

Converting Colors

RGB(171, 75, 145)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(171, 75, 145) contains.

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Color

RGB(171, 75, 145)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AB4B91
RGB	171, 75, 145
RGB Percent	67%, 29%, 57%
CMY	0.3294, 0.7059, 0.4314
CMYK	0.00, 0.56, 0.15, 0.33
HSL	316°, 39%, 48%
HSV	316°, 56%, 67%
XYZ	24.4215, 15.7344, 28.5380
YIQ	111.6840, 34.7460, 42.1220

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

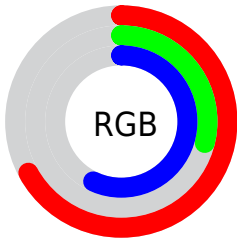
Format	Color
RYB	171, 75, 145
Decimal	11226001
CIELab	46.62, 47.94, -20.02
CIELCh	47, 51.950, 337.333
Yxy	15.7344, 0.3555, 0.2291
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289416081 (0xFFAB4B91)
YUV	111.6840, 16.4248, 52.0201
Hunter-Lab	39.6666, 40.4802, -14.8892

Details

The RGB color **171, 75, 145** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC6699**. A complement of this color would be **75, 171, 101**, and the grayscale version is **112, 112, 112**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228, 128, 199**, and **116, 18, 94** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **171, 58, 140**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **171, 92, 150**.

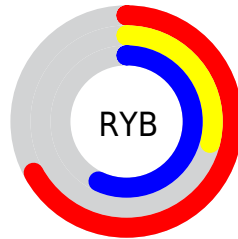
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (29%)

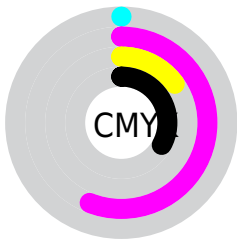
Blue (57%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (29%)

Blue (57%)

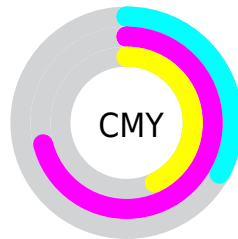


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (56%)

Yellow (15%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (71%)

Yellow (43%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 171, 75, 145 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 171, 75, 145 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



171, 75, 145



171, 75, 145

255, 255, 255



143, 48, 119



228, 128, 199



116, 18, 94



255, 155, 227



89, 0, 70



255, 183, 255



64, 0, 48



255, 211, 255



40, 0, 27



255, 240, 255



0, 0, 0



171, 75, 145



171, 75, 145



171, 58, 140




171, 92, 150




171, 41, 136





171, 109, 154


 171, 24, 131


 171, 126, 159


 171, 7, 126


 171, 143, 164

 171, 0, 125

 171, 160, 168

 171, 178, 173

 171, 195, 177

 171, 212, 182

 171, 229, 187

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



126, 94, 180



171, 75, 145



189, 67, 102

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



171, 75, 145



122, 112, 5



0, 130, 162

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



171, 75, 145



75, 171, 101

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 131, 120



171, 75, 145



76, 123, 34

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



171, 75, 145



158, 96, 24



0, 129, 75



0, 124, 191

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



171, 75, 145



187, 73, 73



0, 129, 75



0, 131, 149

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



171, 75, 145



222, 184, 212



101, 75, 171



112, 90, 106



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



171, 75, 145



222, 73, 182



171, 75, 97



87, 78, 84



150, 0, 110



23, 0, 17

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



171, 75, 145



222, 73, 182



75, 171, 149



87, 78, 84



150, 0, 110



23, 0, 17

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 75, 145 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

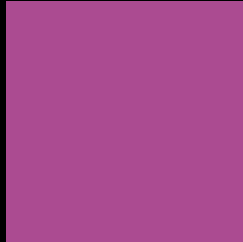
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 171, 75, 145 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 171, 75, 145 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 75, 145.

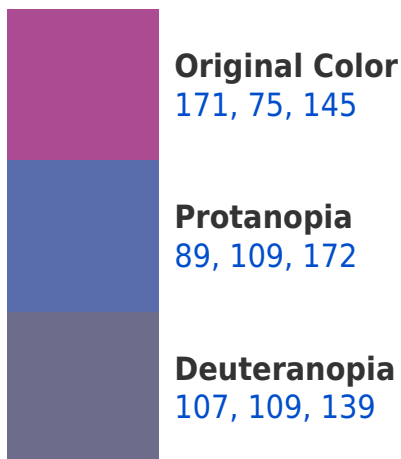


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 171, 75, 145.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
166, 87, 94

Trichromacy



Original Color

171, 75, 145

Protanomaly

119, 97, 162

Deuteranomaly

130, 97, 141

Tritanomaly

168, 83, 113

Monochromacy



Original Color

171, 75, 145

Achromatopsia

112, 112, 112

Achromatomaly

133, 99, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 171, 75, 145 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(171, 75, 145)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(171, 75, 145)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(171, 75, 145) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(171, 75, 145) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 171, 75, 145 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(171, 75, 145) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(171, 75, 145) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(171, 75, 145)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(171, 75, 145); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 75, 145);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(171, 75,  
145) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 171, 75, 145 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(171, 75, 145) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(171, 75,  
145) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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