

Converting Colors

RGB(174, 138, 179)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(174, 138, 179) contains.

RGB(174, 138, 179)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(174, 138, 179)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE8AB3
RGB	174, 138, 179
RGB Percent	68%, 54%, 70%
CMY	0.3176, 0.4588, 0.2980
CMYK	0.03, 0.23, 0.00, 0.30
HSL	293°, 21%, 62%
HSV	293°, 23%, 70%
XYZ	34.6807, 30.4303, 46.6936
YIQ	153.4380, 8.2950, 20.3830

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

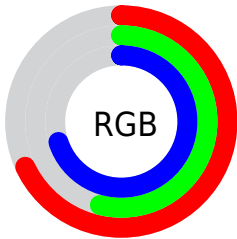
Format	Color
RYB	174, 138, 179
Decimal	11438771
CIELab	62.02, 20.98, -16.30
CIELCh	62, 26.566, 322.160
Yxy	30.4303, 0.3102, 0.2722
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289628851 (0xFFAE8AB3)
YUV	153.4380, 12.6021, 18.0329
Hunter-Lab	55.1637, 15.6843, -11.5718

Details

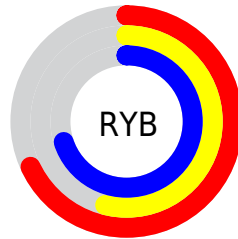
The RGB color **174, 138, 179** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC99CC**. A complement of this color would be **143, 179, 138**, and the grayscale version is **153, 153, 153**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 192, 235**, and **121, 88, 126** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 120, 179**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 156, 179**.

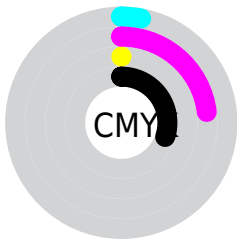
Distribution



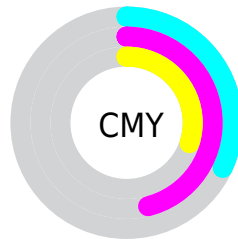
- Red (68%)
- Green (54%)
- Blue (70%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (54%)
- Blue (70%)



- Cyan (3%)
- Magenta (23%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (30%)




- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (46%)
- Yellow (30%)


Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 174, 138, 179 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 174, 138, 179 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 174, 138, 179


255, 255, 255


 230, 192, 235

 255, 220, 255

 255, 248, 255

 174, 138, 179

 147, 112, 152

 121, 88, 126

 96, 64, 101


 72, 41, 77


 49, 20, 54

 30, 0, 33

 0, 0, 6


 0, 0, 0


 174, 138, 179

 174, 138, 179


 172, 120, 179

 176, 156, 179

 170, 102, 179

 178, 174, 179

 167, 84, 179


 181, 192, 179

 165, 66, 179

 183, 210, 179

 163, 49, 179

 185, 227, 179

 161, 31, 179

 187, 245, 179

 159, 13, 179

 189, 255, 179

 157, 0, 179

 191, 255, 179

 194, 255, 179

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



145, 146, 193



174, 138, 179



192, 133, 157

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 138, 179



172, 146, 103



77, 163, 167

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 138, 179



143, 179, 138

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



95, 163, 143



174, 138, 179



148, 154, 106

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 138, 179



190, 138, 114



121, 160, 120



82, 160, 186

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 138, 179



197, 132, 141



121, 160, 120



81, 163, 159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 138, 179



230, 216, 232



138, 143, 179



116, 108, 117



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 138, 179



224, 169, 232



179, 138, 164



88, 80, 89



134, 0, 153



22, 0, 26

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



179, 138, 143



232, 169, 177



138, 179, 153



89, 80, 81



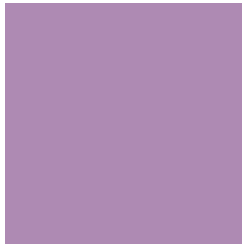
153, 0, 19



26, 0, 3

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 138, 179 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

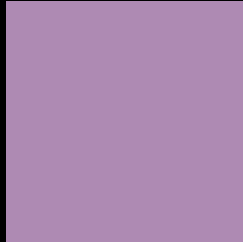
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 138, 179 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

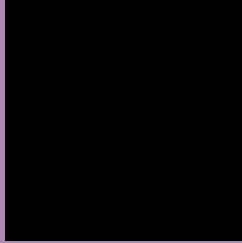
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 174, 138, 179 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 138, 179.

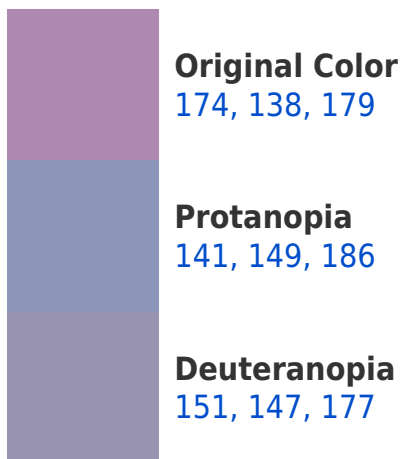



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 138, 179.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
170, 143, 154

Trichromacy



Original Color
174, 138, 179

Protanomaly
153, 145, 183

Deuteranomaly
159, 144, 178

Tritanomaly
171, 141, 163

Monochromacy



Original Color
174, 138, 179

Achromatopsia
153, 153, 153

Achromatomaly
161, 148, 162

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 174, 138, 179 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 138, 179)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 138, 179)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 138, 179) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 138, 179) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 174, 138, 179 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 138, 179) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 138, 179) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 138, 179)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 138, 179); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 138, 179);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 138,  
179) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 174, 138, 179 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 138, 179) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
138, 179) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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