

Converting Colors

RGB(172, 170, 180)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(172, 170, 180) contains.

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Color

RGB(172, 170, 180)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACAAB4
RGB	172, 170, 180
RGB Percent	67%, 67%, 71%
CMY	0.3255, 0.3333, 0.2941
CMYK	0.04, 0.06, 0.00, 0.29
HSL	252°, 6%, 69%
HSV	252°, 6%, 71%
XYZ	39.6262, 40.8154, 48.9697
YIQ	171.7380, -2.0180, 3.5340

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

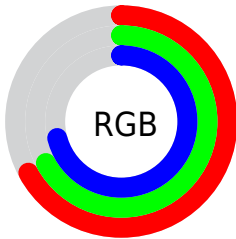
Format	Color
RYB	172, 170, 180
Decimal	11315892
CIELab	70.05, 2.63, -4.88
CIELCh	70, 5.543, 298.372
Yxy	40.8154, 0.3062, 0.3154
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289505972 (0xFFACAAB4)
YUV	171.7380, 4.0732, 0.2298
Hunter-Lab	63.8869, -1.0866, -0.7252

Details

The RGB color **172, 170, 180** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **178, 180, 170**, and the grayscale version is **172, 172, 172**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **227, 225, 236**, and **120, 118, 127** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **158, 152, 180**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **186, 188, 180**.

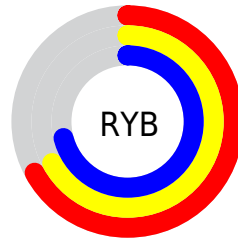
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (67%)

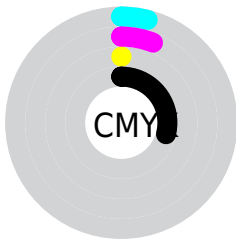
Blue (71%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (67%)

Blue (71%)

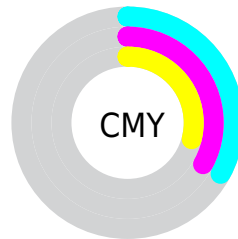


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (6%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (33%)

Yellow (29%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 172, 170, 180 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 172, 170, 180 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 172, 170, 180

255, 255, 255

■ 227, 225, 236

255, 254, 255

■ 172, 170, 180

■ 145, 144, 153

■ 120, 118, 127

■ 95, 93, 102

■ 71, 70, 78

■ 49, 47, 55

■ 28, 27, 34

■ 1, 0, 12

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 172, 170, 180

■ 172, 170, 180

■ 158, 152, 180

■ 186, 188, 180

■ 143, 134, 180

■ 201, 206, 180

■ 129, 116, 180

■ 215, 224, 180

■ 114, 98, 180

■ 230, 242, 180

■ 100, 80, 180

■ 244, 255, 180

■ 86, 62, 180

■ 255, 255, 180

■ 71, 44, 180

■ 57, 26, 180

■ 42, 8, 180

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



166, 172, 181



172, 170, 180



178, 169, 177

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172, 170, 180



180, 169, 163



160, 174, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172, 170, 180



178, 180, 170

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



164, 174, 166



172, 170, 180



176, 171, 161

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172, 170, 180



182, 168, 167



170, 172, 162



159, 174, 176

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172, 170, 180



180, 168, 173



170, 172, 162



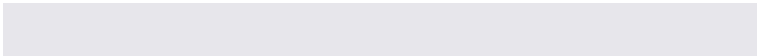
161, 174, 169

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172, 170, 180



231, 230, 235



170, 178, 180



115, 115, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172, 170, 180



221, 218, 235



177, 170, 180



84, 82, 89



31, 0, 153



5, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



180, 170, 178



235, 218, 231



173, 180, 170



89, 82, 88



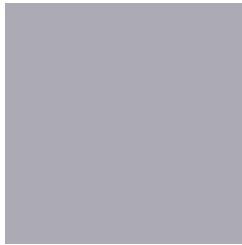
153, 0, 122



26, 0, 20

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 170, 180 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 170, 180 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

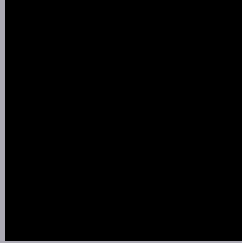
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

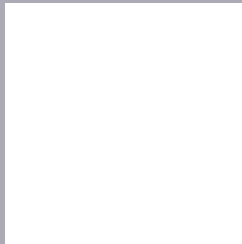
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 172, 170, 180 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 170, 180.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 170, 180.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
172, 170, 180

Protanopia
172, 170, 180

Deuteranopia
183, 166, 181



Tritanopia

172, 170, 183

Trichromacy



Original Color

172, 170, 180

Protanomaly

172, 170, 180

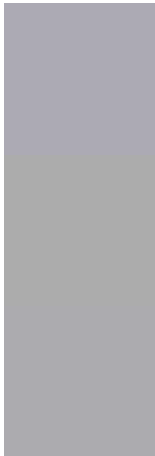
Deuteranomaly

179, 167, 181

Tritanomaly

172, 170, 182

Monochromacy



Original Color

172, 170, 180

Achromatopsia

172, 172, 172

Achromatomaly

172, 171, 175

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 172, 170, 180 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(172, 170, 180) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 170, 180)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 170, 180) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 170, 180) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 172, 170, 180 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 170, 180) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 170, 180) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 170, 180)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 170, 180); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 170, 180);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 170,  
180) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 172, 170, 180 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 170, 180) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
170, 180) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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