

# Converting Colors

RGB(172, 112, 95)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(172, 112, 95) contains.

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**Color**

**RGB(172, 112, 95)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AC705F
RGB	172, 112, 95
RGB Percent	67%, 44%, 37%
CMY	0.3255, 0.5608, 0.6275
CMYK	0.00, 0.35, 0.45, 0.33
HSL	13°, 32%, 52%
HSV	13°, 45%, 67%
XYZ	24.8730, 21.1852, 13.6047
YIQ	128.0020, 41.2170, 7.4330

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

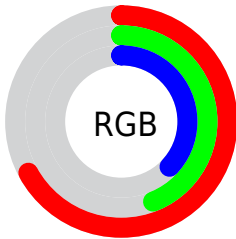
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	172, 117, 95
Decimal	11300959
CIELab	53.15, 21.75, 19.24
CIELCh	53, 29.038, 41.499
Yxy	21.1852, 0.4169, 0.3551
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289491039 (0xFFAC705F)
YUV	128.0020, -16.2700, 38.5862
Hunter-Lab	46.0274, 15.9126, 14.6944

# Details

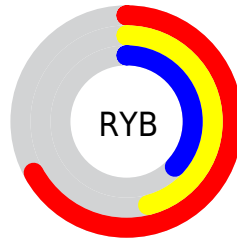
The RGB color **172, 112, 95** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **95, 155, 172**, and the grayscale version is **128, 128, 128**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 164, 146**, and **117, 63, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 99, 78**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 125, 112**.

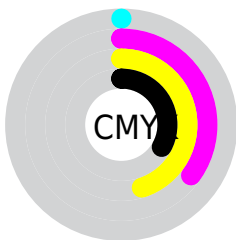
# Distribution



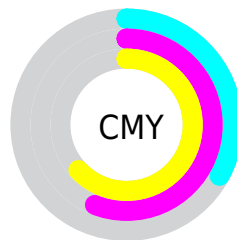
- Red (67%)
- Green (44%)
- Blue (37%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (46%)
- Blue (37%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (35%)
- Yellow (45%)
- Black (33%)
















- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (56%)
- Yellow (63%)







# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 172, 112, 95 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 172, 112, 95 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 172, 112, 95	 172, 112, 95
 255, 255, 255	 144, 87, 71
 229, 164, 146	 117, 63, 49
 255, 191, 172	 91, 41, 27
 255, 219, 199	 65, 18, 2
 255, 248, 228	 41, 0, 0
	 0, 0, 0

 172, 112, 95	 172, 112, 95
 172, 99, 78	 172, 125, 112
 172, 85, 61	 172, 139, 129

■ 172, 72, 43

■ 172, 152, 147

■ 172, 58, 26

■ 172, 166, 164

■ 172, 45, 9

■ 172, 179, 181

■ 172, 38, 0

■ 172, 192, 198

■ 172, 206, 215

■ 172, 219, 233

■ 172, 233, 250

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176, 108, 118



172, 112, 95



157, 120, 80

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172, 112, 95



76, 139, 110



107, 126, 176

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172, 112, 95



95, 155, 172

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



66, 134, 174



172, 112, 95



43, 140, 136

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172, 112, 95



107, 135, 89



31, 139, 159



142, 117, 164

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172, 112, 95



142, 126, 77



31, 139, 159



94, 129, 176



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172, 112, 95



224, 202, 195



172, 95, 155



112, 98, 94



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172, 112, 95



224, 130, 103



172, 150, 95



87, 80, 78



150, 33, 0



23, 5, 0



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



95, 155, 172



103, 198, 224



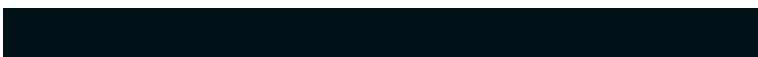
95, 117, 172



78, 85, 87



0, 117, 150



0, 18, 23



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 112, 95 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

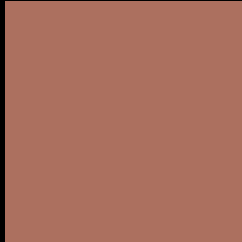
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 112, 95 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

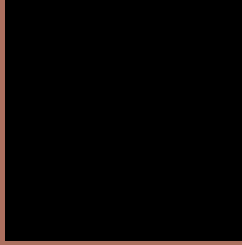
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 172, 112, 95 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 112, 95.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 112, 95.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy



**Original Color**


172, 112, 95

**Protanopia**

135, 127, 102

**Deuteranopia**

151, 122, 93



**Tritanopia**  
174, 109, 117

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

172, 112, 95

**Protanomaly**

148, 122, 99

**Deuteranomaly**

159, 118, 94

**Tritanomaly**

173, 110, 109

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

172, 112, 95

**Achromatopsia**

128, 128, 128

**Achromatomaly**

144, 122, 116

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 172, 112, 95 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 112, 95)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 112, 95)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 112, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 112, 95) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 172, 112, 95 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 112, 95) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 112, 95) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 112, 95) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 112, 95); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 112, 95);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 112,  
95) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 172, 112, 95 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 112, 95) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
112, 95) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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