

Converting Colors

RGB(173, 129, 108)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(173, 129, 108) contains.

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Color

RGB(173, 129, 108)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AD816C
RGB	173, 129, 108
RGB Percent	68%, 51%, 42%
CMY	0.3216, 0.4941, 0.5765
CMYK	0.00, 0.25, 0.38, 0.32
HSL	19°, 28%, 55%
HSV	19°, 38%, 68%
XYZ	27.7906, 25.6675, 17.6769
YIQ	139.7620, 32.9650, 2.7970

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

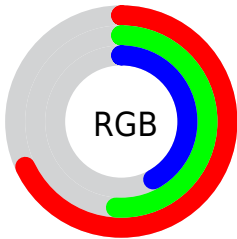
Format	Color
RYB	173, 139, 108
Decimal	11370860
CIELab	57.72, 14.10, 18.00
CIELCh	58, 22.865, 51.920
Yxy	25.6675, 0.3907, 0.3608
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289560940 (0xFFAD816C)
YUV	139.7620, -15.6587, 29.1497
Hunter-Lab	50.6631, 9.2537, 14.7772

Details

The RGB color **173, 129, 108** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **108, 152, 173**, and the grayscale version is **140, 140, 140**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 182, 160**, and **119, 80, 60** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **173, 117, 91**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **173, 141, 125**.

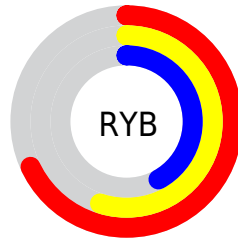
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (51%)

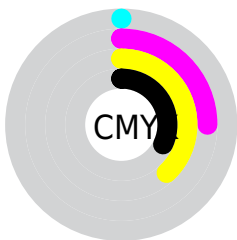
Blue (42%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (55%)

Blue (42%)

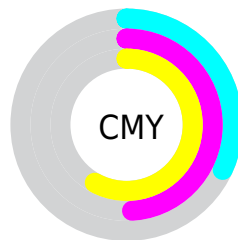


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (25%)

Yellow (38%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (49%)

Yellow (58%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 173, 129, 108 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 173, 129, 108 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173, 129, 108

255, 255, 255

 230, 182, 160

 255, 210, 187


 255, 238, 214


 255, 255, 243

 173, 129, 108


 146, 104, 84

 119, 80, 60

 93, 57, 38

 68, 35, 18

 44, 14, 0

 11, 0, 0

 0, 0, 0

 173, 129, 108

 173, 117, 91

 173, 129, 108

 173, 141, 125

173, 106, 73

173, 152, 143

173, 94, 56

173, 164, 160

173, 82, 39

173, 176, 177

173, 70, 22

173, 188, 195

173, 59, 4

173, 199, 212

173, 56, 0

173, 211, 229

173, 223, 246

173, 234, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



179, 125, 125



173, 129, 108



158, 136, 99

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 129, 108



93, 150, 132



134, 135, 176

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 129, 108



108, 152, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



106, 142, 178



173, 129, 108



79, 150, 153

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 129, 108



115, 147, 113



84, 147, 169



159, 129, 163

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 129, 108



145, 140, 99



84, 147, 169



125, 138, 177

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 129, 108



224, 208, 200



173, 108, 152



112, 102, 98



240, 240, 240



112, 112, 112

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 129, 108



224, 156, 123



173, 161, 108



87, 81, 78



150, 49, 0



23, 7, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



108, 152, 173



123, 192, 224



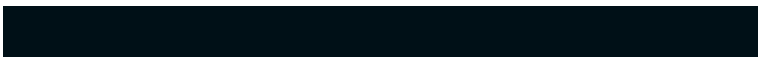
108, 120, 173



78, 84, 87



0, 102, 150



0, 16, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 129, 108 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

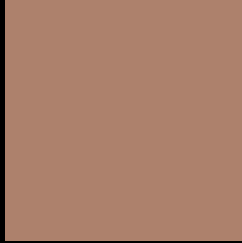
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 129, 108 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

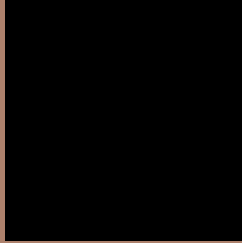
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 173, 129, 108 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 129, 108.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 129, 108.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
173, 129, 108

Protanopia
147, 139, 113

Deuteranopia
163, 133, 107



Tritanopia
176, 125, 135

Trichromacy



Original Color

173, 129, 108

Protanomaly

156, 135, 111

Deuteranomaly

167, 132, 107

Tritanomaly

175, 126, 125

Monochromacy



Original Color

173, 129, 108

Achromatopsia

140, 140, 140

Achromatomaly

152, 136, 128

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 173, 129, 108 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 129, 108)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 129, 108)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 129, 108) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 129, 108) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 173, 129, 108 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 129, 108) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 129, 108) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 129, 108)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 129, 108); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 129, 108);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 129,  
108) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 173, 129, 108 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 129, 108) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
129, 108) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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