

Converting Colors

RGB(174, 53, 61)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(174, 53, 61) contains.

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Color

RGB(174, 53, 61)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AE353D
RGB	174, 53, 61
RGB Percent	68%, 21%, 24%
CMY	0.3176, 0.7922, 0.7608
CMYK	0.00, 0.70, 0.65, 0.32
HSL	356°, 53%, 45%
HSV	356°, 70%, 68%
XYZ	19.5710, 11.8818, 5.6768
YIQ	90.0910, 69.5480, 28.1400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

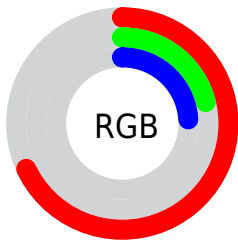
Format	Color
RYB	174, 53, 61
Decimal	11416893
CIELab	41.03, 49.44, 23.61
CIElCh	41, 54.791, 25.523
Yxy	11.8818, 0.5271, 0.3200
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289606973 (0xFFAE353D)
YUV	90.0910, -14.3419, 73.5882
Hunter-Lab	34.4700, 41.0242, 14.3646

Details

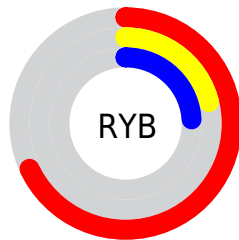
The RGB color **174, 53, 61** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **53, 174, 166**, and the grayscale version is **90, 90, 90**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235, 107, 108**, and **115, 0, 19** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **174, 36, 45**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **174, 70, 77**.

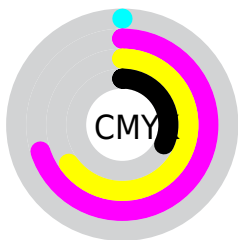
Distribution



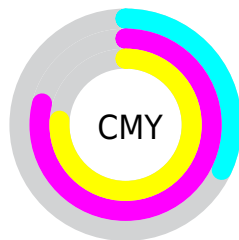
- Red (68%)
- Green (21%)
- Blue (24%)



- Red (68%)
- Yellow (21%)
- Blue (24%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (70%)
- Yellow (65%)
- Black (32%)



- Cyan (32%)
- Magenta (79%)
- Yellow (76%)
- Black (0%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 174, 53, 61 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 174, 53, 61 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 174, 53, 61

 174, 53, 61

255, 255, 255

 144, 22, 39

 235, 107, 108

 115, 0, 19

 255, 134, 134

 86, 0, 0

 255, 162, 160

 59, 0, 2

 255, 190, 187

 23, 0, 0

 255, 219, 215

 0, 0, 0

 255, 248, 243

 174, 53, 61

 174, 53, 61

 174, 36, 45

 174, 70, 77

■ 174, 18, 29

■ 174, 88, 93

■ 174, 1, 12

■ 174, 105, 110

■ 174, 0, 12

■ 174, 123, 126

■ 174, 140, 142

■ 174, 157, 158

■ 174, 175, 175

■ 174, 192, 191

■ 174, 210, 207

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



172, 48, 105



174, 53, 61



155, 73, 19

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



174, 53, 61



0, 113, 42



0, 104, 187

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



174, 53, 61



53, 174, 166

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 113, 171



174, 53, 61



0, 116, 88

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



174, 53, 61



80, 106, 0



0, 117, 134



80, 88, 179

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



174, 53, 61



135, 87, 0



0, 117, 134



0, 108, 184

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



174, 53, 61



227, 179, 182



166, 53, 174



115, 86, 88



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



174, 53, 61



227, 39, 51



174, 105, 53



87, 78, 79



150, 0, 10



23, 0, 2

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



174, 53, 61



227, 39, 51



53, 122, 174



87, 78, 79



150, 0, 10



23, 0, 2

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 174, 53, 61 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

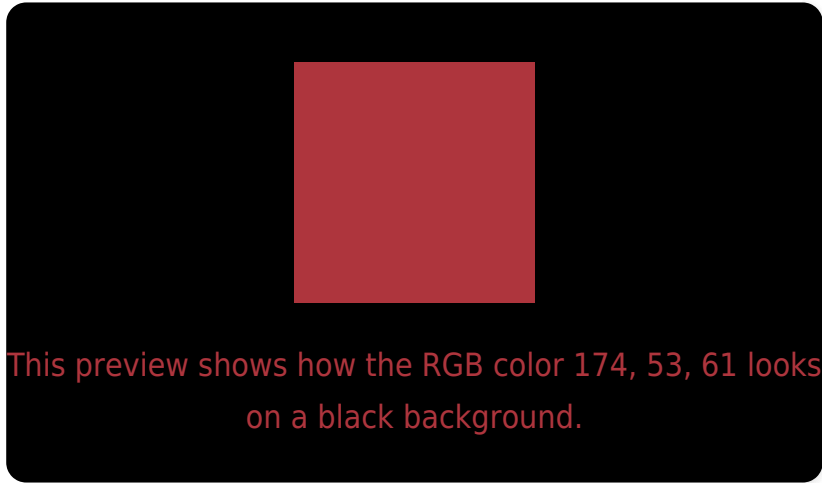
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 174, 53, 61 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 53, 61.

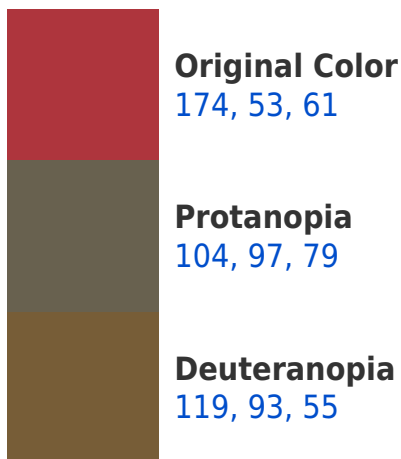


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 174, 53, 61.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia

174, 54, 56

Trichromacy



Original Color

174, 53, 61

Protanomaly

129, 81, 72

Deuteranomaly

139, 78, 57

Tritanomaly

174, 54, 58

Monochromacy



Original Color

174, 53, 61

Achromatopsia

90, 90, 90

Achromatomaly

121, 77, 79

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 174, 53, 61 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(174, 53, 61)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(174, 53, 61)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 53, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(174, 53, 61) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 174, 53, 61 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(174, 53, 61) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(174, 53, 61) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(174, 53, 61) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(174, 53, 61); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 53, 61);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(174, 53,  
61) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 174, 53, 61 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(174, 53, 61) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(174, 53,  
61) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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