

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 198, 115)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 198, 115) contains.

RGB(170, 198, 115)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(170, 198, 115)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAC673
RGB	170, 198, 115
RGB Percent	67%, 78%, 45%
CMY	0.3333, 0.2235, 0.5490
CMYK	0.14, 0.00, 0.42, 0.22
HSL	80°, 42%, 61%
HSV	80°, 42%, 78%
XYZ	39.8662, 50.1720, 23.8027
YIQ	180.1660, 9.9550, -31.7490

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

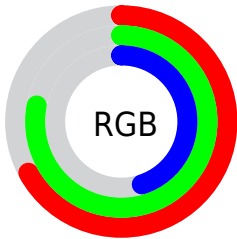
Format	Color
RYB	115, 198, 143
Decimal	11191923
CIELab	76.17, -23.03, 38.44
CIELCh	76, 44.811, 120.925
Yxy	50.1720, 0.3502, 0.4407
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289382003 (0xFFAAC673)
YUV	180.1660, -32.1268, -8.9156
Hunter-Lab	70.8322, -23.4921, 29.6586

Details

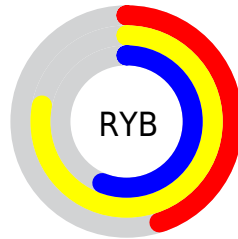
The RGB color **170, 198, 115** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC66**. A complement of this color would be **143, 115, 198**, and the grayscale version is **180, 180, 180**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 255, 168**, and **116, 144, 65** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **163, 198, 95**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 198, 135**.

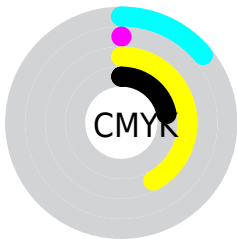
Distribution



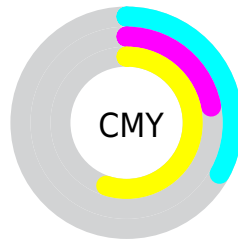
- Red (67%)
- Green (78%)
- Blue (45%)



- Red (45%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (56%)



- Cyan (14%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Black (22%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (22%)
- Yellow (55%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 198, 115 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 198, 115 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 170, 198, 115

255, 255, 255


 226, 255, 168

 255, 255, 196

 255, 255, 224


255, 255, 253

 170, 198, 115

 170, 198, 115

 143, 171, 90

 116, 144, 65

 91, 118, 40


 65, 94, 15

 41, 70, 0

 16, 47, 0

 0, 29, 0

 0, 0, 0

 170, 198, 115

■ 163, 198, 95

■ 177, 198, 135

■ 157, 198, 75

■ 183, 198, 155

■ 150, 198, 56

■ 190, 198, 174

■ 143, 198, 36

■ 197, 198, 194

■ 137, 198, 16

■ 203, 198, 214

■ 131, 198, 0

■ 210, 198, 234

■ 217, 198, 254

■ 223, 198, 255

■ 230, 198, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



213, 186, 104



170, 198, 115



119, 206, 146

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 198, 115



18, 203, 255



255, 155, 188

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 198, 115



143, 115, 198

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



241, 162, 229



170, 198, 115



126, 192, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 198, 115



0, 209, 229



194, 177, 255



255, 159, 147

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 198, 115



78, 209, 173



194, 177, 255



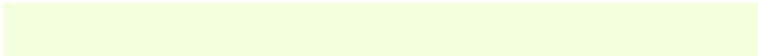
255, 156, 202

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 198, 115



244, 255, 222



198, 143, 115



121, 128, 107



0, 0, 0



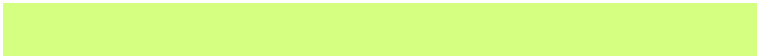
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 198, 115



212, 255, 128



129, 198, 115



96, 99, 90



108, 163, 0



24, 36, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



143, 115, 198



171, 128, 255



184, 115, 198



93, 90, 99



55, 0, 163



12, 0, 36

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 198, 115 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 198, 115 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

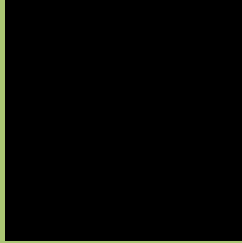
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 198, 115 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 198, 115.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 198, 115.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

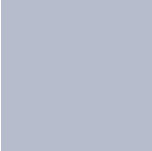
Dichromacy



Original Color
170, 198, 115

Protanopia
205, 188, 111

Deuteranopia
226, 179, 119



Tritanopia
182, 188, 203

Trichromacy



Original Color
170, 198, 115

Protanomaly
192, 192, 112

Deuteranomaly
206, 186, 118

Tritanomaly
178, 192, 171

Monochromacy



Original Color
170, 198, 115

Achromatopsia
180, 180, 180

Achromatomaly
176, 187, 156

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 198, 115 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 198, 115)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 198, 115)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 198, 115) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 198, 115) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 198, 115 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 198, 115) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 198, 115) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 198, 115)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 198, 115); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 198, 115);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 198,  
115) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 198, 115 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 198, 115) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
198, 115) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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