

Converting Colors

RGB(178, 172, 192)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(178, 172, 192) contains.

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Color

RGB(178, 172, 192)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2ACC0
RGB	178, 172, 192
RGB Percent	70%, 67%, 75%
CMY	0.3020, 0.3255, 0.2471
CMYK	0.07, 0.10, 0.00, 0.25
HSL	258°, 14%, 71%
HSV	258°, 10%, 75%
XYZ	42.6270, 42.7758, 55.8790
YIQ	176.0740, -2.8440, 7.4920

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

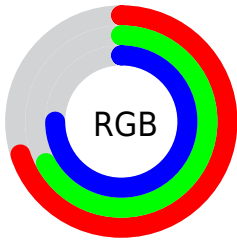
Format	Color
R_{YB}	178, 172, 192
Decimal	11709632
CIE Lab	71.40, 5.99, -9.43
CIE LCh	71, 11.172, 302.416
Yxy	42.7758, 0.3017, 0.3028
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289899712 (0xFFB2ACC0)
YUV	176.0740, 7.8515, 1.6891
Hunter-Lab	65.4032, 1.8831, -4.8738

Details

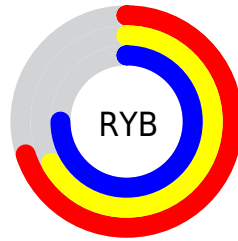
The RGB color **178, 172, 192** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **999999**. A complement of this color would be **186, 192, 172**, and the grayscale version is **176, 176, 176**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **234, 227, 248**, and **125, 120, 139** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **165, 153, 192**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **191, 191, 192**.

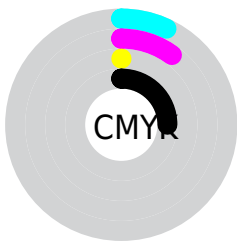
Distribution



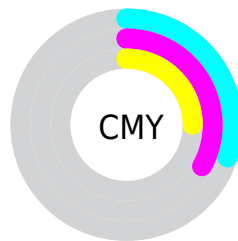
- Red (70%)
- Green (67%)
- Blue (75%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (67%)
- Blue (75%)



- Cyan (7%)
- Magenta (10%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (25%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (33%)
- Yellow (25%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 178, 172, 192 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 178, 172, 192 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 178, 172, 192

255, 255, 255

■ 234, 227, 248

■ 178, 172, 192

■ 151, 145, 165

■ 125, 120, 139

■ 100, 95, 113

■ 76, 71, 89

■ 54, 49, 65

■ 32, 28, 43

■ 10, 1, 23

■ 0, 0, 0

■ 178, 172, 192

■ 178, 172, 192

■ 165, 153, 192

■ 191, 191, 192

■ 151, 134, 192

■ 205, 210, 192

■ 138, 114, 192

■ 218, 230, 192

■ 124, 95, 192

■ 232, 249, 192

■ 111, 76, 192

■ 245, 255, 192

■ 97, 57, 192

■ 255, 255, 192

■ 84, 38, 192

■ 70, 18, 192

■ 58, 0, 192

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



165, 175, 195



178, 172, 192



189, 169, 184

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178, 172, 192



192, 171, 157



152, 181, 175

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178, 172, 192



186, 192, 172

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



160, 180, 165



178, 172, 192



183, 174, 155

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178, 172, 192



197, 169, 164



171, 178, 158



149, 180, 185

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178, 172, 192



194, 168, 178



171, 178, 158



154, 181, 172

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178, 172, 192



245, 242, 250



172, 186, 192



121, 120, 125



252, 252, 252



125, 125, 125

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178, 172, 192



227, 217, 250



188, 172, 192



90, 87, 97



48, 0, 161



10, 0, 33

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



192, 172, 186



250, 217, 240



176, 192, 172



97, 87, 94



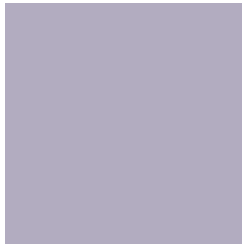
161, 0, 112



33, 0, 23

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 178, 172, 192 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

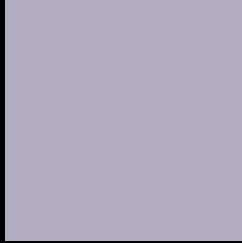
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 178, 172, 192 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

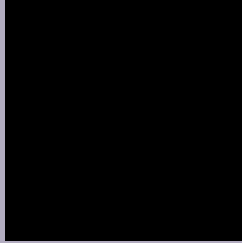
Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

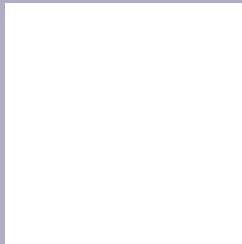
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 178, 172, 192 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 178, 172, 192.



This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 178, 172, 192.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy



Original Color


178, 172, 192

Protanopia

173, 174, 193

Deuteranopia

184, 170, 192



Tritanopia
177, 173, 187

Trichromacy



Original Color

178, 172, 192

Protanomaly

175, 173, 193

Deuteranomaly

182, 171, 192

Tritanomaly

177, 173, 189

Monochromacy



Original Color

178, 172, 192

Achromatopsia

176, 176, 176

Achromatomaly

177, 175, 182

CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 178, 172, 192 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color rgb(178, 172, 192) looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 172, 192)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 172, 192) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 172, 192) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 178, 172, 192 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 172, 192) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property `border-color`.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 172, 192) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel `rgb(178, 172, 192)` colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 172, 192); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 172, 192);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 172,  
192) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 178, 172, 192 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 172, 192) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
172, 192) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

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