

Converting Colors

RGB(175, 176, 232)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(175, 176, 232) contains.

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Color

RGB(175, 176, 232)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AFB0E8
RGB	175, 176, 232
RGB Percent	69%, 69%, 91%
CMY	0.3137, 0.3098, 0.0902
CMYK	0.25, 0.24, 0.00, 0.09
HSL	239°, 55%, 80%
HSV	239°, 25%, 91%
XYZ	47.7700, 45.9908, 82.7033
YIQ	182.0850, -18.5720, 17.2040

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

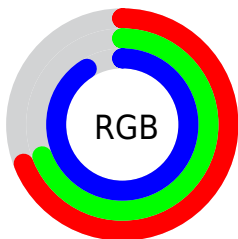
Format	Color
R _Y B	175, 176, 232
Decimal	11514088
CIE Lab	73.54, 11.59, -28.10
CIE LCh	74, 30.398, 292.410
Yxy	45.9908, 0.2707, 0.2606
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289704168 (0xFFAFB0E8)
YUV	182.0850, 24.6081, -6.2135
Hunter-Lab	67.8165, 7.0566, -24.8335

Details

The RGB color **175, 176, 232** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **9999CC**. A complement of this color would be **232, 231, 175**, and the grayscale version is **182, 182, 182**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **231, 232, 255**, and **121, 124, 176** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **152, 153, 232**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **198, 199, 232**.

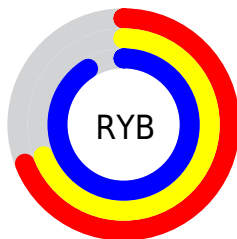
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (69%)

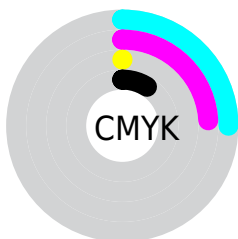
Blue (91%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (91%)

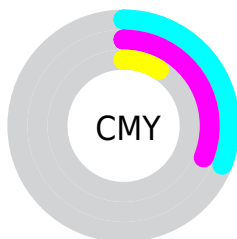


Cyan (25%)

Magenta (24%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (9%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (31%)

Yellow (9%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 175, 176, 232 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 175, 176, 232 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 175, 176, 232

255, 255, 255

■ 231, 232, 255

■ 175, 176, 232

■ 148, 149, 204

■ 121, 124, 176

■ 96, 99, 149

■ 71, 75, 123

■ 46, 52, 98

■ 20, 31, 74


■ 0, 8, 51

■ 0, 2, 30

■ 0, 0, 0


 175, 176, 232

 175, 176, 232

 152, 153, 232

 198, 199, 232

 129, 130, 232

 221, 222, 232

 105, 108, 232


 245, 244, 232

 82, 85, 232

 255, 255, 232

 59, 62, 232

 36, 39, 232

 13, 16, 232

 0, 4, 232

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



134, 185, 235



175, 176, 232



209, 167, 215

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175, 176, 232



228, 167, 138



115, 196, 172

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175, 176, 232



232, 231, 175

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



147, 192, 146



175, 176, 232



207, 176, 126

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175, 176, 232



237, 161, 161



179, 185, 129



94, 196, 201

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175, 176, 232



225, 162, 198



179, 185, 129



125, 195, 163

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175, 176, 232



237, 237, 255



175, 232, 230



117, 117, 128



0, 0, 0



128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175, 176, 232



181, 182, 255



202, 175, 232



103, 103, 115



0, 3, 179



0, 1, 51

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



232, 175, 176



255, 181, 182



205, 232, 175



115, 103, 103



179, 0, 3



51, 0, 1

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 176, 232 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

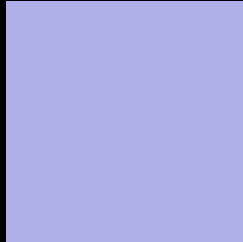
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 176, 232 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

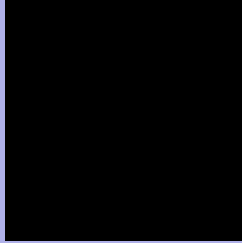
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 175, 176, 232 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 176, 232.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 176, 232.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

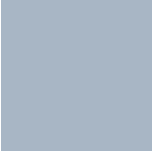
Dichromacy



Original Color
175, 176, 232

Protanopia
166, 178, 234

Deuteranopia
171, 177, 232



Tritanopia
168, 182, 197

Trichromacy



Original Color
175, 176, 232

Protanomaly
169, 177, 233

Deuteranomaly
172, 177, 232

Tritanomaly
171, 180, 210

Monochromacy



Original Color
175, 176, 232

Achromatopsia
182, 182, 182

Achromatomaly
179, 180, 200

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 175, 176, 232 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 176, 232)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 176, 232)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 176, 232) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 176, 232) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 175, 176, 232 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 176, 232) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 176, 232) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 176, 232)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 176, 232); -webkit-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 176, 232); box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 176, 232) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 175, 176, 232 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 176, 232) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175,  
176, 232) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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