

Converting Colors

RGB(171, 190, 208)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(171, 190, 208) contains.

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Color

RGB(171, 190, 208)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ABBED0
RGB	171, 190, 208
RGB Percent	67%, 75%, 82%
CMY	0.3294, 0.2549, 0.1843
CMYK	0.18, 0.09, 0.00, 0.18
HSL	209°, 28%, 74%
HSV	209°, 18%, 82%
XYZ	46.5932, 50.0389, 66.8773
YIQ	186.3710, -17.1020, 1.5700

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

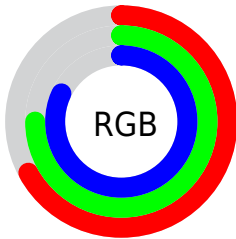
Format	Color
RYB	171, 184, 208
Decimal	11255504
CIELab	76.09, -2.71, -11.23
CIELCh	76, 11.549, 256.432
Yxy	50.0389, 0.2850, 0.3060
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289445584 (0xFFABBED0)
YUV	186.3710, 10.6631, -13.4804
Hunter-Lab	70.7382, -6.2190, -6.5372

Details

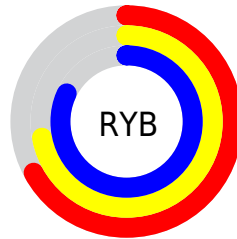
The RGB color **171, 190, 208** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCCC**. A complement of this color would be **208, 189, 171**, and the grayscale version is **186, 186, 186**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 246, 255**, and **118, 137, 154** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **150, 180, 208**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **192, 200, 208**.

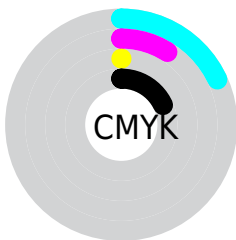
Distribution



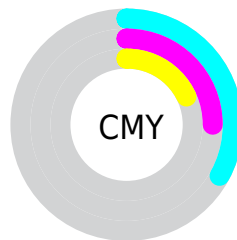
- Red (67%)
- Green (75%)
- Blue (82%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (72%)
- Blue (82%)



- Cyan (18%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (18%)



- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (25%)
- Yellow (18%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 171, 190, 208 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 171, 190, 208 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 171, 190, 208

255, 255, 255

■ 227, 246, 255

■ 171, 190, 208

■ 144, 163, 180

■ 118, 137, 154

■ 93, 111, 128

■ 69, 87, 103

■ 46, 64, 79

■ 24, 42, 56

■ 0, 22, 34

■ 0, 0, 11

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 171, 190, 208

■ 171, 190, 208

■ 150, 180, 208

■ 192, 200, 208

■ 129, 170, 208

■ 213, 210, 208

■ 109, 160, 208

■ 233, 220, 208

■ 88, 150, 208

■ 254, 230, 208

■ 67, 139, 208

■ 255, 241, 208

■ 46, 129, 208

■ 255, 251, 208

■ 25, 119, 208

■ 255, 255, 208

■ 5, 109, 208

■ 0, 107, 208

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



163, 193, 203



171, 190, 208



184, 187, 208

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 190, 208



211, 181, 182



178, 192, 173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 190, 208



208, 189, 171

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



190, 189, 167



171, 190, 208



209, 182, 173

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 190, 208



207, 181, 193



201, 185, 167



167, 194, 182

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 190, 208



193, 184, 205



201, 185, 167



182, 191, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 190, 208



242, 249, 255



171, 208, 189



120, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



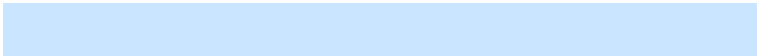
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 190, 208



201, 229, 255



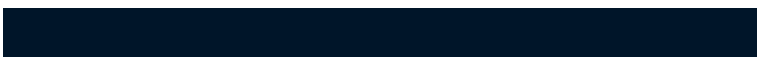
171, 172, 208



94, 99, 105



0, 86, 168



0, 21, 41

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



208, 171, 190



255, 201, 229



208, 207, 171



105, 94, 99



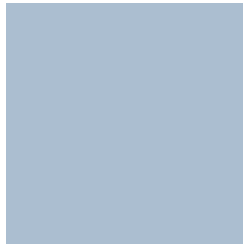
168, 0, 86



41, 0, 21

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 190, 208 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

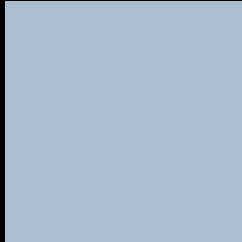
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 190, 208 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

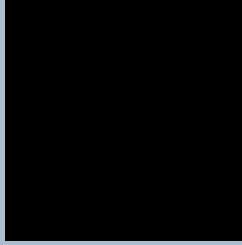
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

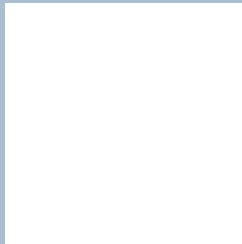
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 171, 190, 208 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 190, 208.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 190, 208.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

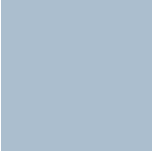
Dichromacy



Original Color
171, 190, 208

Protanopia
185, 186, 206

Deuteranopia
195, 182, 210



Tritanopia
171, 190, 206

Trichromacy



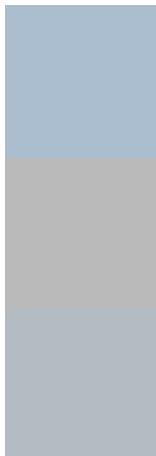
Original Color
171, 190, 208

Protanomaly
180, 187, 207

Deuteranomaly
186, 185, 209

Tritanomaly
171, 190, 207

Monochromacy



Original Color
171, 190, 208

Achromatopsia
186, 186, 186

Achromatomaly
181, 187, 194

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 171, 190, 208 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 190, 208)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 190, 208)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 190, 208) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 190, 208) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 171, 190, 208 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 190, 208) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 190, 208) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 190, 208)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 190, 208); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 190, 208); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 190, 208) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 171, 190, 208 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 190, 208) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171,  
190, 208) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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