

Converting Colors

RGB(173, 188, 235)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(173, 188, 235) contains.

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Color

RGB(173, 188, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADBCEB
RGB	173, 188, 235
RGB Percent	68%, 74%, 92%
CMY	0.3216, 0.2627, 0.0784
CMYK	0.26, 0.20, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	225°, 61%, 80%
HSV	225°, 26%, 92%
XYZ	50.2122, 50.8488, 85.7656
YIQ	188.8730, -24.0270, 11.4370

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

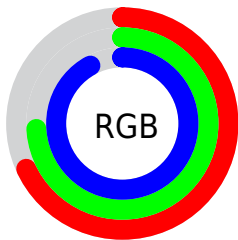
Format	Color
RYB	173, 185, 235
Decimal	11386091
CIELab	76.59, 5.11, -25.07
CIElCh	77, 25.589, 281.529
Yxy	50.8488, 0.2688, 0.2722
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289576171 (0xFFADBCEB)
YUV	188.8730, 22.7406, -13.9206
Hunter-Lab	71.3084, 0.9022, -21.3947

Details

The RGB color **173, 188, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCCCFF**. A complement of this color would be **235, 220, 173**, and the grayscale version is **189, 189, 189**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **229, 244, 255**, and **119, 135, 179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149, 170, 235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 206, 235**.

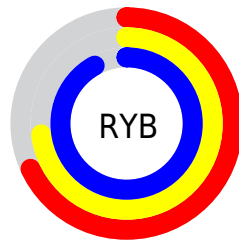
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (74%)

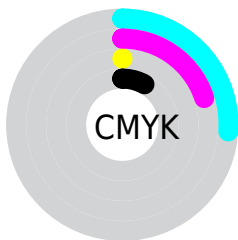
Blue (92%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (73%)

Blue (92%)

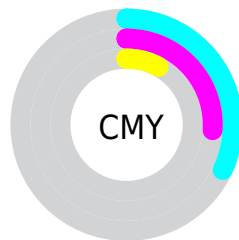


Cyan (26%)

Magenta (20%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (8%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (26%)

Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 173, 188, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 173, 188, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 173, 188, 235

255, 255, 255

■ 229, 244, 255

■ 173, 188, 235

■ 146, 161, 207

■ 119, 135, 179

■ 94, 110, 152

■ 68, 85, 126

■ 43, 62, 101

■ 17, 41, 77

■ 0, 20, 54

■ 0, 2, 32

■ 0, 0, 5

■ 173, 188, 235

■ 173, 188, 235

■ 149, 170, 235

■ 197, 206, 235

■ 126, 152, 235

■ 220, 224, 235

■ 103, 135, 235

■ 244, 241, 235

■ 79, 117, 235

■ 255, 255, 235

■ 56, 99, 235

■ 32, 81, 235

■ 9, 63, 235

■ 0, 57, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



142, 195, 233



173, 188, 235



204, 180, 224

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 188, 235



234, 175, 159



144, 201, 173

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 188, 235



235, 220, 173

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



171, 197, 153



173, 188, 235



220, 182, 145

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 188, 235



237, 172, 181



197, 190, 143



125, 202, 198

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 188, 235



221, 175, 212



197, 190, 143



153, 200, 166

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 188, 235



235, 240, 255



173, 235, 219



115, 118, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 188, 235



173, 193, 255



189, 173, 235



106, 108, 117



0, 44, 181



0, 13, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 173, 188



255, 173, 193



219, 235, 173



117, 106, 108



181, 0, 44



54, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 188, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

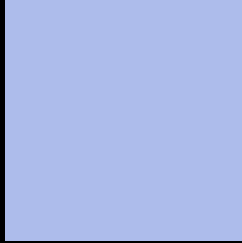
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 188, 235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

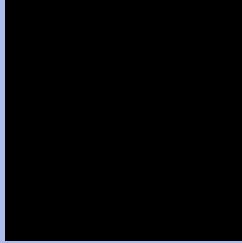
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 173, 188, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 188, 235.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 188, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

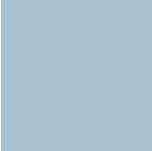
Dichromacy



Original Color
173, 188, 235

Protanopia
177, 187, 234

Deuteranopia
183, 185, 236



Tritanopia
168, 193, 208

Trichromacy



Original Color

173, 188, 235

Protanomaly

176, 187, 234

Deuteranomaly

179, 186, 236

Tritanomaly

170, 191, 218

Monochromacy



Original Color

173, 188, 235

Achromatopsia

189, 189, 189

Achromatomaly

183, 189, 206

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 173, 188, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 188, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 188, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 188, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 188, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 173, 188, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 188, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 188, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 188, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 188, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 188, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 188,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 173, 188, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 188, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
188, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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