

# Converting Colors

RGB(175, 143, 156)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(175, 143, 156) contains.

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# **Color**

**RGB(175, 143, 156)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF8F9C
RGB	175, 143, 156
RGB Percent	69%, 56%, 61%
CMY	0.3137, 0.4392, 0.3882
CMYK	0.00, 0.18, 0.11, 0.31
HSL	336°, 17%, 62%
HSV	336°, 18%, 69%
XYZ	33.5024, 31.1592, 35.7010
YIQ	154.0500, 14.8990, 10.8270

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

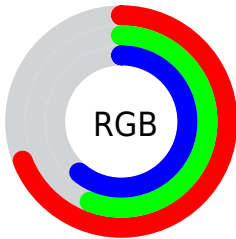
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>RYB</b>	175, 143, 156
Decimal	11505564
CIELab	62.64, 14.22, -2.32
CIELCh	63, 14.411, 350.723
Yxy	31.1592, 0.3338, 0.3105
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289695644 (0xFFAF8F9C)
YUV	154.0500, 0.9614, 18.3732
Hunter-Lab	55.8204, 9.4468, 1.1542

# Details

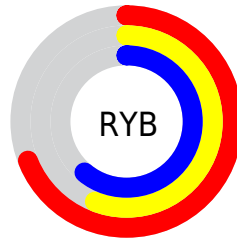
The RGB color **175, 143, 156** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **143, 175, 162**, and the grayscale version is **154, 154, 154**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231, 197, 210**, and **122, 93, 105** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175, 126, 146**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175, 161, 166**.

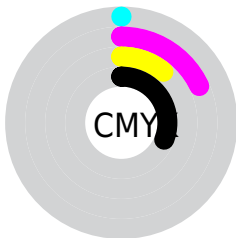
# Distribution



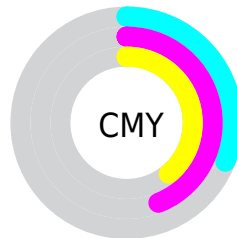
- Red (69%)
- Green (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (56%)
- Blue (61%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (18%)
- Yellow (11%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (44%)
- Yellow (39%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients


These gradients show how the RGB color 175, 143, 156 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 175, 143, 156 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



 175, 143, 156


255, 255, 255

 231, 197, 210

 255, 225, 239

255, 254, 255

 175, 143, 156


 148, 117, 130

 122, 93, 105

 97, 69, 81

 73, 46, 58

 50, 25, 36

 31, 0, 15

 0, 0, 0

 175, 143, 156

 175, 126, 146

 175, 143, 156


 175, 161, 166

 175, 108, 135


 175, 178, 177

 175, 91, 125

 175, 196, 187

 175, 73, 114

 175, 213, 198

 175, 56, 104

 175, 231, 208

 175, 38, 94

 175, 248, 218

 175, 21, 83

 175, 255, 229

 175, 3, 73

 175, 255, 239

 175, 0, 71

 175, 255, 250

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



164, 146, 168



175, 143, 156



179, 143, 143

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175, 143, 156



152, 153, 128



121, 157, 171

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175, 143, 156



143, 175, 162

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



118, 159, 160



175, 143, 156



137, 157, 135

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175, 143, 156



166, 149, 127



125, 159, 147



133, 154, 176

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175, 143, 156



177, 144, 135



125, 159, 147



119, 158, 168



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175, 143, 156



227, 216, 220



162, 143, 175



115, 108, 111



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175, 143, 156



227, 177, 197



175, 146, 143



87, 78, 82



150, 0, 61



23, 0, 9



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 143, 156



227, 177, 197



143, 172, 175



87, 78, 82



150, 0, 61

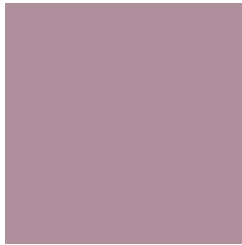


23, 0, 9



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 143, 156 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

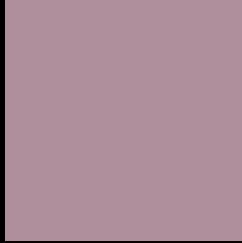
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 143, 156 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

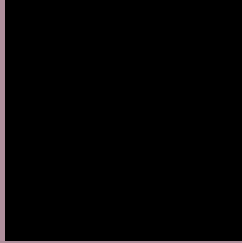
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 175, 143, 156 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 143, 156.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 143, 156.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).


## Dichromacy



**Original Color**  
175, 143, 156

**Protanopia**  
152, 151, 161

**Deuteranopia**  
165, 147, 155



**Tritanopia**  
175, 143, 154

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

175, 143, 156

**Protanomaly**

160, 148, 159

**Deuteranomaly**

169, 146, 155

**Tritanomaly**

175, 143, 155

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

175, 143, 156

**Achromatopsia**

154, 154, 154

**Achromatomaly**

162, 150, 155

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 175, 143, 156 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(175, 143, 156) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 143, 156)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 143, 156) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 143, 156) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 175, 143, 156 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

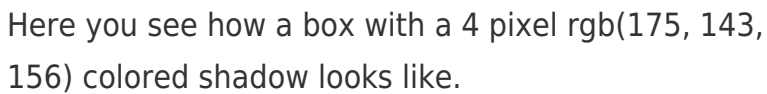
This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 143, 156) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 143, 156) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:



Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 143, 156)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 143, 156); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 143, 156); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 143, 156) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 175, 143, 156 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 143, 156) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
143, 156) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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