

Converting Colors

RGB(176, 140, 125)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(176, 140, 125) contains.

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Color

RGB(176, 140, 125)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B08C7D
RGB	176, 140, 125
RGB Percent	69%, 55%, 49%
CMY	0.3098, 0.4510, 0.5098
CMYK	0.00, 0.20, 0.29, 0.31
HSL	18°, 24%, 59%
HSV	18°, 29%, 69%
XYZ	30.9843, 29.4669, 23.4567
YIQ	149.0540, 26.2710, 2.9670

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

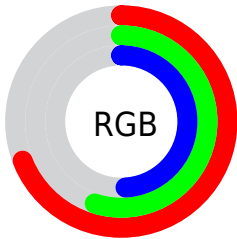
Format	Color
R_{YB}	176, 146, 125
Decimal	11570301
CIE Lab	61.19, 11.39, 13.19
CIE LCh	61, 17.433, 49.190
Yxy	29.4669, 0.3693, 0.3512
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289760381 (0xFFB08C7D)
YUV	149.0540, -11.8586, 23.6316
Hunter-Lab	54.2835, 6.8893, 12.3783

Details

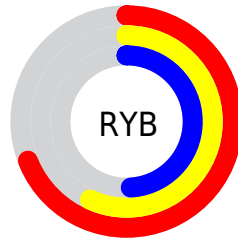
The RGB color **176, 140, 125** is a dark color, and the websafe version is hex **CC9999**. A complement of this color would be **125, 161, 176**, and the grayscale version is **149, 149, 149**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **232, 194, 178**, and **122, 90, 76** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **176, 128, 107**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **176, 152, 143**.

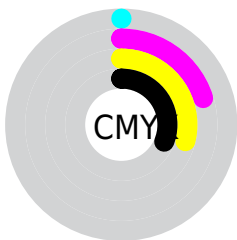
Distribution



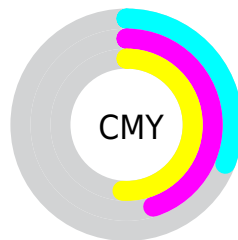
- Red (69%)
- Green (55%)
- Blue (49%)



- Red (69%)
- Yellow (57%)
- Blue (49%)



- Cyan (0%)
- Magenta (20%)
- Yellow (29%)
- Black (31%)



- Cyan (31%)
- Magenta (45%)
- Yellow (51%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 176, 140, 125 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 176, 140, 125 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 176, 140, 125

255, 255, 255

 232, 194, 178

 255, 222, 205

 255, 250, 233

 176, 140, 125

 149, 114, 100

 122, 90, 76

 97, 66, 53

 72, 44, 32


 49, 23, 9


 27, 0, 0


 0, 0, 0

 176, 140, 125


 176, 128, 107

 176, 140, 125

 176, 152, 143

 176, 115, 90

 176, 165, 160

 176, 103, 72

 176, 177, 178

 176, 90, 55

 176, 190, 195

 176, 78, 37

 176, 202, 213

 176, 65, 19

 176, 215, 231

 176, 53, 2

 176, 227, 248

 176, 52, 0

 176, 239, 255

 176, 252, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



180, 137, 138



176, 140, 125



165, 145, 118

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



176, 140, 125



116, 156, 141



143, 146, 177

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



176, 140, 125



125, 161, 176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



123, 151, 178



176, 140, 125



106, 157, 157

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



176, 140, 125



131, 154, 127



109, 155, 170



162, 141, 168

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



176, 140, 125



155, 148, 117



109, 155, 170



136, 147, 178

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



176, 140, 125



230, 215, 209



176, 125, 162



115, 106, 102



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



176, 140, 125



230, 173, 149



176, 165, 125



89, 83, 80



153, 45, 0



26, 8, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



125, 161, 176



149, 206, 230



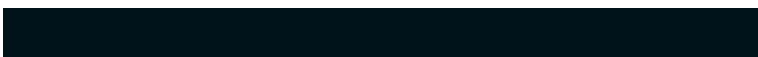
125, 136, 176



80, 87, 89



0, 108, 153



0, 18, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 176, 140, 125 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

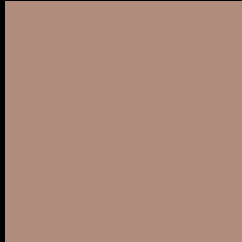
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 176, 140, 125 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

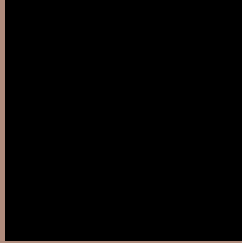
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 176, 140, 125 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 176, 140, 125.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 176, 140, 125.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color
176, 140, 125

Protanopia
155, 147, 129

Deuteranopia
170, 142, 125



Tritanopia

178, 137, 147

Trichromacy



Original Color

176, 140, 125

Protanomaly

163, 144, 128

Deuteranomaly

172, 141, 125

Tritanomaly

177, 138, 139

Monochromacy



Original Color

176, 140, 125

Achromatopsia

149, 149, 149

Achromatomaly

159, 146, 140

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 176, 140, 125 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(176, 140, 125) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 140, 125)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 140, 125) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 140, 125) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 176, 140, 125 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 140, 125) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 140, 125) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(176, 140, 125)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 140, 125); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 140, 125);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 140,  
125) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 176, 140, 125 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 140, 125) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
140, 125) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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