

Converting Colors

RGB(171, 167, 167)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(171, 167, 167) contains.

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Color

RGB(171, 167, 167)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABA7A7
RGB	171, 167, 167
RGB Percent	67%, 65%, 65%
CMY	0.3294, 0.3451, 0.3451
CMYK	0.00, 0.02, 0.02, 0.33
HSL	0°, 2%, 66%
HSV	0°, 2%, 67%
XYZ	37.5884, 39.0854, 42.1223
YIQ	168.1960, 2.3840, 0.8480

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

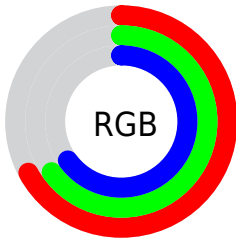
Format	Color
RYB	171, 167, 167
Decimal	11249575
CIELab	68.81, 1.43, 0.50
CIElCh	69, 1.519, 19.221
Yxy	39.0854, 0.3164, 0.3290
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289439655 (0xFFABA7A7)
YUV	168.1960, -0.5896, 2.4591
Hunter-Lab	62.5183, -2.0861, 3.8156

Details

The RGB color **171, 167, 167** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **167, 171, 171**, and the grayscale version is **168, 168, 168**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 222, 222**, and **119, 115, 115** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 150, 150**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 184, 184**.

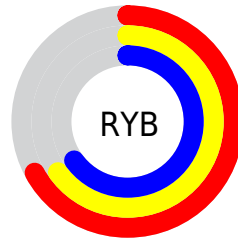
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (65%)

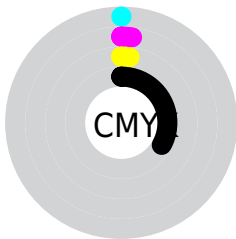
Blue (65%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (65%)

Blue (65%)

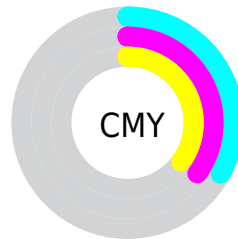


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (2%)

Yellow (2%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (35%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 171, 167, 167 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 171, 167, 167 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 171, 167, 167

255, 255, 255

 226, 222, 222


 255, 251, 251

 171, 167, 167

 145, 141, 141

 119, 115, 115

 94, 91, 91

 71, 67, 67


 48, 45, 45

 27, 24, 24


 0, 0, 0


 171, 167, 167


 171, 150, 150


 171, 167, 167

 171, 184, 184

 171, 133, 133


 171, 201, 201


 171, 116, 116


 171, 218, 218

 171, 99, 99


 171, 235, 235


 171, 81, 81


 171, 252, 252

 171, 64, 64

 171, 255, 255

 171, 47, 47

 171, 30, 30

 171, 13, 13

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



170, 167, 168



171, 167, 167



171, 167, 166

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 167, 167



166, 168, 166



166, 168, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 167, 167



167, 171, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



165, 169, 170



171, 167, 167



165, 169, 167

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 167, 167



168, 168, 165



165, 169, 169



168, 168, 170

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 167, 167



170, 167, 165



165, 169, 169



166, 168, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 167, 167



222, 220, 220



171, 167, 171



112, 111, 111



240, 240, 240



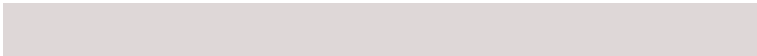
112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 167, 167



222, 215, 215



171, 169, 167



87, 83, 83



150, 0, 0



23, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



167, 171, 171



215, 222, 222



167, 169, 171



83, 87, 87



0, 150, 150



0, 23, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 167, 167 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 167, 167 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

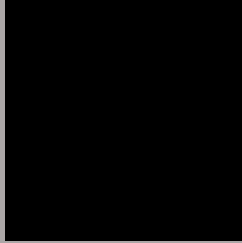
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

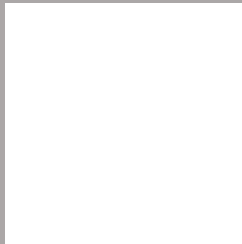
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 171, 167, 167 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 167, 167.

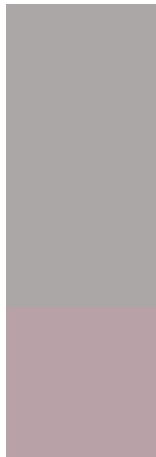


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 167, 167.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
171, 167, 167

Protanopia
171, 167, 167

Deuteranopia
184, 162, 168



Tritanopia

173, 165, 178

Trichromacy



Original Color

171, 167, 167

Protanomaly

171, 167, 167

Deuteranomaly

179, 164, 168

Tritanomaly

172, 166, 174

Monochromacy



Original Color

171, 167, 167

Achromatopsia

168, 168, 168

Achromatomaly

169, 168, 168

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 171, 167, 167 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 167, 167)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 167, 167)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 167, 167) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 167, 167) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 171, 167, 167 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 167, 167) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 167, 167) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 167, 167)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 167, 167); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 167, 167);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 167,  
167) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 171, 167, 167 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 167, 167) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
167, 167) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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