

Converting Colors

RGB(176, 238, 245)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(176, 238, 245) contains.

| | |
|--|----|
| RGB(176, 238, 245) | 3 |
| <i>Conversions</i> | 4 |
| <i>Details</i> | 6 |
| <i>Harmonies</i> | 11 |
| <i>Previews</i> | 23 |
| <i>Color Blindness Simulation</i> | 26 |
| <i>CSS Examples</i> | 29 |

Color

RGB(176, 238, 245)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

| Format | Color |
|-------------|------------------------------|
| Hex | B0EEF5 |
| RGB | 176, 238, 245 |
| RGB Percent | 69%, 93%, 96% |
| CMY | 0.3098, 0.0667, 0.0392 |
| CMYK | 0.28, 0.03, 0.00, 0.04 |
| HSL | 186°, 78%, 83% |
| HSV | 186°, 28%, 96% |
| XYZ | 64.9605, 76.9717, 97.8195 |
| YIQ | 220.2600, -39.1990, -10.9670 |

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

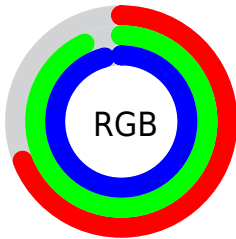
| Format | Color |
|-------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| R _Y B | 176, 209, 245 |
| Decimal | 11595509 |
| CIE Lab | 90.31, -17.80, -9.69 |
| CIE LCh | 90, 20.268, 208.568 |
| Yxy | 76.9717, 0.2709, 0.3210 |
| Android (android.graphics.Color) | 4289785589 (0xFFB0EEF5) |
| YUV | 220.2600, 12.1968, -38.8160 |
| Hunter-Lab | 87.7335, -21.3671, -4.6925 |

Details

The RGB color **176, 238, 245** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **CCFFFF**. A complement of this color would be **245, 183, 176**, and the grayscale version is **220, 220, 220**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233, 255, 255**, and **121, 182, 189** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **151, 236, 245**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **201, 240, 245**.

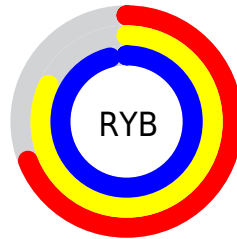
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (93%)

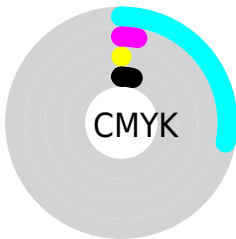
Blue (96%)



Red (69%)

Yellow (82%)

Blue (96%)

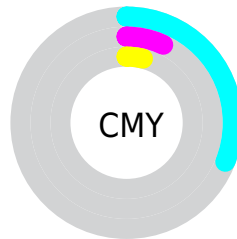


Cyan (28%)

Magenta (3%)

Yellow (0%)

Black (4%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (4%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 176, 238, 245 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 176, 238, 245 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 176, 238, 245


255, 255, 255


 233, 255, 255


 176, 238, 245

 148, 210, 217

 121, 182, 189


 94, 155, 162

 68, 129, 136

 41, 104, 110

 5, 79, 86


 0, 56, 63


 0, 35, 41

 0, 3, 21

 176, 238, 245

 176, 238, 245

 151, 236, 245

 201, 240, 245

 127, 233, 245

 225, 243, 245

 102, 231, 245

 250, 245, 245

 78, 228, 245

 255, 248, 245

 53, 226, 245

 255, 250, 245

 29, 223, 245

 255, 253, 245

 5, 221, 245

 255, 255, 245

 0, 220, 245

Harmonies

Analogous

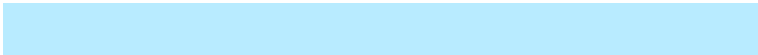
The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



183, 239, 226



176, 238, 245



184, 235, 255

Triad

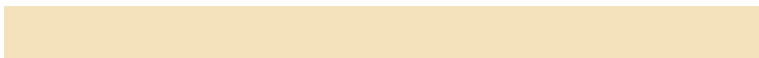
The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



176, 238, 245



252, 217, 248



244, 226, 189

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



176, 238, 245



245, 183, 176

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



255, 219, 195



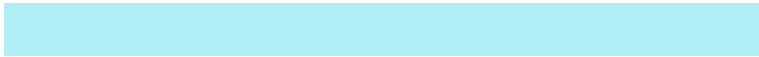
176, 238, 245



255, 214, 229

Square

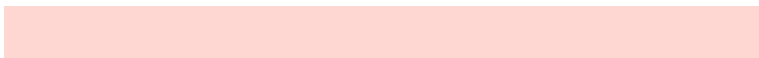
The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



176, 238, 245



230, 223, 255



255, 215, 210



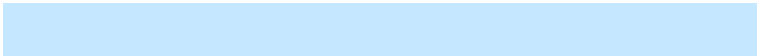
222, 232, 193

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



176, 238, 245



197, 231, 255



255, 215, 210



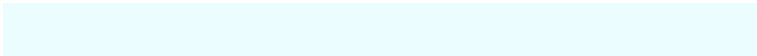
250, 223, 190

Sweetspot

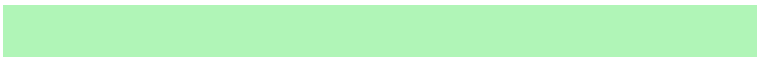
The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



176, 238, 245



235, 253, 255



176, 245, 183



115, 126, 128



0, 0, 0



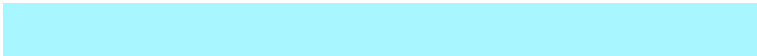
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



176, 238, 245



168, 246, 255



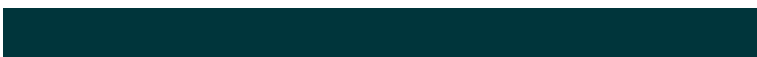
176, 204, 245



110, 121, 122



0, 167, 186



0, 53, 59

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



245, 176, 238



255, 168, 246



245, 217, 176



122, 110, 121



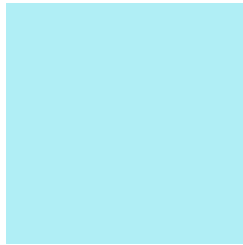
186, 0, 167



59, 0, 53

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 176, 238, 245 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

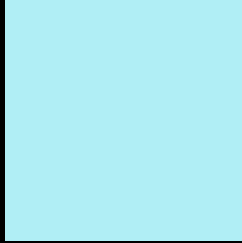
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 176, 238, 245 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

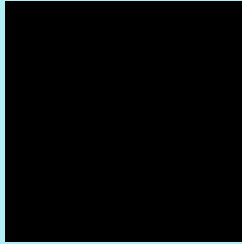
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 176, 238, 245 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 176, 238, 245.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 176, 238, 245.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





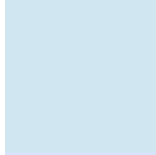
Tritanopia
179, 236, 255

Trichromacy



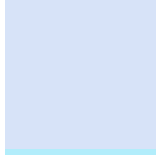
Original Color

176, 238, 245



Protanomaly

208, 230, 240



Deuteranomaly

215, 227, 248



Tritanomaly

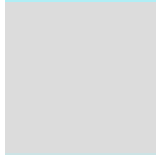
178, 237, 251

Monochromacy



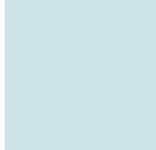
Original Color

176, 238, 245



Achromatopsia

220, 220, 220



Achromatomaly

204, 227, 229

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 176, 238, 245 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(176, 238, 245)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(176, 238, 245)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 238, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(176, 238, 245) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 176, 238, 245 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(176, 238, 245) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(176, 238, 245) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(176, 238, 245) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(176, 238, 245); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 238, 245);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(176, 238,  
245) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 176, 238, 245 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(176, 238, 245) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(176,  
238, 245) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor