

Converting Colors

RGB(175, 64, 103)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(175, 64, 103) contains.

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Color

RGB(175, 64, 103)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	AF4067
RGB	175, 64, 103
RGB Percent	69%, 25%, 40%
CMY	0.3137, 0.7490, 0.5961
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.41, 0.31
HSL	339°, 46%, 47%
HSV	339°, 63%, 69%
XYZ	21.9608, 13.7600, 14.3305
YIQ	101.6350, 53.6370, 35.6610

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

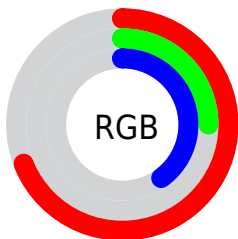
Format	Color
R_{YB}	175, 64, 103
Decimal	11485287
CIE Lab	43.89, 48.68, 1.52
CIE LCh	44, 48.704, 1.788
Yxy	13.7600, 0.4388, 0.2749
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289675367 (0xFFAF4067)
YUV	101.6350, 0.6729, 64.3411
Hunter-Lab	37.0945, 40.7606, 3.0611

Details

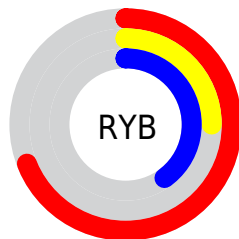
The RGB color **175, 64, 103** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **64, 175, 136**, and the grayscale version is **102, 102, 102**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234, 118, 154**, and **118, 0, 56** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175, 47, 92**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175, 82, 114**.

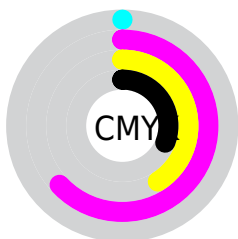
Distribution



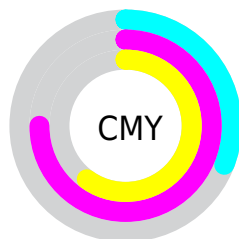
- Red (69%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (40%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (40%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (41%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (60%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 175, 64, 103 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 175, 64, 103 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.



175, 64, 103



175, 64, 103

255, 255, 255



146, 36, 79



234, 118, 154



118, 0, 56



255, 145, 181



90, 0, 35



255, 172, 208



64, 0, 13



255, 201, 236



36, 0, 1



255, 230, 255



0, 0, 0



175, 64, 103



175, 64, 103



175, 47, 92



175, 82, 114



175, 29, 80



175, 99, 126

 175, 12, 69

 175, 117, 137

 175, 0, 61

 175, 134, 148

 175, 152, 160

 175, 169, 171

 175, 187, 182

 175, 204, 194

 175, 221, 205

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



154, 74, 143



175, 64, 103



173, 71, 64

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175, 64, 103



81, 114, 28



0, 118, 175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175, 64, 103



64, 175, 136

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 122, 145



175, 64, 103



0, 120, 63

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175, 64, 103



122, 103, 8



0, 123, 105



0, 108, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175, 64, 103



162, 81, 40



0, 123, 105



0, 120, 167

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175, 64, 103



227, 184, 199



134, 64, 175



115, 88, 98



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175, 64, 103



227, 54, 115



175, 79, 64



87, 78, 81



150, 0, 53



23, 0, 8

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 64, 103



227, 54, 115



64, 160, 175



87, 78, 81



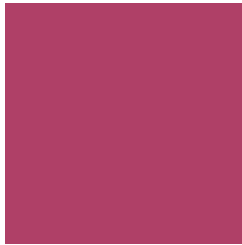
150, 0, 53



23, 0, 8

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 64, 103 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

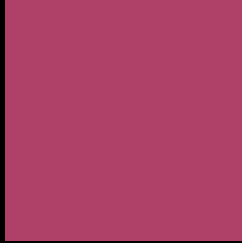
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 64, 103 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 175, 64, 103 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 64, 103.

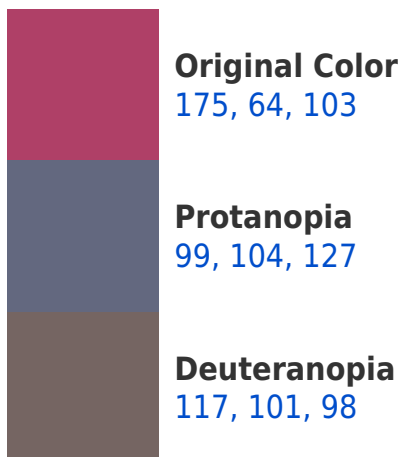


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 64, 103.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
173, 70, 74

Trichromacy



Original Color
175, 64, 103

Protanomaly
127, 89, 118

Deuteranomaly
138, 88, 100

Tritanomaly
174, 68, 85

Monochromacy



Original Color
175, 64, 103

Achromatopsia
102, 102, 102

Achromatomaly
129, 88, 102

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 175, 64, 103 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 64, 103)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 64, 103)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 64, 103) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 64, 103) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 175, 64, 103 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 64, 103) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 64, 103) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 64, 103)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 64, 103); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 64, 103);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 64,  
103) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 175, 64, 103 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 64, 103) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175, 64,  
103) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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