

Converting Colors

RGB(175, 163, 199)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(175, 163, 199) contains.

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Color

RGB(175, 163, 199)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFA3C7
RGB	175, 163, 199
RGB Percent	69%, 64%, 78%
CMY	0.3137, 0.3608, 0.2196
CMYK	0.12, 0.18, 0.00, 0.22
HSL	260°, 24%, 71%
HSV	260°, 18%, 78%
XYZ	41.0852, 39.4319, 59.4785
YIQ	170.6920, -4.4040, 13.7400

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

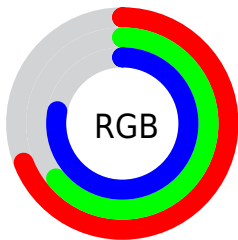
Format	Color
RYB	175, 163, 199
Decimal	11510727
CIELab	69.06, 11.40, -16.83
CIELCh	69, 20.330, 304.114
Yxy	39.4319, 0.2935, 0.2817
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289700807 (0xFFAFA3C7)
YUV	170.6920, 13.9558, 3.7781
Hunter-Lab	62.7948, 6.8975, -12.2025

Details

The RGB color **175, 163, 199** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **187, 199, 163**, and the grayscale version is **171, 171, 171**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231, 218, 255**, and **122, 111, 145** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **162, 143, 199**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **188, 183, 199**.

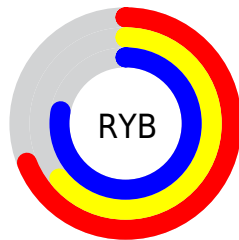
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (64%)

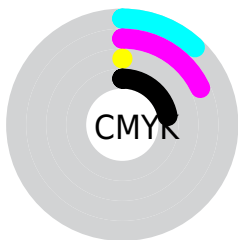
Blue (78%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (64%)

Blue (78%)

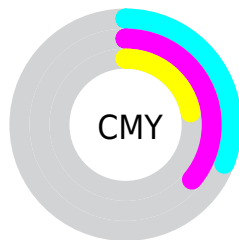


Cyan (12%)

Magenta (18%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (22%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (36%)

Yellow (22%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 175, 163, 199 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 175, 163, 199 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 175, 163, 199

255, 255, 255

■ 231, 218, 255

■ 255, 246, 255

■ 175, 163, 199

■ 148, 137, 172

■ 122, 111, 145

■ 97, 87, 119

■ 73, 64, 95

■ 50, 42, 71

■ 28, 21, 48

■ 2, 0, 28

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 175, 163, 199

■ 175, 163, 199

 162, 143, 199

 188, 183, 199

 148, 123, 199

 202, 203, 199

 135, 103, 199

 215, 223, 199

 122, 83, 199

 228, 243, 199

 109, 64, 199

 241, 255, 199


 95, 44, 199

 255, 255, 199

 82, 24, 199

 255, 255, 199

 69, 4, 199

 66, 0, 199

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



151, 169, 205



175, 163, 199



195, 158, 185

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175, 163, 199



197, 162, 136



123, 179, 171

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175, 163, 199



187, 199, 163

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



139, 178, 152



175, 163, 199



180, 168, 132

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175, 163, 199



206, 157, 149



160, 174, 138



118, 178, 188

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175, 163, 199



203, 156, 173



160, 174, 138



127, 179, 164

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175, 163, 199



247, 242, 255



163, 187, 199



122, 120, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175, 163, 199



218, 199, 255



193, 163, 199



93, 90, 99



54, 0, 163



12, 0, 36

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



199, 163, 187



255, 199, 236



169, 199, 163



99, 90, 96



163, 0, 109



36, 0, 24

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 163, 199 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

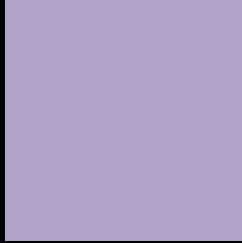
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 163, 199 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 175, 163, 199 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 163, 199.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 163, 199.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
175, 163, 199

Protanopia
161, 167, 202

Deuteranopia
170, 165, 199



Tritanopia
172, 166, 180

Trichromacy



Original Color
175, 163, 199

Protanomaly
166, 166, 201

Deuteranomaly
172, 164, 199

Tritanomaly
173, 165, 187

Monochromacy



Original Color
175, 163, 199

Achromatopsia
171, 171, 171

Achromatomaly
172, 168, 181

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 175, 163, 199 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 163, 199)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 163, 199)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 163, 199) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 163, 199) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 175, 163, 199 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 163, 199) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 163, 199) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 163, 199)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 163, 199); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 163, 199);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 163,  
199) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 175, 163, 199 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 163, 199) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
163, 199) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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