

Converting Colors

RGB(174, 37, 112)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(174, 37, 112) contains.

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Color

RGB(174, 37, 112)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE2570
RGB	174, 37, 112
RGB Percent	68%, 15%, 44%
CMY	0.3176, 0.8549, 0.5608
CMYK	0.00, 0.79, 0.36, 0.32
HSL	327°, 65%, 41%
HSV	327°, 79%, 68%
XYZ	21.0418, 11.4917, 16.4383
YIQ	86.5130, 57.5770, 52.3690

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

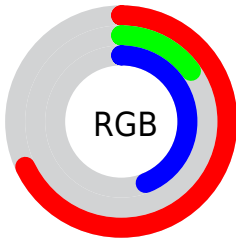
Format	Color
R_{YB}	174, 37, 112
Decimal	11412848
CIE _{Lab}	40.40, 59.38, -9.26
CIE _{LCh}	40, 60.101, 351.137
Yxy	11.4917, 0.4297, 0.2347
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289602928 (0xFFAE2570)
YUV	86.5130, 12.5651, 76.7261
Hunter-Lab	33.8993, 51.4734, -5.0211

Details

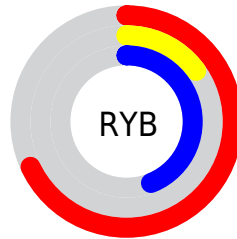
The RGB color **174, 37, 112** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **990066**. A complement of this color would be **37, 174, 99**, and the grayscale version is **86, 86, 86**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233, 97, 164**, and **117, 0, 64** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 20, 104**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 54, 120**.

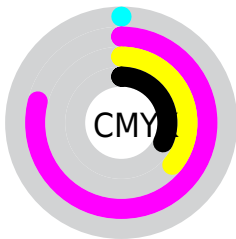
Distribution



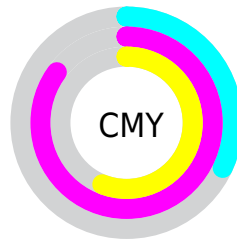
- Red (68%)
- Green (15%)
- Blue (44%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (15%)
- Blue (44%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (36%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (85%)
- Yellow (56%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 174, 37, 112 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 174, 37, 112 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 174, 37, 112

 174, 37, 112

255, 255, 255

 145, 0, 88

 233, 97, 164

 117, 0, 64

 255, 125, 191

 88, 0, 42

 255, 153, 219

 63, 0, 22

 255, 181, 247

 32, 0, 1

 255, 210, 255

 0, 0, 0

 255, 240, 255

 174, 37, 112

 174, 37, 112

 174, 20, 104

 174, 54, 120

■ 174, 2, 96

■ 174, 72, 128

■ 174, 0, 95

■ 174, 89, 136

■ 174, 107, 143

■ 174, 124, 151

■ 174, 141, 159

■ 174, 159, 167

■ 174, 176, 175

■ 174, 194, 183

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



139, 63, 158



174, 37, 112



180, 40, 63

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 37, 112



83, 103, 0



0, 114, 172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 37, 112



37, 174, 99

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 117, 129



174, 37, 112



0, 112, 26

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 37, 112



128, 88, 0



0, 116, 78



0, 106, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 37, 112



170, 56, 32



0, 116, 78



0, 115, 159

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 37, 112



227, 172, 202



99, 37, 174



115, 81, 100



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 37, 112



227, 14, 130



174, 37, 44



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 82



23, 0, 13

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 37, 112



227, 14, 130



37, 174, 167



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 82



23, 0, 13

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 37, 112 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 37, 112 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 174, 37, 112 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 37, 112.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 37, 112.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color

174, 37, 112

Protanopia

76, 95, 151

Deuteranopia

102, 94, 105



Tritanopia
170, 54, 57

Trichromacy



Original Color

174, 37, 112

Protanomaly

112, 74, 137

Deuteranomaly

128, 73, 108

Tritanomaly

171, 48, 77

Monochromacy



Original Color

174, 37, 112

Achromatopsia

87, 87, 87

Achromatomaly

119, 69, 96

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 174, 37, 112 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 37, 112)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 37, 112)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 37, 112) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 37, 112) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 174, 37, 112 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 37, 112) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 37, 112) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(174, 37, 112)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 37, 112); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 37, 112);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 37,  
112) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 174, 37, 112 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 37, 112) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174, 37,  
112) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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