

# Converting Colors

RGB(175, 65, 122)

Have a look what the booklet for  
RGB(175, 65, 122) contains.

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# Color

**RGB(175, 65, 122)**

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 1

<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
Hex	AF417A
RGB	175, 65, 122
RGB Percent	69%, 25%, 48%
CMY	0.3137, 0.7451, 0.5216
CMYK	0.00, 0.63, 0.30, 0.31
HSL	329°, 46%, 47%
HSV	329°, 63%, 69%
XYZ	23.0823, 14.2997, 19.9559
YIQ	104.3880, 47.2630, 41.0470

# Conversions

## Conversions Part 2

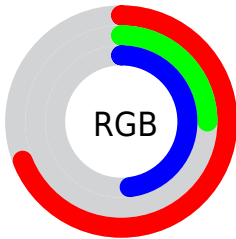
<b>Format</b>	<b>Color</b>
<b>R<sub>YB</sub></b>	175, 65, 122
Decimal	11485562
CIE <sub>Lab</sub>	44.66, 50.48, -9.02
CIE <sub>LCh</sub>	45, 51.284, 349.870
Yxy	14.2997, 0.4026, 0.2494
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289675642 (0xFFAF417A)
YUV	104.3880, 8.6827, 61.9267
Hunter-Lab	37.8149, 42.7808, -4.8184

# Details

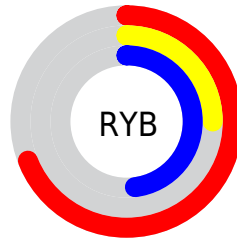
The RGB color **175, 65, 122** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **993366**. A complement of this color would be **65, 175, 118**, and the grayscale version is **104, 104, 104**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233, 119, 174**, and **119, 0, 73** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **175, 47, 114**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **175, 83, 130**.

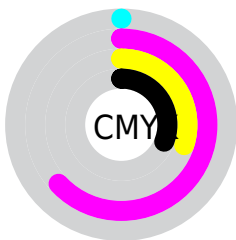
# Distribution



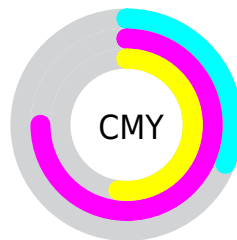
- Red (69%)
- Green (25%)
- Blue (48%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (25%)
- Blue (48%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (63%)
- Yellow (30%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (75%)
- Yellow (52%)

# Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 175, 65, 122 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 175, 65, 122 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.





175, 65, 122



175, 65, 122

255, 255, 255



147, 37, 97



233, 119, 174



119, 0, 73



255, 146, 202



91, 0, 51



255, 174, 230



65, 0, 30



255, 202, 255



41, 0, 1



255, 231, 255



0, 0, 0



175, 65, 122



175, 65, 122



175, 47, 114



175, 83, 130



175, 30, 105



175, 100, 139

175, 12, 97

175, 118, 147

175, 0, 91

175, 135, 156

175, 153, 164

175, 170, 173

175, 187, 181

175, 205, 189

175, 223, 198

# Harmonies

## Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



143, 81, 161



175, 65, 122



182, 65, 79

# Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



175, 65, 122



100, 112, 9



0, 123, 170

# Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



175, 65, 122



65, 175, 118

# Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



0, 126, 133



175, 65, 122



45, 120, 47

# Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



175, 65, 122



139, 98, 7



0, 125, 89



0, 115, 190

# Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



175, 65, 122



174, 75, 53



0, 125, 89



0, 124, 160



# Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



175, 65, 122



227, 184, 206



116, 65, 175



115, 88, 102



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115



# Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



175, 65, 122



227, 57, 145



175, 65, 69



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 78



23, 0, 12



# Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



175, 65, 122



227, 57, 145



65, 175, 171



87, 78, 83



150, 0, 78



23, 0, 12



# Previews

## White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 65, 122 looks on a white background.

## Color Contrast Check

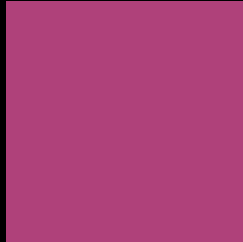
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

# Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 175, 65, 122 looks on a black background.

## Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).



## RGB 175, 65, 122 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 65, 122.

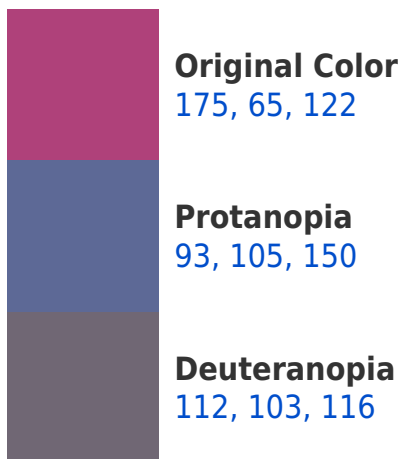


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 175, 65, 122.

# Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

## Dichromacy





# Tritanopia

172, 75, 80

# Trichromacy



**Original Color**

175, 65, 122

**Protanomaly**

123, 90, 140

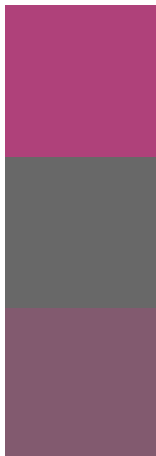
**Deuteranomaly**

135, 89, 118

**Tritanomaly**

173, 71, 95

# Monochromacy



**Original Color**

175, 65, 122

**Achromatopsia**

104, 104, 104

**Achromatomaly**

130, 90, 111

# CSS Examples

## Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 175, 65, 122 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(175, 65, 122)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(175, 65, 122)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(175, 65, 122) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(175, 65, 122) }
```

## Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 175, 65, 122 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(175, 65, 122) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(175, 65, 122) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(175, 65, 122)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(175, 65, 122); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 65, 122);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(175, 65,  
122) }
```

# Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 175, 65, 122 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(175, 65, 122) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(175, 65,  
122) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).



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