

Converting Colors

RGB(174, 181, 130)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(174, 181, 130) contains.

RGB(174, 181, 130)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(174, 181, 130)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AEB582
RGB	174, 181, 130
RGB Percent	68%, 71%, 51%
CMY	0.3176, 0.2902, 0.4902
CMYK	0.04, 0.00, 0.28, 0.29
HSL	68°, 26%, 61%
HSV	68°, 28%, 71%
XYZ	38.0087, 43.6581, 27.5427
YIQ	173.0930, 12.1990, -17.3450

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

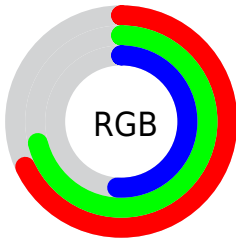
Format	Color
RYB	130, 181, 137
Decimal	11449730
CIELab	72.00, -10.94, 25.24
CIELCh	72, 27.504, 113.432
Yxy	43.6581, 0.3480, 0.3998
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289639810 (0xFFAEB582)
YUV	173.0930, -21.2448, 0.7954
Hunter-Lab	66.0743, -12.9494, 21.5373

Details

The RGB color **174, 181, 130** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **C9C999**. A complement of this color would be **137, 130, 181**, and the grayscale version is **173, 173, 173**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **230, 237, 183**, and **121, 128, 80** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **172, 181, 112**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 181, 148**.

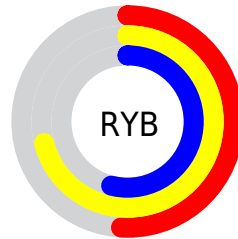
Distribution



Red (68%)

Green (71%)

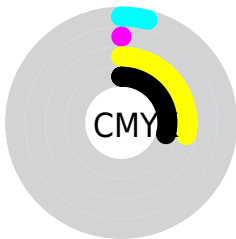
Blue (51%)



Red (51%)

Yellow (71%)

Blue (54%)

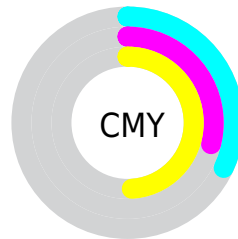


Cyan (4%)

Magenta (0%)

Yellow (28%)

Black (29%)



Cyan (32%)


Magenta (29%)

Yellow (49%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 174, 181, 130 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 174, 181, 130 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 174, 181, 130


255, 255, 255


 230, 237, 183

 255, 255, 211


 255, 255, 239

 174, 181, 130

 147, 154, 105

 121, 128, 80

 96, 103, 57

 71, 79, 34


 48, 56, 12

 27, 35, 0

 0, 13, 0

 0, 0, 0

 174, 181, 130

 174, 181, 130

■ 172, 181, 112

■ 176, 181, 148

■ 169, 181, 94

■ 179, 181, 166

■ 167, 181, 76

■ 181, 181, 184

■ 164, 181, 58

■ 184, 181, 202

■ 162, 181, 39

■ 186, 181, 221

■ 159, 181, 21

■ 189, 181, 239

■ 157, 181, 3

■ 191, 181, 255

■ 156, 181, 0

■ 194, 181, 255

■ 196, 181, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



200, 173, 127



174, 181, 130



145, 187, 146

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 181, 130



108, 187, 216



222, 159, 183

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 181, 130



137, 130, 181

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



203, 164, 207



174, 181, 130



137, 180, 226

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 181, 130



101, 190, 196



173, 172, 222



227, 159, 158

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 181, 130



126, 189, 161



173, 172, 222



218, 160, 191

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 181, 130



232, 235, 216



181, 137, 130



116, 117, 106



245, 245, 245



117, 117, 117

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 181, 130



224, 235, 155



149, 181, 130



88, 89, 80



132, 153, 0



22, 26, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



137, 130, 181



166, 155, 235



162, 130, 181



82, 80, 89



21, 0, 153



3, 0, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 181, 130 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 181, 130 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

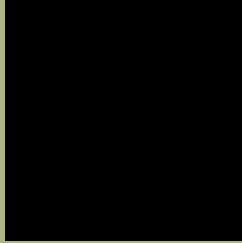
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 174, 181, 130 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 181, 130.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 181, 130.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

181, 174, 187

Trichromacy



Original Color

174, 181, 130

Protanomaly

184, 178, 129

Deuteranomaly

196, 173, 132

Tritanomaly

178, 177, 166

Monochromacy



Original Color

174, 181, 130

Achromatopsia

173, 173, 173

Achromatomaly

173, 176, 157

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 174, 181, 130 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 181, 130)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 181, 130)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 181, 130) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 181, 130) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 174, 181, 130 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 181, 130) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 181, 130) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 181, 130)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 181, 130); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 181, 130);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 181,  
130) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 174, 181, 130 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 181, 130) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174,  
181, 130) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor