

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 229, 170)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 229, 170) contains.

RGB(170, 229, 170)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(170, 229, 170)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AAE5AA
RGB	170, 229, 170
RGB Percent	67%, 90%, 67%
CMY	0.3333, 0.1020, 0.3333
CMYK	0.26, 0.00, 0.26, 0.10
HSL	120°, 53%, 78%
HSV	120°, 26%, 90%
XYZ	51.8526, 67.4870, 48.3236
YIQ	204.6330, -16.2250, -30.8570

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

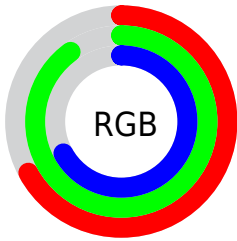
Format	Color
RYB	170, 229, 229
Decimal	11199914
CIELab	85.75, -30.02, 22.87
CIELCh	86, 37.743, 142.697
Yxy	67.4870, 0.3093, 0.4025
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289389994 (0xFFAAE5AA)
YUV	204.6330, -17.0741, -30.3731
Hunter-Lab	82.1504, -31.0958, 22.6290

Details

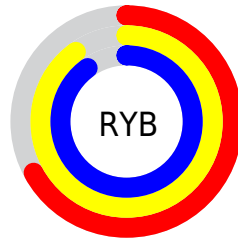
The RGB color **170, 229, 170** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CC99**. A complement of this color would be **229, 170, 229**, and the grayscale version is **205, 205, 205**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 255, 226**, and **116, 173, 118** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **147, 229, 147**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **193, 229, 193**.

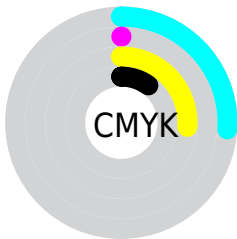
Distribution



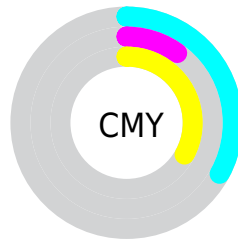
- Red (67%)
- Green (90%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (90%)
- Blue (90%)



- Cyan (26%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (26%)
- Black (10%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 229, 170 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.


Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 229, 170 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 170, 229, 170


255, 255, 255


 226, 255, 226

255, 255, 254

 170, 229, 170


 143, 201, 143

 116, 173, 118

 90, 146, 93

 65, 120, 69

 40, 95, 46

 11, 71, 24

 0, 48, 0

 0, 28, 0

 0, 0, 0

 170, 229, 170

 170, 229, 170

 147, 229, 147

 193, 229, 193

 124, 229, 124

 216, 229, 216

 101, 229, 101

 239, 229, 239

 78, 229, 78

 255, 229, 255

 55, 229, 55

 33, 229, 33

 10, 229, 10

 0, 229, 0

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



211, 221, 148



170, 229, 170



128, 233, 204

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 229, 170



153, 220, 255



255, 189, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 229, 170



229, 170, 229

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 188, 225



170, 229, 170



207, 208, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 229, 170



106, 229, 255



251, 196, 255



255, 197, 159

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 229, 170



104, 234, 229



251, 196, 255



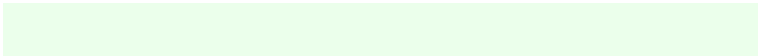
255, 188, 200

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 229, 170



235, 255, 235



229, 229, 170



115, 128, 115



0, 0, 0



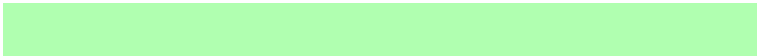
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 229, 170



176, 255, 176



170, 229, 200



103, 115, 103



0, 179, 0



0, 51, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



229, 170, 229



255, 176, 255



229, 170, 200



115, 103, 115



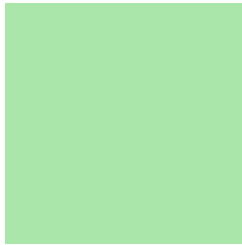
179, 0, 179



51, 0, 51

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 229, 170 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 229, 170 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

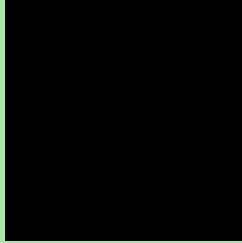
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 229, 170 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 229, 170.

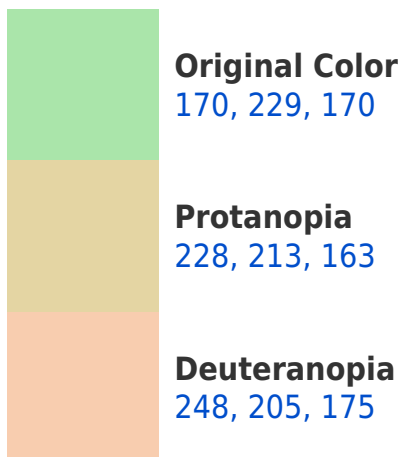


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 229, 170.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
182, 220, 238

Trichromacy



Original Color

170, 229, 170



Protanomaly

207, 219, 166



Deuteranomaly

220, 214, 173



Tritanomaly

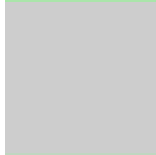
178, 223, 213

Monochromacy



Original Color

170, 229, 170



Achromatopsia

205, 205, 205



Achromatomaly

192, 214, 192

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 229, 170 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 229, 170)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 229, 170)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 229, 170) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 229, 170) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 229, 170 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 229, 170) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 229, 170) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 229, 170)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 229, 170); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 229, 170);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 229,  
170) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 229, 170 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 229, 170) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170,  
229, 170) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor