

Converting Colors

RGB(173, 121, 121)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(173, 121, 121) contains.

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Color

RGB(173, 121, 121)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1	
Format	Color
Hex	AD7979
RGB	173, 121, 121
RGB Percent	68%, 47%, 47%
CMY	0.3216, 0.5255, 0.5255
CMYK	0.00, 0.30, 0.30, 0.32
HSL	0°, 24%, 58%
HSV	0°, 30%, 68%
XYZ	27.5221, 23.9395, 21.2594
YIQ	136.5480, 30.9920, 11.0240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

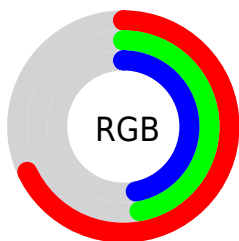
Format	Color
RYB	173, 121, 121
Decimal	11368825
CIELab	56.03, 20.33, 8.16
CIELCh	56, 21.903, 21.866
Yxy	23.9395, 0.3785, 0.3292
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289558905 (0xFFAD7979)
YUV	136.5480, -7.6652, 31.9684
Hunter-Lab	48.9280, 14.7829, 8.4879

Details

The RGB color **173, 121, 121** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **121, 173, 173**, and the grayscale version is **137, 137, 137**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 174, 173**, and **119, 72, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173, 104, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173, 138, 138**.

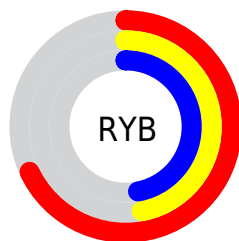
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (47%)

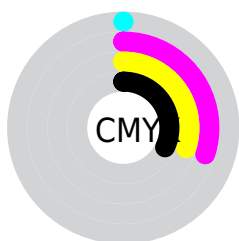
Blue (47%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (47%)

Blue (47%)

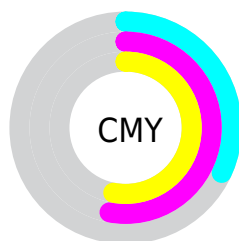


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (30%)

Yellow (30%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (53%)

Yellow (53%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 173, 121, 121 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 173, 121, 121 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173, 121, 121

255, 255, 255

 230, 174, 173

 255, 201, 201


 255, 229, 229

 173, 121, 121

 146, 96, 96

 119, 72, 73

 93, 49, 50

 68, 27, 29

 45, 4, 3

 8, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 173, 121, 121

 173, 104, 104

 173, 121, 121

 173, 138, 138

 173, 86, 86

 173, 156, 156

 173, 69, 69

 173, 173, 173

 173, 52, 52

 173, 190, 190

 173, 34, 34

 173, 208, 208

 173, 17, 17

 173, 225, 225

 173, 0, 0

 173, 242, 242

 173, 255, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



169, 121, 140



173, 121, 121



167, 125, 105

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 121, 121



112, 142, 110



103, 138, 172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 121, 121



121, 173, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



82, 142, 164



173, 121, 121



91, 145, 128

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 121, 121



134, 137, 99



78, 145, 148



130, 131, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 121, 121



158, 129, 99



78, 145, 148



95, 139, 170

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 121, 121



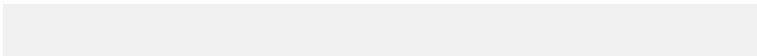
224, 204, 204



173, 121, 173



112, 100, 100



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 121, 121



224, 144, 144



173, 147, 121



87, 78, 78



150, 0, 0



23, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



121, 173, 173



144, 224, 224



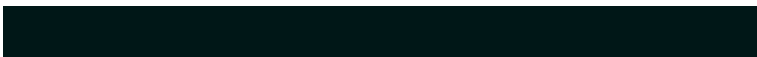
121, 147, 173



78, 87, 87



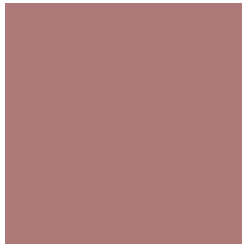
0, 150, 150



0, 23, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 121, 121 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

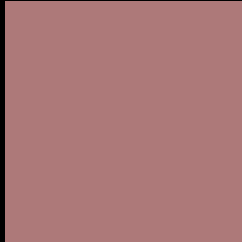
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 121, 121 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

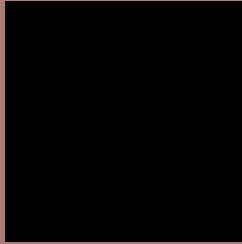
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 173, 121, 121 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 121, 121.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 121, 121.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

173, 121, 121

Protanopia

139, 134, 128

Deuteranopia

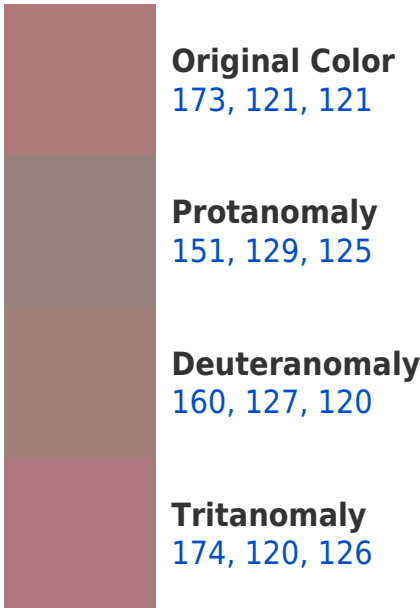
153, 130, 119



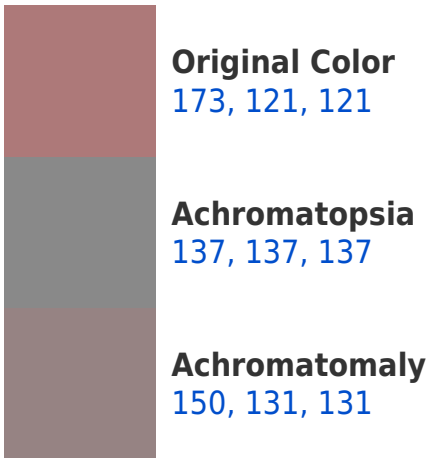
Tritanopia

174, 120, 129

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 173, 121, 121 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(173, 121, 121) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 121, 121)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 121, 121) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 121, 121) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 173, 121, 121 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 121, 121) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 121, 121) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 121, 121)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 121, 121); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 121, 121);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 121,  
121) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 173, 121, 121 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 121, 121) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
121, 121) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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