

Converting Colors

RGB(175, 60, 58)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(175, 60, 58) contains.

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Color

RGB(175, 60, 58)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF3C3A
RGB	175, 60, 58
RGB Percent	69%, 24%, 23%
CMY	0.3137, 0.7647, 0.7725
CMYK	0.00, 0.66, 0.67, 0.31
HSL	1°, 50%, 46%
HSV	1°, 67%, 69%
XYZ	20.0588, 12.6512, 5.3877
YIQ	94.1570, 69.1820, 23.7580

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

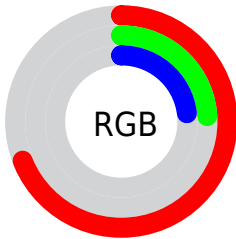
Format	Color
R_{YB}	175, 60, 58
Decimal	11484218
CIE _{Lab}	42.23, 46.68, 26.98
CIE _{LCh}	42, 53.916, 30.022
Yxy	12.6512, 0.5265, 0.3321
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289674298 (0xFFAF3C3A)
YUV	94.1570, -17.8254, 70.8993
Hunter-Lab	35.5685, 38.4199, 15.9171

Details

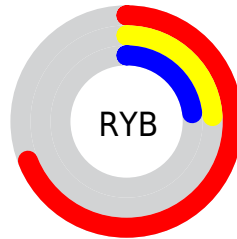
The RGB color **175, 60, 58** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993333**. A complement of this color would be **58, 173, 175**, and the grayscale version is **94, 94, 94**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **236, 113, 105**, and **116, 0, 16** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175, 43, 41**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175, 77, 75**.

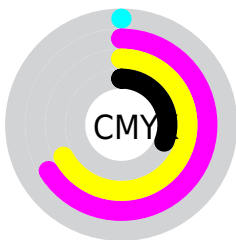
Distribution



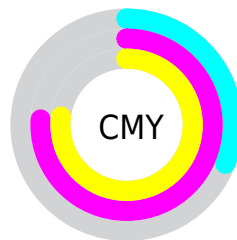
- Red (69%)
- Green (24%)
- Blue (23%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (24%)
- Blue (23%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (66%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (76%)
- Yellow (77%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 175, 60, 58 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 175, 60, 58 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

 175, 60, 58

 175, 60, 58

255, 255, 255


 145, 32, 36

 236, 113, 105

 116, 0, 16

 255, 140, 131

 87, 0, 0

 255, 168, 157

 60, 0, 1

 255, 196, 184

 26, 0, 1

 255, 224, 211

 0, 0, 0

 255, 254, 240

 175, 60, 58

 175, 60, 58

 175, 43, 41

 175, 77, 75

 175, 26, 23

 175, 94, 93

 175, 8, 5

 175, 112, 111

 175, 3, 0

 175, 129, 128

 175, 146, 146

 175, 163, 163

 175, 180, 180

 175, 198, 198

 175, 215, 215

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



176, 52, 102



175, 60, 58



154, 80, 17

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175, 60, 58



0, 117, 52



0, 105, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175, 60, 58



58, 173, 175

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 115, 177



175, 60, 58



0, 120, 98

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175, 60, 58



76, 110, 4



0, 119, 143



97, 88, 177

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175, 60, 58



133, 92, 0



0, 119, 143



0, 109, 188

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175, 60, 58



227, 182, 182



175, 58, 173



115, 88, 87



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175, 60, 58



227, 48, 45



175, 118, 58



87, 78, 78



150, 3, 0



23, 0, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



58, 173, 175



45, 224, 227



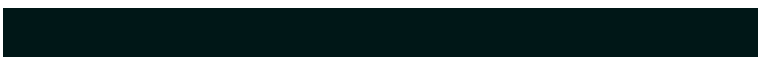
58, 115, 175



78, 87, 87



0, 148, 150



0, 23, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 60, 58 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

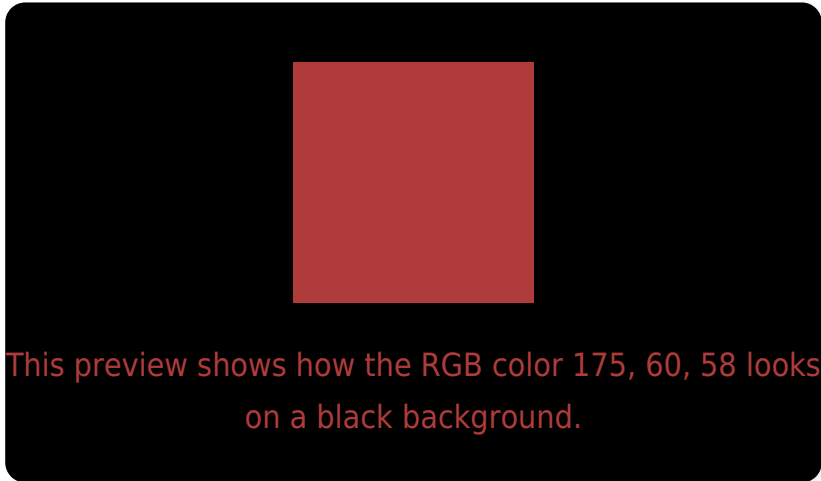
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 175, 60, 58 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 60, 58.

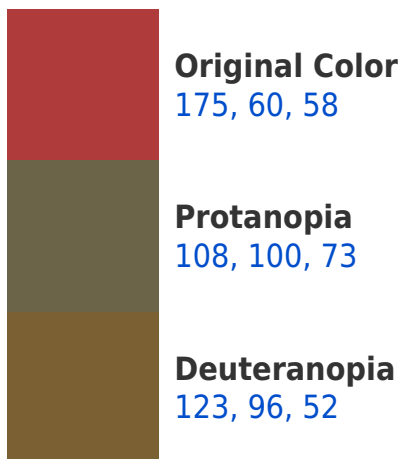


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 60, 58.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
175, 59, 63

Trichromacy



Original Color

175, 60, 58

Protanomaly

132, 85, 68

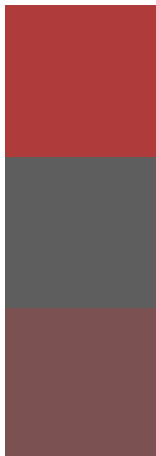
Deuteranomaly

142, 83, 54

Tritanomaly

175, 59, 61

Monochromacy



Original Color

175, 60, 58

Achromatopsia

94, 94, 94

Achromatomaly

123, 82, 81

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 175, 60, 58 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 60, 58)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 60, 58)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 60, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 60, 58) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 175, 60, 58 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 60, 58) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 60, 58) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 60, 58) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 60, 58); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 60, 58);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 60,  
58) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 175, 60, 58 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 60, 58) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175, 60,  
58) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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