

Converting Colors

RGB(174, 106, 129)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(174, 106, 129) contains.

RGB(174, 106, 129)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(174, 106, 129)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE6A81
RGB	174, 106, 129
RGB Percent	68%, 42%, 51%
CMY	0.3176, 0.5843, 0.4941
CMYK	0.00, 0.39, 0.26, 0.32
HSL	340°, 30%, 55%
HSV	340°, 39%, 68%
XYZ	26.5720, 20.8917, 23.4009
YIQ	128.9540, 33.1450, 21.5690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

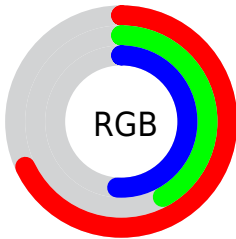
Format	Color
R_{YB}	174, 106, 129
Decimal	11430529
CIE _{Lab}	52.83, 30.25, -1.13
CIE _{LCh}	53, 30.275, 357.870
Yxy	20.8917, 0.3750, 0.2948
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289620609 (0xFFAE6A81)
YUV	128.9540, 0.0227, 39.5053
Hunter-Lab	45.7075, 23.7830, 1.6405

Details

The RGB color **174, 106, 129** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **996666**. A complement of this color would be **106, 174, 151**, and the grayscale version is **129, 129, 129**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231, 158, 182**, and **120, 57, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 89, 117**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 123, 141**.

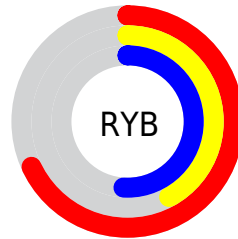
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (42%)

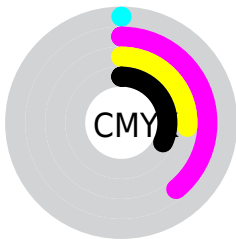
Blue (51%)



Red (68%)

Yellow (42%)

Blue (51%)

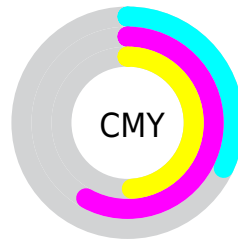


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (39%)

Yellow (26%)

Black (32%)



Cyan (32%)

Magenta (58%)

Yellow (49%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 174, 106, 129 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 174, 106, 129 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 174, 106, 129

255, 255, 255

 231, 158, 182

 255, 186, 209

 255, 214, 238

 255, 242, 255

 174, 106, 129

 147, 81, 104


 120, 57, 80

 94, 33, 57


 68, 8, 36

 46, 0, 14


 0, 0, 0


 174, 106, 129

 174, 89, 117

 174, 71, 106

 174, 106, 129

 174, 123, 141

 174, 141, 152

174, 54, 94

174, 158, 164

174, 36, 83

174, 176, 175

174, 19, 71

174, 193, 187

174, 2, 60

174, 210, 198

174, 0, 59

174, 228, 210

174, 245, 221

174, 255, 233

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



157, 111, 154



174, 106, 129



176, 108, 103

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 106, 129



118, 132, 79



38, 136, 169

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 106, 129



106, 174, 151

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



14, 140, 150



174, 106, 129



87, 137, 98

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 106, 129



145, 124, 74



52, 140, 123



85, 129, 178

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 106, 129



170, 112, 89



52, 140, 123



22, 138, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 106, 129



227, 200, 209



150, 106, 174



115, 99, 104



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 106, 129



227, 120, 156



174, 116, 106



87, 78, 81



150, 0, 51



23, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 106, 129



227, 120, 156



106, 164, 174



87, 78, 81



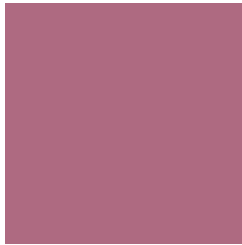
150, 0, 51



23, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 106, 129 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

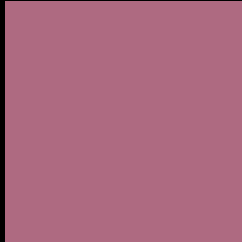
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✗ Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA ✗ Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 106, 129 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

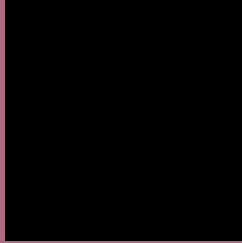
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 174, 106, 129 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 106, 129.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 106, 129.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
173, 108, 116

Trichromacy



Original Color

174, 106, 129

Protanomaly

143, 119, 137

Deuteranomaly

152, 116, 127

Tritanomaly

173, 107, 121

Monochromacy



Original Color

174, 106, 129

Achromatopsia

129, 129, 129

Achromatomaly

145, 121, 129

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 174, 106, 129 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(174, 106, 129) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 106, 129)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 106, 129) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 106, 129) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 174, 106, 129 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 106, 129) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 106, 129) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 106, 129)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 106, 129); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 106, 129);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 106,  
129) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 174, 106, 129 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 106, 129) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
106, 129) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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