

Converting Colors

RGB(174, 30, 174)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(174, 30, 174) contains.

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Color

RGB(174, 30, 174)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE1EAE
RGB	174, 30, 174
RGB Percent	68%, 12%, 68%
CMY	0.3176, 0.8824, 0.3176
CMYK	0.00, 0.83, 0.00, 0.32
HSL	300°, 71%, 40%
HSV	300°, 83%, 68%
XYZ	25.5598, 12.9832, 41.2033
YIQ	89.4720, 39.6000, 75.3120

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

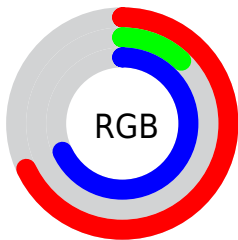
Format	Color
RYB	174, 30, 174
Decimal	11411118
CIELab	42.74, 69.55, -43.39
CIELCh	43, 81.976, 328.042
Yxy	12.9832, 0.3205, 0.1628
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289601198 (0xFFAE1EAE)
YUV	89.4720, 41.6723, 74.1311
Hunter-Lab	36.0322, 63.5644, -42.5762

Details

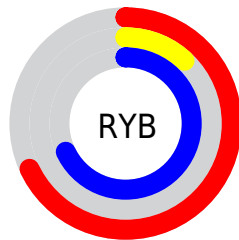
The RGB color **174, 30, 174** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990099**. A complement of this color would be **30, 174, 30**, and the grayscale version is **89, 89, 89**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233, 95, 230**, and **117, 0, 121** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 13, 174**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 47, 174**.

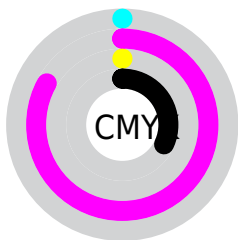
Distribution



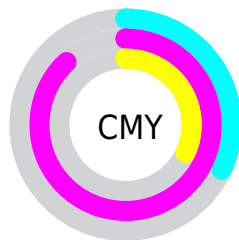
- Red (68%)
- Green (12%)
- Blue (68%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (12%)
- Blue (68%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (83%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (88%)
- Yellow (32%)
- Black (32%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 174, 30, 174 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 174, 30, 174 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 174, 30, 174

 174, 30, 174

255, 255, 255

 145, 0, 147

 233, 95, 230

 117, 0, 121

 255, 124, 255

 89, 0, 95

 255, 153, 255

 63, 0, 71

 255, 182, 255

 35, 0, 48

 255, 211, 255


 0, 1, 26

 255, 241, 255

 0, 0, 0

 174, 30, 174

 174, 30, 174

 174, 13, 174

 174, 47, 174

■ 174, 0, 174

■ 174, 65, 174

■ 174, 82, 174

■ 174, 100, 174

■ 174, 117, 174

■ 174, 134, 174

■ 174, 152, 174

■ 174, 169, 174

■ 174, 187, 174

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



67, 85, 223



174, 30, 174



211, 0, 109

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 30, 174



127, 97, 0



0, 128, 164

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 30, 174



30, 174, 30

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 127, 94



174, 30, 174



59, 115, 0

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 30, 174



177, 64, 0



0, 123, 13



0, 125, 217

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 30, 174



213, 0, 64



0, 123, 13



0, 128, 141

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 30, 174



227, 170, 227



30, 30, 174



115, 80, 115



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 30, 174



227, 2, 227



174, 30, 102



87, 78, 87



150, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 30, 174



227, 2, 227



30, 174, 102



87, 78, 87



150, 0, 150



23, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 30, 174 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 30, 174 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

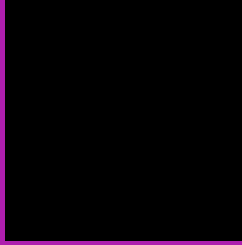
Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 174, 30, 174 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 30, 174.

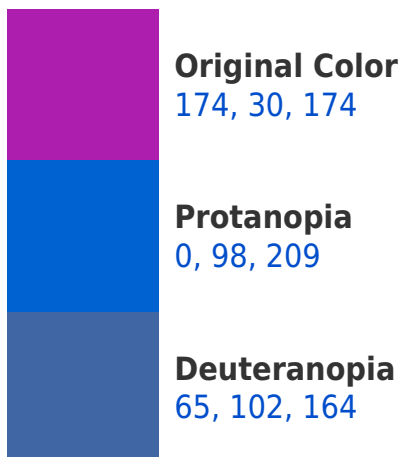


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 30, 174.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
163, 72, 77

Trichromacy



Original Color

174, 30, 174



Protanomaly

63, 73, 196



Deuteranomaly

105, 76, 168



Tritanomaly

167, 57, 112

Monochromacy



Original Color

174, 30, 174



Achromatopsia

89, 89, 89



Achromatomaly

120, 68, 120

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 174, 30, 174 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 30, 174)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 30, 174)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 30, 174) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 30, 174) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 174, 30, 174 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 30, 174) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 30, 174) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 30, 174)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 30, 174); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 30, 174);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 30,  
174) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 174, 30, 174 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 30, 174) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174, 30,  
174) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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