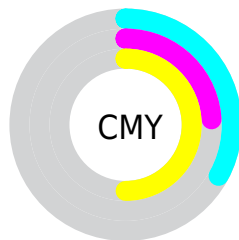
- Red (67%)
- Green (76%)
- Blue (50%)



- Red (50%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (13%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Black (24%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (24%)
- Yellow (50%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 195, 127 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 195, 127 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 170, 195, 127


255, 255, 255

 226, 252, 180


 255, 255, 208

 255, 255, 237

 170, 195, 127


 143, 168, 101

 117, 141, 77

 91, 116, 53


 67, 91, 30


 43, 67, 5

 21, 45, 0

 0, 26, 0

 0, 0, 0

 170, 195, 127

 170, 195, 127

■ 163, 195, 108

■ 177, 195, 147

■ 156, 195, 88

■ 184, 195, 166

■ 148, 195, 69

■ 192, 195, 186

■ 141, 195, 49

■ 199, 195, 205

■ 134, 195, 30

■ 206, 195, 225

■ 127, 195, 10

■ 213, 195, 244

■ 123, 195, 0

■ 220, 195, 255

■ 227, 195, 255

■ 235, 195, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



206, 185, 117



170, 195, 127



129, 202, 153

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 195, 127



87, 198, 246



252, 160, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 195, 127



152, 127, 195

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



232, 165, 218



170, 195, 127



143, 188, 254

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 195, 127



58, 203, 222



194, 176, 244



252, 163, 151

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 195, 127



100, 204, 176



194, 176, 244



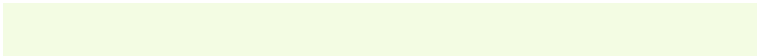
247, 160, 196

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 195, 127



243, 252, 227



195, 152, 127



122, 128, 112



0, 0, 0



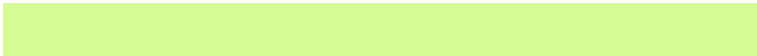
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 195, 127



213, 252, 146



136, 195, 127



93, 97, 87



102, 161, 0



21, 33, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



152, 127, 195



185, 146, 252



186, 127, 195



91, 87, 97



59, 0, 161



12, 0, 33

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 195, 127 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 195, 127 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

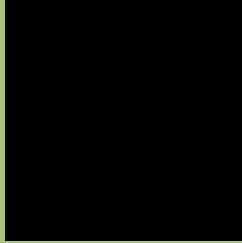
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 195, 127 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 195, 127.

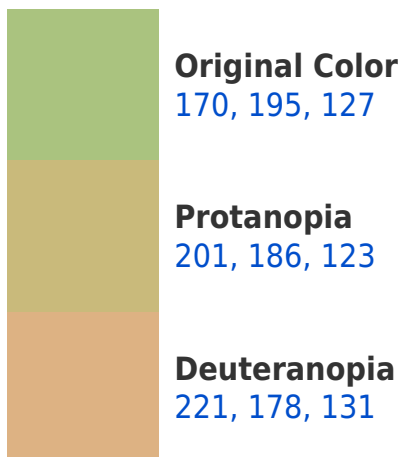


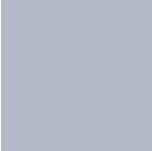
This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 195, 127.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
180, 186, 201

Trichromacy



Original Color
170, 195, 127

Protanomaly
190, 189, 124

Deuteranomaly
202, 184, 130

Tritanomaly
176, 189, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color
170, 195, 127

Achromatopsia
180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly
176, 185, 161

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 195, 127 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 195, 127)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 195, 127)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 195, 127) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 195, 127) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 195, 127 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 195, 127) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 195, 127) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 195, 127)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 195, 127); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 195, 127);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 195,  
127) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 195, 127 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 195, 127) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
195, 127) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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