

Converting Colors

RGB(178, 215, 235)

Have a look what the booklet for
RGB(178, 215, 235) contains.

RGB(178, 215, 235)	3
<i>Conversions</i>	4
<i>Details</i>	6
<i>Harmonies</i>	11
<i>Previews</i>	23
<i>Color Blindness Simulation</i>	26
<i>CSS Examples</i>	29

Color

RGB(178, 215, 235)

Conversions

Conversions Part 1

Format	Color
Hex	B2D7EB
RGB	178, 215, 235
RGB Percent	70%, 84%, 92%
CMY	0.3020, 0.1569, 0.0784
CMYK	0.24, 0.09, 0.00, 0.08
HSL	201°, 59%, 81%
HSV	201°, 24%, 92%
XYZ	57.6559, 64.0640, 87.9241
YIQ	206.2170, -28.4720, -1.6240

Conversions

Conversions Part 2

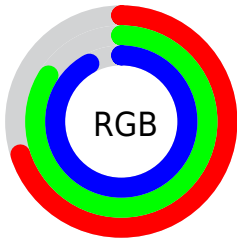
Format	Color
RYB	178, 200, 235
Decimal	11720683
CIELab	84.00, -7.77, -13.83
CIELCh	84, 15.865, 240.665
Yxy	64.0640, 0.2750, 0.3056
Android (android.graphics.Color)	4289910763 (0xFFB2D7EB)
YUV	206.2170, 14.1900, -24.7463
Hunter-Lab	80.0400, -11.4895, -9.1022

Details

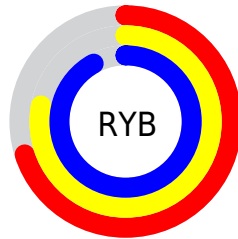
The RGB color **178, 215, 235** is a light color, and the websafe version is hex **99CCCC**. A complement of this color would be **235, 198, 178**, and the grayscale version is **206, 206, 206**.

A 20% lighter version of the original color is **235, 255, 255**, and **124, 160, 179** is the 20% darker color. If you saturate the color by 10%, you get **155, 207, 235**, and if you desaturate by 10%, it is **202, 223, 235**.

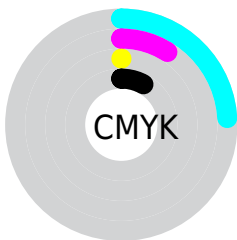
Distribution



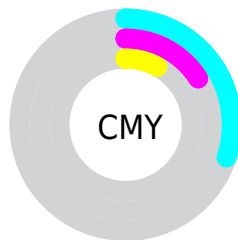
- Red (70%)
- Green (84%)
- Blue (92%)



- Red (70%)
- Yellow (78%)
- Blue (92%)



- Cyan (24%)
- Magenta (9%)
- Yellow (0%)
- Black (8%)



- Cyan (30%)
- Magenta (16%)
- Yellow (8%)

Brightness & Saturation Gradients

These gradients show how the RGB color 178, 215, 235 changes by changing the brightness by 10 percent. The first figure shows a shift by +10% for each color and the second figure -10%.

Similar to the brightness gradients but the following saturation gradients show a change of the RGB color 178, 215, 235 by changing the saturation by 10% instead.

■ 178, 215, 235

255, 255, 255

■ 235, 255, 255

■ 178, 215, 235

■ 151, 187, 207

■ 124, 160, 179

■ 98, 134, 152

■ 73, 109, 127

■ 48, 85, 101

■ 23, 61, 77

■ 0, 40, 55

■ 0, 19, 33

■ 0, 0, 8

■ 178, 215, 235

■ 178, 215, 235

■ 155, 207, 235

■ 202, 223, 235

■ 131, 199, 235

■ 225, 231, 235

■ 108, 190, 235

■ 249, 240, 235

■ 84, 182, 235

■ 255, 248, 235

■ 60, 174, 235

■ 255, 255, 235

■ 37, 166, 235

■ 14, 157, 235

■ 0, 153, 235

Harmonies

Analogous

The Analogous color harmony consists of three colors that are next to each other on the color wheel.



171, 218, 224



178, 215, 235



194, 211, 239

Triad

The Triadic color harmony groups three colors that are evenly spaced from another and form a triangle on the color wheel.



178, 215, 235



240, 199, 210



205, 213, 184

Complementary

The Complementary color scheme is a pair of colors which are on the opposite of each other on the color wheel.



178, 215, 235



235, 198, 178

Split Complementary

Split-complementary colors differ from the complementary color scheme. The scheme consists of three colors, the original color and two neighbors of the complement color.



221, 208, 180



178, 215, 235



241, 200, 195

Square

The Square scheme is like the rectangle color scheme, but the four colors are evenly spaced on the color wheel.



178, 215, 235



230, 201, 224



234, 204, 184



188, 217, 194

Rectangle

The Rectangle color scheme consists of four colors that form a rectangle on the color wheel.



178, 215, 235



207, 207, 237



234, 204, 184



210, 212, 181

Sweetspot

The Sweet Spot groups the original color and five complimentary colors.



178, 215, 235



237, 249, 255



178, 235, 198



117, 124, 128



0, 0, 0



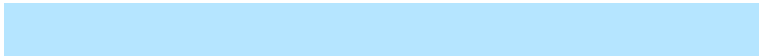
128, 128, 128

Same Dimension

The Same Dimension uses a secret algorithm to generate beautiful new colors.



178, 215, 235



181, 229, 255



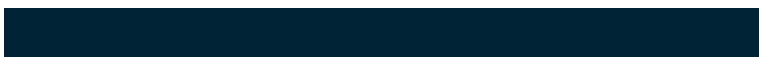
178, 187, 235



106, 113, 117



0, 118, 181



0, 35, 54

Inverse Universe

The Inverse Universe completely reimagines the original color for something new.



235, 178, 215



255, 181, 229



235, 226, 178



117, 106, 113



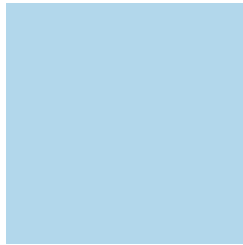
181, 0, 118



54, 0, 35

Previews

White Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 178, 215, 235 looks on a white background.

Color Contrast Check

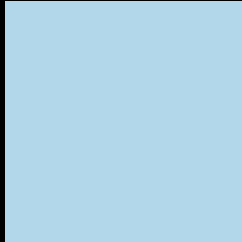
Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AA × Fail

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA × Fail

Any Text WCAG AAA × Fail

Black Background



This preview shows how the RGB color 178, 215, 235 looks on a black background.

Color Contrast Check

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Any Text WCAG AA ✓ Pass

Large Text (above 18pt) WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

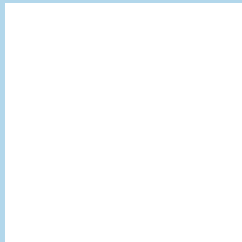
Any Text WCAG AAA ✓ Pass

If you want to check with other color combinations, try the [Color Contrast Checker](#).

RGB 178, 215, 235 Background



This preview shows how black text looks on a background with the RGB color 178, 215, 235.

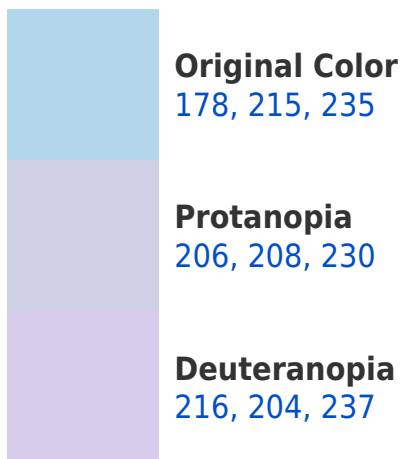


This preview shows how white text looks on a background with the RGB color 178, 215, 235.

Color Blindness Simulation

Color vision deficiency is a very complex topic, and I could not describe the different causes any better than Wikipedia does, so if you want to learn more, you should check out their [article about color blindness](#).

Dichromacy





Tritanopia
178, 215, 233

Trichromacy



Monochromacy



CSS Examples

Text

The CSS property to change the color of the text to RGB 178, 215, 235 is called "color". The color property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows how text in the color `rgb(178, 215, 235)` looks like.

```
.text, #text, p{  
    color:rgb(178, 215, 235)  
}
```

If you want to add a text shadow in that color use the text-shadow property, you can generate a text shadow directly with our [CSS Text Shadow Generator](#).

Here you see how black text with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 215, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.shadow{ text-shadow: 4px 4px 2px rgb(178, 215, 235) }
```

Border

The CSS property to change the border of an element to RGB 178, 215, 235 is called "border". The border property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

This example shows the color as border, it can be applied via the CSS property "border" or "border-color".

```
.border, #border, table{ border:4px solid rgb(178, 215, 235) }
```

If only the border color should be changed use the property border-color.

```
.border{ border-color:rgb(178, 215, 235) }
```

If you want to add a box shadow in that color use:

Here you see how a box with a 4 pixel rgb(178, 215, 235) colored shadow looks like.

```
.boxshadow{ -moz-box-shadow:4px 4px 4px  
4px rgb(178, 215, 235); -webkit-box-  
shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 215, 235);  
box-shadow:4px 4px 4px 4px rgb(178, 215,  
235) }
```

Background

The CSS property to change the background color of an element to RGB 178, 215, 235 is called "background". The background property can be set on classes, ids or directly on the HTML element.

```
.background, #background, body{  
background: rgb(178, 215, 235) }
```

If only the background color should be changed can be used:

```
.background{ background-color: rgb(178,  
215, 235) }
```

This example shows the color as background, it is applied via the CSS property "background".

To optimize and compress your CSS code, you can use our [online CSS compressor and optimizer](#) based on csstidy. If you want to create a linear or radial gradient as background or border, check our [CSS Gradient Generator](#).

Hey! You found this booklet interesting? Support Converting Colors with the new Membership Option!

The pro membership hides all ads, plus gives you double the colors in the color bucket, and more awesome pro features!

[Learn more, Memberships starting at \\$2.50/m!](#)

**Follow me
on Twitter!**

@ConvertingColor