

Converting Colors

RGB(172, 105, 118)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(172, 105, 118) contains.

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Color

RGB(172, 105, 118)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AC6976
RGB	172, 105, 118
RGB Percent	67%, 41%, 46%
CMY	0.3255, 0.5882, 0.5373
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.31, 0.33
HSL	348°, 29%, 54%
HSV	348°, 39%, 67%
XYZ	25.3348, 20.1818, 19.6997
YIQ	126.5150, 35.7590, 18.2470

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

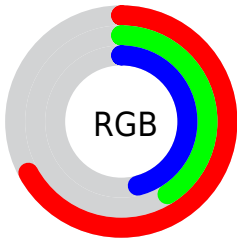
Format	Color
R_{YB}	172, 105, 118
Decimal	11299190
CIE Lab	52.04, 28.50, 4.20
CIE LCh	52, 28.805, 8.377
Yxy	20.1818, 0.3885, 0.3095
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289489270 (0xFFAC6976)
YUV	126.5150, -4.1979, 39.8903
Hunter-Lab	44.9242, 22.0472, 5.4476

Details

The RGB color **172, 105, 118** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **105, 172, 159**, and the grayscale version is **127, 127, 127**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 157, 170**, and **118, 56, 70** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 88, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 122, 132**.

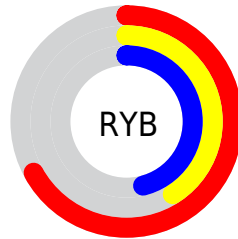
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (41%)

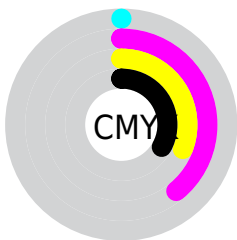
Blue (46%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (41%)

Blue (46%)

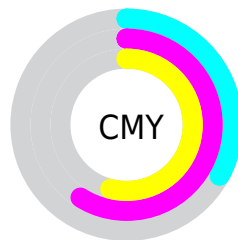


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (31%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)


Magenta (59%)

Yellow (54%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 172, 105, 118 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 172, 105, 118 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 172, 105, 118

255, 255, 255

 229, 157, 170

 255, 184, 197


 255, 212, 225

 255, 241, 254

 172, 105, 118

 144, 80, 93

 118, 56, 70

 91, 33, 48

 66, 8, 27

 45, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 172, 105, 118

 172, 88, 104

 172, 71, 90

 172, 105, 118

 172, 122, 132

 172, 139, 146

■ 172, 53, 76

■ 172, 157, 160

■ 172, 36, 63

■ 172, 174, 173

■ 172, 19, 49

■ 172, 191, 187

■ 172, 2, 35

■ 172, 208, 201

■ 172, 0, 33

■ 172, 225, 215

■ 172, 243, 229

■ 172, 255, 243

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



161, 108, 143



172, 105, 118



170, 109, 95

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172, 105, 118



107, 132, 85



59, 132, 169

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172, 105, 118



105, 172, 159

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



27, 136, 154



172, 105, 118



77, 136, 105

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172, 105, 118



134, 125, 75



44, 137, 130



100, 124, 173

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172, 105, 118



161, 114, 83



44, 137, 130



45, 133, 165

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172, 105, 118



224, 197, 203



159, 105, 172



112, 96, 100



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172, 105, 118



224, 119, 139



172, 125, 105



87, 78, 80



150, 0, 29



23, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 105, 118



224, 119, 139



105, 152, 172



87, 78, 80



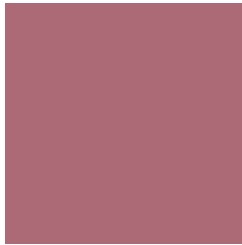
150, 0, 29



23, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 105, 118 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 105, 118 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

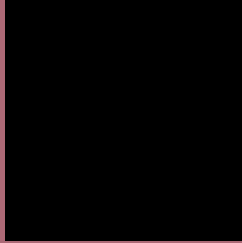
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 172, 105, 118 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 105, 118.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 105, 118.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
172, 106, 114

Trichromacy



Original Color

172, 105, 118

Protanomaly

143, 117, 125

Deuteranomaly

152, 115, 116

Tritanomaly

172, 106, 115

Monochromacy



Original Color

172, 105, 118

Achromatopsia

127, 127, 127

Achromatomaly

143, 119, 124

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 172, 105, 118 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 105, 118)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 105, 118)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 105, 118) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 105, 118) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 172, 105, 118 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 105, 118) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 105, 118) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 105, 118)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 105, 118); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 105, 118);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 105,  
118) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 172, 105, 118 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 105, 118) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
105, 118) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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