

Converting Colors

RGB(170, 90, 53)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(170, 90, 53) contains.

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Color

RGB(170, 90, 53)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AA5A35
RGB	170, 90, 53
RGB Percent	67%, 35%, 21%
CMY	0.3333, 0.6471, 0.7922
CMYK	0.00, 0.47, 0.69, 0.33
HSL	19°, 52%, 44%
HSV	19°, 69%, 67%
XYZ	20.8763, 16.1154, 5.3784
YIQ	109.7020, 59.5570, 5.4530

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

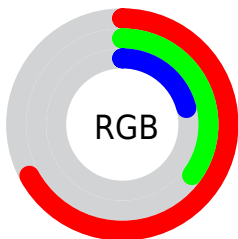
Format	Color
R_{YB}	170, 107, 53
Decimal	11164213
CIE Lab	47.13, 29.58, 35.45
CIE LCh	47, 46.176, 50.157
Yxy	16.1154, 0.4927, 0.3803
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289354293 (0xFFAA5A35)
YUV	109.7020, -27.9541, 52.8813
Hunter-Lab	40.1440, 22.5744, 20.1572

Details

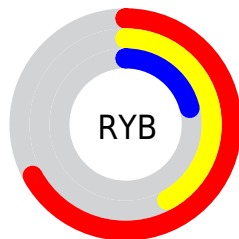
The RGB color **170, 90, 53** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996633**. A complement of this color would be **53, 133, 170**, and the grayscale version is **110, 110, 110**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 141, 101**, and **112, 42, 7** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **170, 78, 36**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **170, 102, 70**.

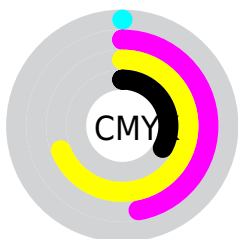
Distribution



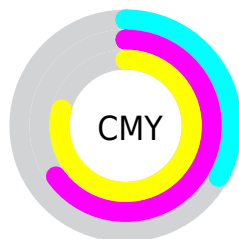
- Red (67%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (21%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (42%)
- Blue (21%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (47%)
- Yellow (69%)
- Black (33%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (79%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 170, 90, 53 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 170, 90, 53 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 170, 90, 53  170, 90, 53

255, 255, 255  141, 66, 30

 229, 141, 101  112, 42, 7

 255, 168, 126  85, 18, 0

 255, 196, 153  57, 0, 0

 255, 224, 180  31, 0, 1

 255, 253, 207  0, 0, 0

 255, 255, 236

 170, 90, 53  170, 90, 53

 170, 78, 36  170, 102, 70

■ 170, 67, 19

■ 170, 113, 87

■ 170, 55, 2

■ 170, 125, 104

■ 170, 54, 0

■ 170, 136, 121

■ 170, 148, 138

■ 170, 160, 155

■ 170, 171, 172

■ 170, 183, 189

■ 170, 195, 206

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183, 78, 87



170, 90, 53



143, 105, 30

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



170, 90, 53



0, 130, 97



90, 107, 185

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



170, 90, 53



53, 133, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 120, 188



170, 90, 53



0, 130, 137

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



170, 90, 53



60, 126, 59



0, 128, 171



146, 90, 162

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



170, 90, 53



120, 114, 28



0, 128, 171



60, 112, 188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



170, 90, 53



222, 190, 175



170, 53, 135



112, 93, 84



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



170, 90, 53



222, 96, 38



170, 147, 53



84, 78, 76



148, 47, 0



20, 6, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



53, 133, 170



38, 164, 222



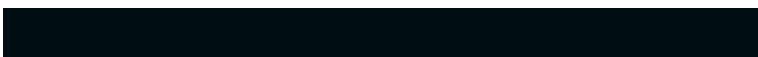
53, 76, 170



76, 81, 84



0, 101, 148



0, 14, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 170, 90, 53 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

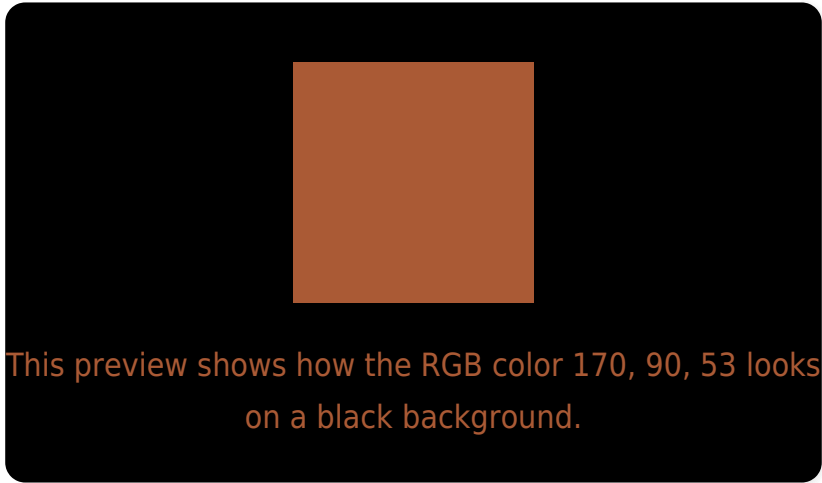
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

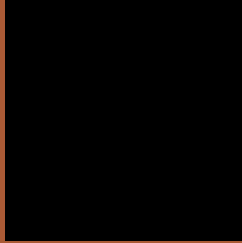
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 170, 90, 53 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 90, 53.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 170, 90, 53.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
170, 90, 53

Protanopia
124, 112, 60

Deuteranopia
139, 107, 49



Tritanopia
172, 85, 91

Trichromacy



Original Color

170, 90, 53

Protanomaly

141, 104, 57

Deuteranomaly

150, 101, 50

Tritanomaly

171, 87, 77

Monochromacy



Original Color

170, 90, 53

Achromatopsia

110, 110, 110

Achromatomaly

132, 103, 89

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 170, 90, 53 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(170, 90, 53)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(170, 90, 53)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(170, 90, 53) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(170, 90, 53) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 170, 90, 53 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(170, 90, 53) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(170, 90, 53) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(170, 90, 53)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(170, 90, 53); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 90, 53);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(170, 90,  
53) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 170, 90, 53 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(170, 90, 53) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(170, 90,  
53) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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