

Converting Colors

RGB(173, 123, 150)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(173, 123, 150) contains.

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Color

RGB(173, 123, 150)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD7B96
RGB	173, 123, 150
RGB Percent	68%, 48%, 59%
CMY	0.3216, 0.5176, 0.4118
CMYK	0.00, 0.29, 0.13, 0.32
HSL	328°, 23%, 58%
HSV	328°, 29%, 68%
XYZ	29.8216, 25.2522, 32.1565
YIQ	141.0280, 21.1330, 18.9970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

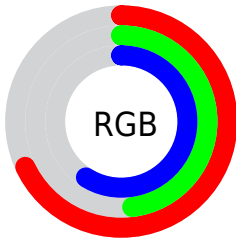
Format	Color
RYB	173, 123, 150
Decimal	11369366
CIELab	57.32, 23.72, -6.77
CIELCh	57, 24.669, 344.062
Yxy	25.2522, 0.3419, 0.2895
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289559446 (0xFFAD7B96)
YUV	141.0280, 4.4232, 28.0394
Hunter-Lab	50.2515, 17.9899, -2.7643

Details

The RGB color **173, 123, 150** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996699**. A complement of this color would be **123, 173, 146**, and the grayscale version is **141, 141, 141**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 176, 204**, and **120, 73, 99** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173, 106, 142**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173, 140, 158**.

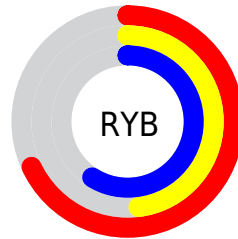
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (48%)

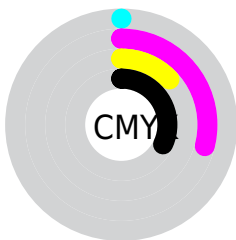
Blue (59%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (48%)

Blue (59%)

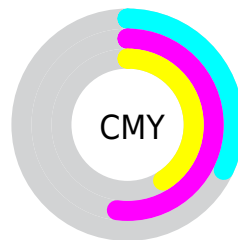


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (29%)

Yellow (13%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (52%)

Yellow (41%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 173, 123, 150 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 173, 123, 150 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173, 123, 150

255, 255, 255

 229, 176, 204

 255, 204, 232

 255, 232, 255

 173, 123, 150

 146, 98, 124

 120, 73, 99

 94, 50, 75

 70, 28, 53

 46, 5, 32

 24, 0, 6


 0, 0, 0

 173, 123, 150


 173, 106, 142


 173, 123, 150


 173, 140, 158

 173, 88, 134


 173, 158, 166

 173, 71, 126


 173, 175, 174

 173, 54, 118

 173, 192, 182

 173, 37, 110

 173, 210, 190

 173, 19, 102

 173, 227, 198

 173, 2, 94

 173, 244, 206

 173, 0, 93

 173, 255, 214

 173, 255, 222

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



153, 129, 169



173, 123, 150



181, 122, 128

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 123, 150



143, 139, 96



72, 148, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 123, 150



123, 173, 146

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



74, 150, 147



173, 123, 150



118, 145, 106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 123, 150



163, 132, 97



94, 149, 125



94, 143, 178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 123, 150



180, 124, 115



94, 149, 125



70, 149, 161

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 123, 150



224, 204, 215



146, 123, 173



112, 100, 107



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 123, 150



224, 146, 188



173, 123, 126



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 81



23, 0, 12

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



173, 123, 150



224, 146, 188



123, 173, 171



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 81



23, 0, 12

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 123, 150 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

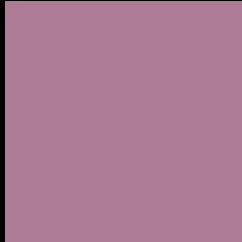
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 123, 150 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

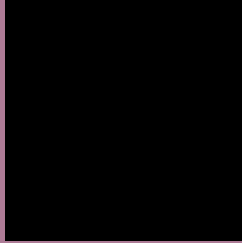
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 173, 123, 150 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 123, 150.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 123, 150.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

173, 123, 150

Protanopia

134, 137, 159

Deuteranopia

147, 134, 148



Tritanopia
171, 126, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color
173, 123, 150

Protanomaly
148, 132, 156

Deuteranomaly
156, 130, 149

Tritanomaly
172, 125, 140

Monochromacy



Original Color
173, 123, 150

Achromatopsia
141, 141, 141

Achromatomaly
153, 134, 144

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 173, 123, 150 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 123, 150)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 123, 150)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 123, 150) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 123, 150) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 173, 123, 150 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 123, 150) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 123, 150) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 123, 150)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 123, 150); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 123, 150);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 123,  
150) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 173, 123, 150 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 123, 150) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
123, 150) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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