

# Converting Colors

RGB(173, 133, 175)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(173, 133, 175) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(173, 133, 175)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AD85AF
RGB	173, 133, 175
RGB Percent	68%, 52%, 69%
CMY	0.3216, 0.4784, 0.3137
CMYK	0.01, 0.24, 0.00, 0.31
HSL	297°, 21%, 60%
HSV	297°, 24%, 69%
XYZ	33.3590, 28.7544, 44.3494
YIQ	149.7480, 10.3580, 21.5420

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

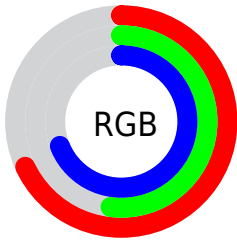
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	173, 133, 175
Decimal	11371951
CIELab	60.56, 22.67, -16.25
CIELCh	61, 27.893, 324.376
Yxy	28.7544, 0.3133, 0.2701
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289562031 (0xFFAD85AF)
YUV	149.7480, 12.4492, 20.3920
Hunter-Lab	53.6232, 17.2043, -11.5000

# Details

The RGB color **173, 133, 175** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **135, 175, 133**, and the grayscale version is **150, 150, 150**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 186, 231**, and **120, 83, 122** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 115, 175**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 151, 175**.

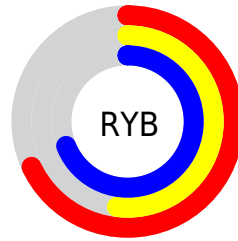
# Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (52%)

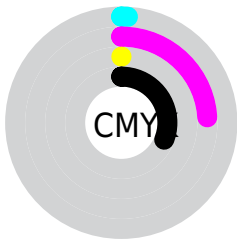
Blue (69%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (52%)

Blue (69%)

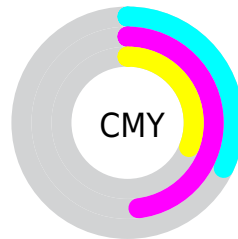


Cyan (1%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (48%)

Yellow (31%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 173, 133, 175 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 173, 133, 175 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.




 173, 133, 175


255, 255, 255

 229, 186, 231

 255, 214, 255


 255, 243, 255

 173, 133, 175

 146, 108, 148

 120, 83, 122

 95, 59, 98


 71, 37, 74


 47, 15, 51


 30, 0, 30


 0, 0, 0

 173, 133, 175


 172, 115, 175

 173, 133, 175


 174, 151, 175

 171, 98, 175

 175, 168, 175

 171, 81, 175


 176, 186, 175

 170, 63, 175

 176, 203, 175

 169, 46, 175

 177, 221, 175

 168, 28, 175

 178, 238, 175

 167, 11, 175

 179, 255, 175

 167, 0, 175

 180, 255, 175

 180, 255, 175

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143, 141, 191



173, 133, 175



191, 128, 152

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 133, 175



167, 143, 97



66, 159, 165

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 133, 175



135, 175, 133

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



85, 159, 140



173, 133, 175



142, 151, 101

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 133, 175



186, 135, 107



114, 156, 117



74, 156, 185

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 133, 175



195, 128, 135



114, 156, 117



70, 160, 157



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 133, 175



226, 211, 227



133, 135, 175



114, 106, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 133, 175



224, 161, 227



175, 133, 156



86, 78, 87



143, 0, 150



22, 0, 23



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 133, 135



227, 161, 164



133, 175, 152



87, 78, 78



150, 0, 7



23, 0, 1



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 133, 175 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

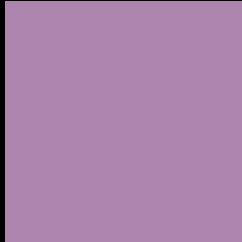
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 133, 175 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

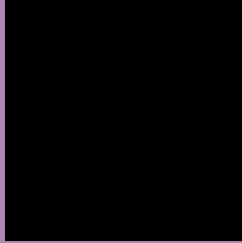
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 173, 133, 175 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 133, 175.

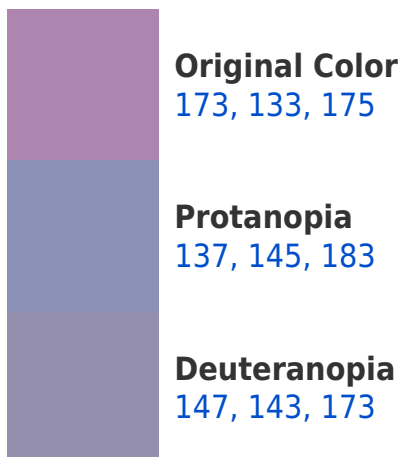


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 133, 175.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





**Tritanopia**  
169, 138, 149

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**  
173, 133, 175

**Protanomaly**  
150, 141, 180

**Deuteranomaly**  
156, 139, 174

**Tritanomaly**  
170, 136, 158

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**  
173, 133, 175

**Achromatopsia**  
150, 150, 150

**Achromatomaly**  
158, 144, 159

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 173, 133, 175 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 133, 175)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 133, 175)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 133, 175) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 133, 175) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 173, 133, 175 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 133, 175) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 133, 175) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(173, 133, 175)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 133, 175); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 133, 175);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 133,  
175) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 173, 133, 175 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 133, 175) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
133, 175) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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