

Converting Colors

RGB(172, 89, 105)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(172, 89, 105) contains.

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Color

RGB(172, 89, 105)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AC5969
RGB	172, 89, 105
RGB Percent	67%, 35%, 41%
CMY	0.3255, 0.6510, 0.5882
CMYK	0.00, 0.48, 0.39, 0.33
HSL	348°, 33%, 51%
HSV	348°, 48%, 67%
XYZ	23.1354, 16.9353, 15.4141
YIQ	115.6410, 44.3320, 22.5720

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

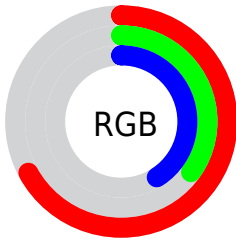
Format	Color
R_{YB}	172, 89, 105
Decimal	11295081
CIE Lab	48.18, 35.56, 6.42
CIE LCh	48, 36.131, 10.230
Yxy	16.9353, 0.4170, 0.3052
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289485161 (0xFFAC5969)
YUV	115.6410, -5.2460, 49.4268
Hunter-Lab	41.1526, 28.3334, 6.5992

Details

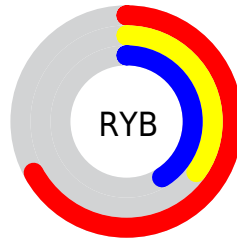
The RGB color **172, 89, 105** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **89, 172, 156**, and the grayscale version is **116, 116, 116**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 141, 156**, and **117, 39, 58** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 72, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **172, 106, 119**.

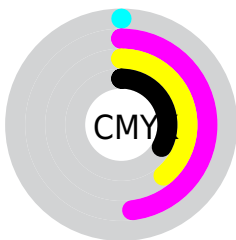
Distribution



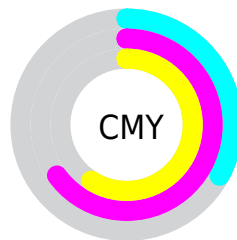
- Red (67%)
- Green (35%)
- Blue (41%)



- Red (67%)
- Yellow (35%)
- Blue (41%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (48%)
- Yellow (39%)
- Black (33%)























- Cyan (33%)
- Magenta (65%)
- Yellow (59%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 172, 89, 105 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 172, 89, 105 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 172, 89, 105	 172, 89, 105
 255, 255, 255	 144, 64, 81
 230, 141, 156	 117, 39, 58
 255, 168, 183	 90, 12, 37
 255, 196, 210	 64, 0, 16
 255, 224, 239	 41, 0, 1
 255, 253, 255	 0, 0, 0

 172, 89, 105	 172, 89, 105
 172, 72, 91	 172, 106, 119
 172, 55, 77	 172, 123, 133

■ 172, 37, 63

■ 172, 141, 147

■ 172, 20, 49

■ 172, 158, 161

■ 172, 3, 36

■ 172, 175, 174

■ 172, 0, 33

■ 172, 192, 188

■ 172, 209, 202

■ 172, 227, 216

■ 172, 244, 230

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



160, 92, 136



172, 89, 105



167, 95, 76

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



172, 89, 105



90, 124, 66



0, 123, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



172, 89, 105



89, 172, 156

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 128, 153



172, 89, 105



46, 129, 93

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



172, 89, 105



123, 116, 52



0, 130, 124



83, 114, 174

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



172, 89, 105



157, 102, 62



0, 130, 124



0, 125, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



172, 89, 105



224, 193, 199



155, 89, 172



112, 93, 97



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



172, 89, 105



224, 94, 119



172, 114, 89



87, 78, 80



150, 0, 29



23, 0, 4

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



172, 89, 105



224, 94, 119



89, 147, 172



87, 78, 80



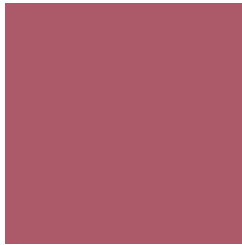
150, 0, 29



23, 0, 4

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 89, 105 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

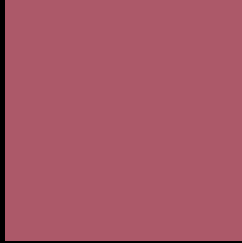
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 172, 89, 105 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 172, 89, 105 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 89, 105.

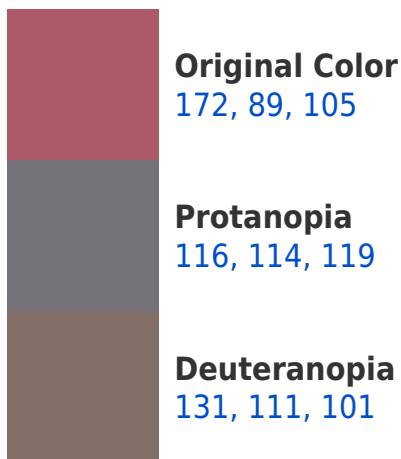


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 172, 89, 105.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
171, 90, 97

Trichromacy



Original Color

172, 89, 105

Protanomaly

136, 105, 114

Deuteranomaly

146, 103, 102

Tritanomaly

171, 90, 100

Monochromacy



Original Color

172, 89, 105

Achromatopsia

116, 116, 116

Achromatomaly

136, 106, 112

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 172, 89, 105 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(172, 89, 105)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(172, 89, 105)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(172, 89, 105) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(172, 89, 105) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 172, 89, 105 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(172, 89, 105) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(172, 89, 105) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(172, 89, 105)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(172, 89, 105); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 89, 105);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(172, 89,  
105) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 172, 89, 105 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(172, 89, 105) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(172, 89,  
105) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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