

Converting Colors

RGB(173, 244, 221)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(173, 244, 221) contains.

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Color

RGB(173, 244, 221)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	ADF4DD
RGB	173, 244, 221
RGB Percent	68%, 96%, 87%
CMY	0.3216, 0.0431, 0.1333
CMYK	0.29, 0.00, 0.09, 0.04
HSL	161°, 76%, 82%
HSV	161°, 29%, 96%
XYZ	62.6354, 78.8061, 80.3165
YIQ	220.1490, -34.9330, -22.2050

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

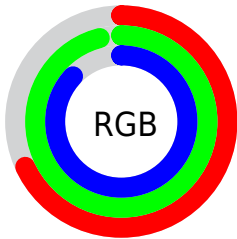
Format	Color
R_{YB}	173, 215, 244
Decimal	11400413
CIE _{Lab}	91.15, -26.73, 4.03
CIE _{LCh}	91, 27.032, 171.433
Yxy	78.8061, 0.2824, 0.3554
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289590493 (0xFFADF4DD)
YUV	220.1490, 0.4195, -41.3497
Hunter-Lab	88.7728, -29.4081, 8.4988

Details

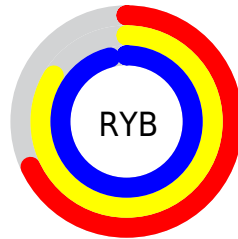
The RGB color **173, 244, 221** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99FFFF**. A complement of this color would be **244, 173, 196**, and the grayscale version is **220, 220, 220**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 255, 255**, and **118, 188, 166** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **149, 244, 213**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **197, 244, 229**.

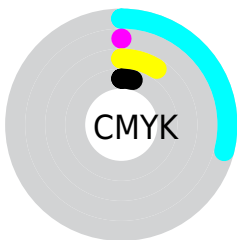
Distribution



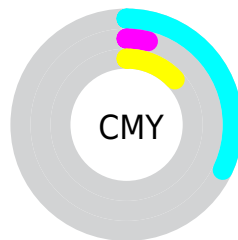
- Red (68%)
- Green (96%)
- Blue (87%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (84%)
- Blue (96%)



- Cyan (29%)
- Magenta (0%)
- Yellow (9%)
- Black (4%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (4%)
- Yellow (13%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 173, 244, 221 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 173, 244, 221 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 173, 244, 221


255, 255, 255


 230, 255, 255

 173, 244, 221

 145, 215, 193

 118, 188, 166

 92, 160, 140

 66, 134, 114

 39, 108, 90

 3, 84, 66

 0, 60, 44

 0, 38, 24

 0, 8, 0

 173, 244, 221

 173, 244, 221

 149, 244, 213

 197, 244, 229

 124, 244, 205

 222, 244, 237

 100, 244, 197

 246, 244, 245

 75, 244, 189

 255, 244, 253

 51, 244, 181

 255, 244, 255

 27, 244, 174

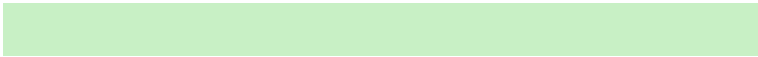
 2, 244, 166

 0, 244, 165

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200, 240, 197



173, 244, 221



158, 244, 248

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



173, 244, 221



224, 226, 255



255, 217, 190

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



173, 244, 221



244, 173, 196

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 212, 212



173, 244, 221



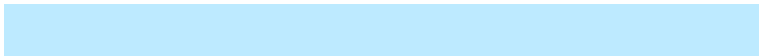
255, 217, 255

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



173, 244, 221



189, 234, 255



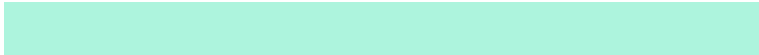
255, 212, 238



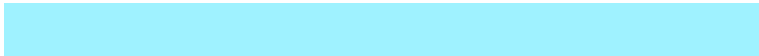
255, 225, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



173, 244, 221



159, 242, 255



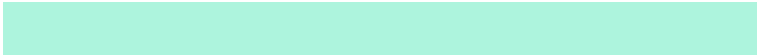
255, 212, 238



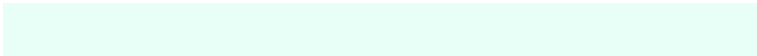
255, 215, 196

Sweetspot

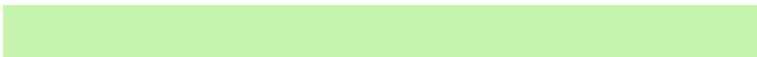
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



173, 244, 221



232, 255, 248



197, 244, 173



113, 128, 123



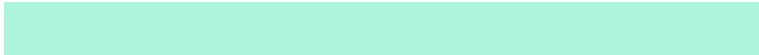
0, 0, 0



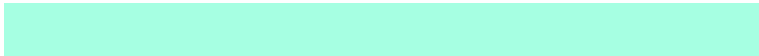
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



173, 244, 221



166, 255, 226



173, 232, 244



110, 122, 118



0, 186, 126



0, 59, 40

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



244, 173, 196



255, 166, 195



244, 185, 173



122, 110, 114



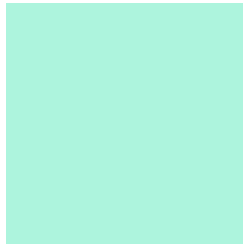
186, 0, 60



59, 0, 19

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 244, 221 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

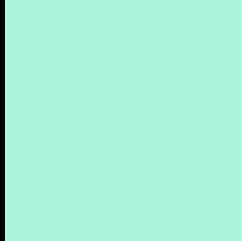
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 173, 244, 221 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

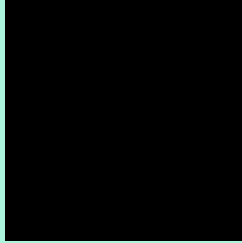
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 173, 244, 221 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 244, 221.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 173, 244, 221.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





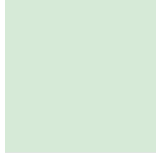
Tritanopia
186, 238, 255

Trichromacy



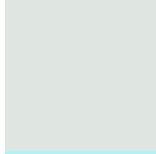
Original Color

173, 244, 221



Protanomaly

214, 234, 215



Deuteranomaly

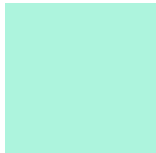
223, 229, 224



Tritanomaly

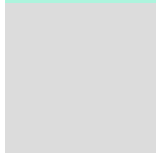
181, 240, 243

Monochromacy



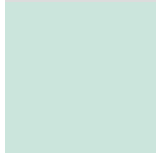
Original Color

173, 244, 221



Achromatopsia

220, 220, 220



Achromatomaly

203, 229, 220

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 173, 244, 221 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(173, 244, 221)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(173, 244, 221)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 244, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(173, 244, 221) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 173, 244, 221 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(173, 244, 221) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(173, 244, 221) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(173, 244, 221) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(173, 244, 221); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 244, 221);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(173, 244,  
221) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 173, 244, 221 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(173, 244, 221) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(173,  
244, 221) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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