

Converting Colors

RGB(172, 182, 238)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(172, 182, 238) contains.

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Color

RGB(172, 182, 238)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ACB6EE
RGB	172, 182, 238
RGB Percent	67%, 71%, 93%
CMY	0.3255, 0.2863, 0.0667
CMYK	0.28, 0.24, 0.00, 0.07
HSL	231°, 66%, 80%
HSV	231°, 28%, 93%
XYZ	49.1738, 48.3996, 87.6392
YIQ	185.3940, -23.9360, 15.2960

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

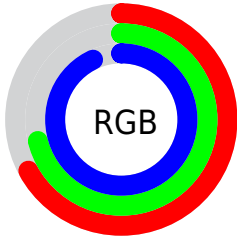
Format	Color
RYB	172, 181, 238
Decimal	11319022
CIELab	75.08, 8.82, -29.01
CIElCh	75, 30.325, 286.912
Yxy	48.3996, 0.2655, 0.2613
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289509102 (0xFFACB6EE)
YUV	185.3940, 25.9348, -11.7465
Hunter-Lab	69.5698, 4.4214, -25.9906

Details

The RGB color **172, 182, 238** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **238, 228, 172**, and the grayscale version is **185, 185, 185**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **228, 238, 255**, and **118, 129, 182** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **148, 162, 238**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **196, 202, 238**.

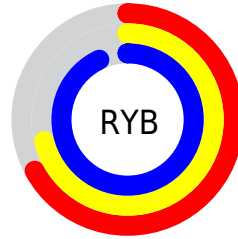
Distribution



Red (67%)

Green (71%)

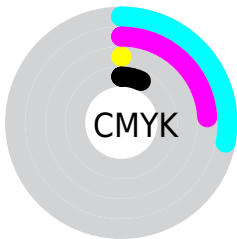
Blue (93%)



Red (67%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (93%)

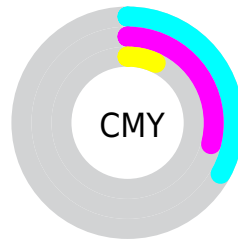


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (7%)



Cyan (33%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (7%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 172, 182, 238 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 172, 182, 238 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 172, 182, 238

255, 255, 255

■ 228, 238, 255

■ 172, 182, 238

■ 145, 155, 210

■ 118, 129, 182

■ 92, 104, 155

■ 67, 80, 129

■ 41, 57, 103

■ 13, 36, 79

■ 0, 15, 56

■ 0, 2, 34

■ 0, 0, 8

■ 172, 182, 238

■ 172, 182, 238

■ 148, 162, 238

■ 196, 202, 238

■ 124, 142, 238

■ 220, 222, 238

■ 101, 121, 238

■ 243, 243, 238

■ 77, 101, 238

■ 255, 255, 238

■ 53, 81, 238

■ 29, 61, 238

■ 5, 41, 238

■ 0, 36, 238

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



132, 191, 239



172, 182, 238



208, 172, 223

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172, 182, 238



235, 170, 145



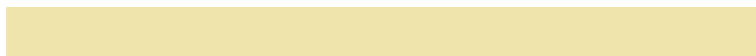
125, 200, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172, 182, 238



238, 228, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



157, 195, 146



172, 182, 238



216, 179, 131

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172, 182, 238



241, 165, 170



189, 188, 131



101, 200, 200

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172, 182, 238



226, 167, 207



189, 188, 131



135, 198, 162

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172, 182, 238



235, 238, 255



172, 238, 227



115, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172, 182, 238



171, 184, 255



194, 172, 238



108, 110, 120



0, 28, 184



0, 8, 56

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



238, 172, 182



255, 171, 184



216, 238, 172



120, 108, 110



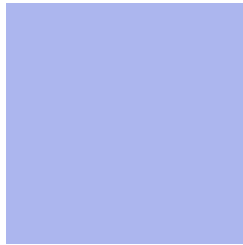
184, 0, 28



56, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 182, 238 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

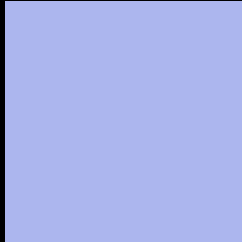
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 182, 238 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

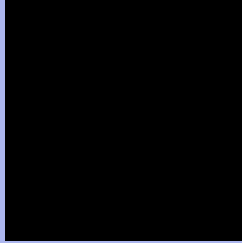
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 172, 182, 238 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 182, 238.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 182, 238.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
172, 182, 238

Protanopia
170, 183, 238

Deuteranopia
174, 181, 238



Tritanopia
165, 188, 203

Trichromacy



Original Color
172, 182, 238

Protanomaly
171, 183, 238

Deuteranomaly
173, 181, 238

Tritanomaly
168, 186, 216

Monochromacy



Original Color
172, 182, 238

Achromatopsia
185, 185, 185

Achromatomaly
180, 184, 204

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 172, 182, 238 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 182, 238)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 182, 238)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 182, 238) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 182, 238) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 172, 182, 238 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

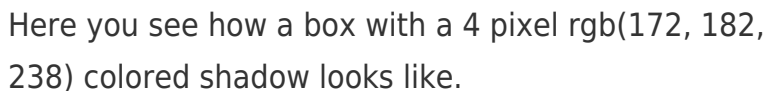
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 182, 238) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 182, 238) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 182, 238)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 182, 238); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 182, 238);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 182,  
238) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 172, 182, 238 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 182, 238) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172,  
182, 238) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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