

Converting Colors

RGB(171, 128, 153)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(171, 128, 153) contains.

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Color

RGB(171, 128, 153)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB8099
RGB	171, 128, 153
RGB Percent	67%, 50%, 60%
CMY	0.3294, 0.4980, 0.4000
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.11, 0.33
HSL	325°, 20%, 59%
HSV	325°, 25%, 67%
XYZ	30.2635, 26.3962, 33.6369
YIQ	143.7070, 17.6030, 16.8910

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

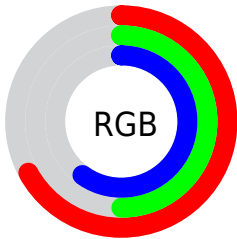
Format	Color
RYB	171, 128, 153
Decimal	11239577
CIELab	58.41, 20.69, -6.91
CIELCh	58, 21.811, 341.539
Yxy	26.3962, 0.3352, 0.2923
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289429657 (0xFFAB8099)
YUV	143.7070, 4.5814, 23.9360
Hunter-Lab	51.3772, 15.2345, -2.8534

Details

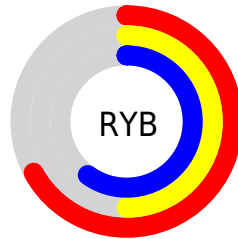
The RGB color **171, 128, 153** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **128, 171, 146**, and the grayscale version is **144, 144, 144**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 181, 207**, and **118, 78, 102** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 111, 146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 145, 160**.

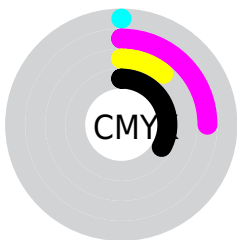
Distribution



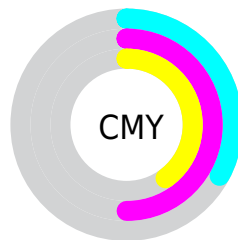
- Red (67%)
- Green (50%)
- Blue (60%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (50%)
- Blue (60%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (33%)




- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (50%)
- Yellow (40%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 171, 128, 153 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 171, 128, 153 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 171, 128, 153


255, 255, 255

 227, 181, 207


 255, 209, 236

 255, 237, 255

 171, 128, 153

 144, 103, 127

 118, 78, 102

 93, 55, 78


 69, 33, 55


 46, 11, 34


 25, 0, 11

 0, 0, 0

 171, 128, 153

 171, 111, 146

 171, 128, 153

 171, 145, 160

■ 171, 94, 139

■ 171, 162, 167

■ 171, 77, 132

■ 171, 179, 174

■ 171, 60, 124

■ 171, 196, 182

■ 171, 43, 117

■ 171, 213, 189

■ 171, 25, 110

■ 171, 231, 196

■ 171, 8, 103

■ 171, 248, 203

■ 171, 0, 99

■ 171, 255, 210

■ 171, 255, 217

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 133, 169



171, 128, 153



179, 127, 134

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 128, 153



147, 142, 103



85, 150, 165

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 128, 153



128, 171, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



88, 151, 147



171, 128, 153



126, 147, 111

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 128, 153



165, 135, 105



104, 150, 128



101, 146, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 128, 153



179, 128, 121



104, 150, 128



84, 151, 160

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 128, 153



222, 204, 214



146, 128, 171



112, 101, 108



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 128, 153



222, 155, 194



171, 128, 132



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 87



23, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 128, 153



222, 155, 194



128, 171, 167



87, 78, 83



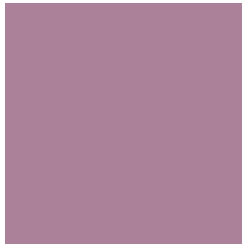
150, 0, 87



23, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 128, 153 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

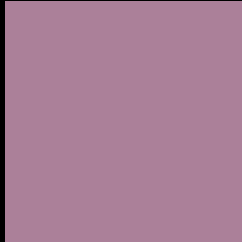
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 128, 153 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 171, 128, 153 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 128, 153.

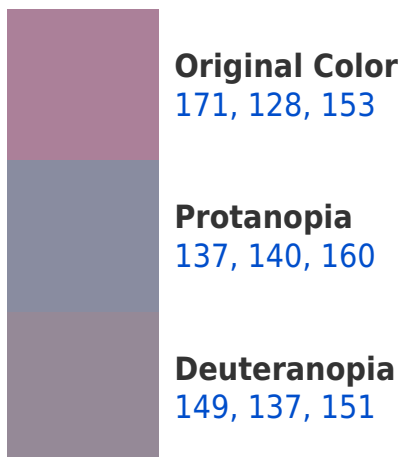


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 128, 153.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
169, 130, 140

Trichromacy



Original Color
171, 128, 153

Protanomaly
149, 136, 157

Deuteranomaly
157, 134, 152

Tritanomaly
170, 129, 145

Monochromacy



Original Color
171, 128, 153

Achromatopsia
144, 144, 144

Achromatomaly
154, 138, 147

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 171, 128, 153 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 128, 153)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 128, 153)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 128, 153) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 128, 153) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 171, 128, 153 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 128, 153) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 128, 153) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 128, 153)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 128, 153); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 128, 153); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 128, 153) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 171, 128, 153 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 128, 153) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
128, 153) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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