

Converting Colors

RGB(172, 162, 97)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(172, 162, 97) contains.

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Color

RGB(172, 162, 97)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACA261
RGB	172, 162, 97
RGB Percent	67%, 64%, 38%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3647, 0.6196
CMYK	0.00, 0.06, 0.44, 0.33
HSL	52°, 31%, 53%
HSV	52°, 44%, 67%
XYZ	32.0913, 35.4744, 16.4651
YIQ	157.5800, 26.8250, -18.0950

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

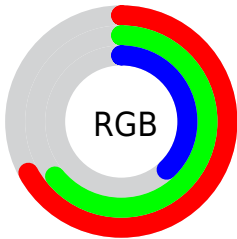
Format	Color
RYB	109, 172, 97
Decimal	11313761
CIELab	66.12, -5.78, 35.03
CIELCh	66, 35.501, 99.377
Yxy	35.4744, 0.3819, 0.4222
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289503841 (0xFFACA261)
YUV	157.5800, -29.8659, 12.6463
Hunter-Lab	59.5604, -8.0545, 25.3019

Details

The RGB color **172, 162, 97** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **999966**. A complement of this color would be **97, 107, 172**, and the grayscale version is **158, 158, 158**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 217, 149**, and **118, 111, 49** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 160, 80**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 164, 114**.

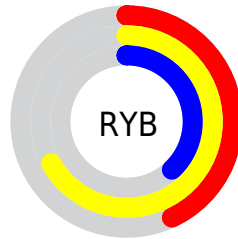
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (64%)

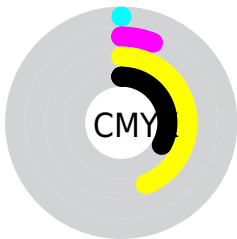
Blue (38%)



Red (43%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (38%)

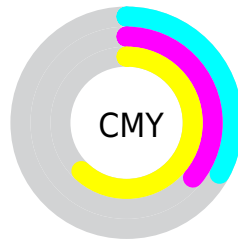


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (44%)

Black (33%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (62%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 172, 162, 97 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 172, 162, 97 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 172, 162, 97

■ 172, 162, 97

255, 255, 255

■ 145, 136, 72

■ 229, 217, 149

■ 118, 111, 49

■ 255, 245, 176

■ 92, 86, 25

■ 255, 255, 203

■ 67, 63, 0

■ 255, 255, 232

■ 44, 41, 0

■ 18, 22, 0

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 172, 162, 97

■ 172, 162, 97


■ 172, 160, 80

■ 172, 164, 114


 172, 157, 63


 172, 167, 131


 172, 155, 45

 172, 169, 149

 172, 153, 28

 172, 171, 166


 172, 151, 11


 172, 173, 183

 172, 149, 0

 172, 176, 200

 172, 178, 217

 172, 180, 235

 172, 183, 252

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



201, 151, 101



172, 162, 97



137, 171, 110

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172, 162, 97



29, 176, 200



209, 139, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172, 162, 97



97, 107, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



177, 149, 210



172, 162, 97



76, 170, 220

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172, 162, 97



54, 178, 170



131, 160, 223



223, 136, 152

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172, 162, 97



111, 175, 127



131, 160, 223



200, 142, 194

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172, 162, 97



224, 221, 195



172, 97, 107



112, 110, 94



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172, 162, 97



224, 209, 108



146, 172, 97



87, 86, 78



150, 130, 0



23, 20, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



97, 107, 172



108, 123, 224



124, 97, 172



78, 79, 87



0, 20, 150



0, 3, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 162, 97 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 162, 97 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

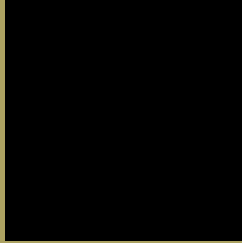
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 172, 162, 97 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 162, 97.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 162, 97.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


172, 162, 97

Protanopia

176, 161, 97

Deuteranopia

194, 153, 99



Tritanopia
179, 154, 166

Trichromacy



Original Color

172, 162, 97

Protanomaly

175, 161, 97

Deuteranomaly

186, 156, 98

Tritanomaly

176, 157, 141

Monochromacy



Original Color

172, 162, 97

Achromatopsia

158, 158, 158

Achromatomaly

163, 159, 136

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 172, 162, 97 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 162, 97)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 162, 97)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 162, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 162, 97) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 172, 162, 97 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 162, 97) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 162, 97) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 162, 97) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 162, 97); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 162, 97);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 162,  
97) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 172, 162, 97 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 162, 97) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
162, 97) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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