

Converting Colors

RGB(171, 180, 172)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(171, 180, 172) contains.

RGB(171, 180, 172)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(171, 180, 172)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABB4AC
RGB	171, 180, 172
RGB Percent	67%, 71%, 67%
CMY	0.3294, 0.2941, 0.3255
CMYK	0.05, 0.00, 0.04, 0.29
HSL	127°, 6%, 69%
HSV	127°, 5%, 71%
XYZ	40.5622, 44.2790, 45.4386
YIQ	176.3970, -2.7960, -4.3960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

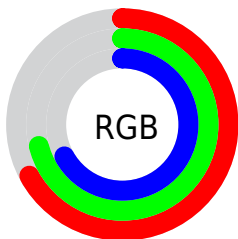
Format	Color
RYB	171, 179, 180
Decimal	11252908
CIELab	72.41, -4.66, 2.98
CIELCh	72, 5.528, 147.366
Yxy	44.2790, 0.3113, 0.3399
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289442988 (0xFFABB4AC)
YUV	176.3970, -2.1677, -4.7332
Hunter-Lab	66.5425, -7.6412, 6.0935

Details

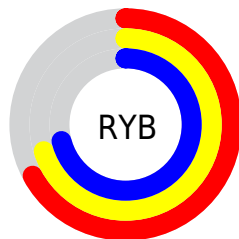
The RGB color **171, 180, 172** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **180, 171, 179**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **226, 236, 227**, and **119, 127, 120** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **153, 180, 156**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **189, 180, 188**.

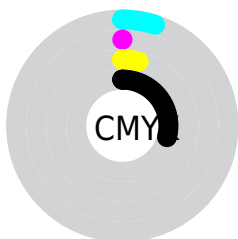
Distribution



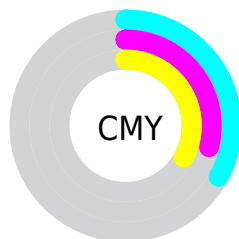
- Red (67%)
- Green (71%)
- Blue (67%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (70%)
- Blue (71%)



- Cyan (5%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (4%)
- Black (29%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (29%)
- Yellow (33%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 171, 180, 172 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 171, 180, 172 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 171, 180, 172

255, 255, 255

■ 226, 236, 227

255, 255, 255

■ 171, 180, 172

■ 144, 153, 145

■ 119, 127, 120

■ 94, 102, 95

■ 71, 78, 71

■ 48, 55, 49

■ 27, 34, 28

■ 0, 12, 1

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 171, 180, 172

■ 171, 180, 172

 153, 180, 156


 189, 180, 188

 135, 180, 140


 207, 180, 204

 117, 180, 124

 225, 180, 220

 99, 180, 108

 243, 180, 236

 81, 180, 92


 255, 180, 252

 63, 180, 76

 255, 180, 255

 45, 180, 60

 27, 180, 44

 9, 180, 28

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



177, 179, 169



171, 180, 172



167, 181, 177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 180, 172



172, 178, 188



189, 174, 173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 180, 172



180, 171, 179

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



188, 174, 178



171, 180, 172



178, 176, 187

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 180, 172



167, 180, 186



184, 175, 183



187, 175, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 180, 172



166, 181, 180



184, 175, 183



189, 174, 175

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 180, 172



230, 235, 230



179, 180, 171



115, 117, 115



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 180, 172



221, 235, 222



171, 180, 176



83, 89, 84



0, 153, 17



0, 26, 3

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 171, 179



235, 221, 233



180, 171, 175



89, 83, 89



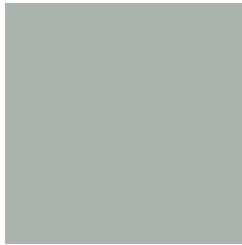
153, 0, 136



26, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 180, 172 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

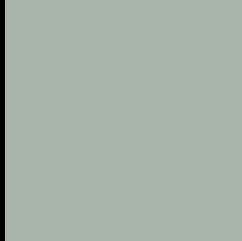
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 180, 172 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

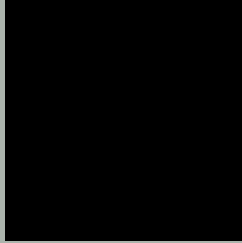
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

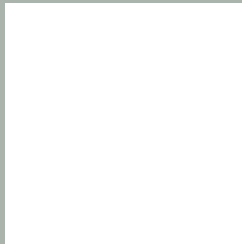
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 171, 180, 172 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 180, 172.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 180, 172.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

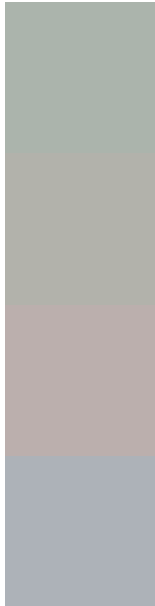
Dichromacy





Tritanopia
174, 177, 191

Trichromacy



Original Color

171, 180, 172

Protanomaly

178, 178, 171

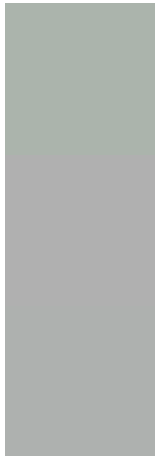
Deuteranomaly

187, 175, 173

Tritanomaly

173, 178, 184

Monochromacy



Original Color

171, 180, 172

Achromatopsia

176, 176, 176

Achromatomaly

174, 177, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 171, 180, 172 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(171, 180, 172) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 180, 172)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 180, 172) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 180, 172) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 171, 180, 172 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 180, 172) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 180, 172) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 180, 172)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 180, 172); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 180, 172);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 180,  
172) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 171, 180, 172 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 180, 172) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
180, 172) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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