

Converting Colors

RGB(177, 165, 147)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(177, 165, 147) contains.

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Color

RGB(177, 165, 147)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B1A593
RGB	177, 165, 147
RGB Percent	69%, 65%, 58%
CMY	0.3059, 0.3529, 0.4235
CMYK	0.00, 0.07, 0.17, 0.31
HSL	36°, 16%, 64%
HSV	36°, 17%, 69%
XYZ	36.8531, 38.3640, 33.0664
YIQ	166.5360, 12.9300, -3.0540

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

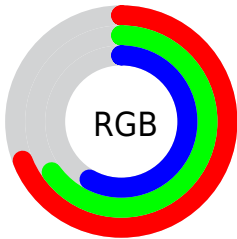
Format	Color
RYB	167, 177, 147
Decimal	11642259
CIELab	68.29, 1.29, 10.89
CIELCh	68, 10.967, 83.254
Yxy	38.3640, 0.3403, 0.3543
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289832339 (0xFFB1A593)
YUV	166.5360, -9.6312, 9.1769
Hunter-Lab	61.9386, -2.1864, 11.7047

Details

The RGB color **177, 165, 147** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **147, 159, 177**, and the grayscale version is **167, 167, 167**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **233, 220, 201**, and **124, 113, 96** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **177, 158, 129**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **177, 172, 165**.

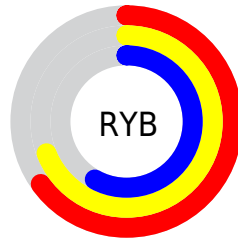
Distribution



Red (69%)

Green (65%)

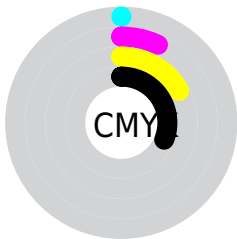
Blue (58%)



Red (65%)

Yellow (69%)

Blue (58%)

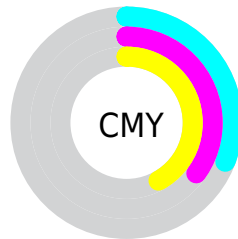


Cyan (0%)

Magenta (7%)

Yellow (17%)

Black (31%)



Cyan (31%)

Magenta (35%)

Yellow (42%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 177, 165, 147 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 177, 165, 147 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.


 177, 165, 147

255, 255, 255

 233, 220, 201

 255, 248, 229

 177, 165, 147


 150, 139, 121

 124, 113, 96


 99, 89, 73


 75, 66, 50


 52, 43, 29


 31, 23, 4

 0, 0, 0

 177, 165, 147

 177, 158, 129


 177, 165, 147

 177, 172, 165

 177, 151, 112

 177, 179, 182

 177, 144, 94

 177, 186, 200

 177, 137, 76

 177, 193, 218

 177, 130, 59

 177, 200, 235

 177, 123, 41

 177, 207, 253

 177, 115, 23

 177, 215, 255

 177, 108, 5

 177, 222, 255

 177, 106, 0

 177, 229, 255

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



185, 162, 151



177, 165, 147



166, 168, 148

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



177, 165, 147



142, 172, 174



177, 162, 178

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



177, 165, 147



147, 159, 177

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



166, 165, 185



177, 165, 147



144, 171, 182

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



177, 165, 147



146, 172, 164



153, 168, 186



185, 160, 169

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



177, 165, 147



159, 170, 152



153, 168, 186



174, 163, 181

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



177, 165, 147



230, 225, 218



177, 147, 159



115, 112, 108



242, 242, 242



115, 115, 115

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



177, 165, 147



230, 211, 184



174, 177, 147



89, 86, 80



153, 92, 0



26, 15, 0

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



147, 159, 177



184, 202, 230



150, 147, 177



80, 84, 89



0, 61, 153



0, 10, 26

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 177, 165, 147 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

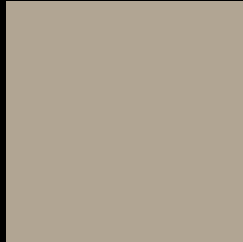
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 177, 165, 147 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

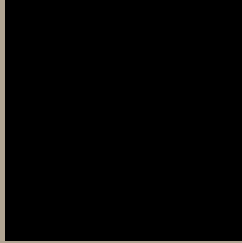
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

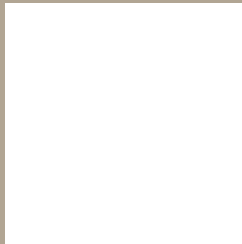
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 177, 165, 147 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 177, 165, 147.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 177, 165, 147.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


177, 165, 147

Protanopia

174, 166, 148

Deuteranopia

189, 160, 148



Tritanopia

181, 161, 174

Trichromacy



Original Color

177, 165, 147

Protanomaly

175, 166, 148

Deuteranomaly

185, 162, 148

Tritanomaly

180, 162, 164

Monochromacy



Original Color

177, 165, 147

Achromatopsia

167, 167, 167

Achromatomaly

171, 166, 160

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 177, 165, 147 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(177, 165, 147) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(177, 165, 147)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(177, 165, 147) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(177, 165, 147) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 177, 165, 147 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(177, 165, 147) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(177, 165, 147) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(177, 165, 147)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(177, 165, 147); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 165, 147);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(177, 165,  
147) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 177, 165, 147 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(177, 165, 147) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(177,  
165, 147) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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